### DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

#### NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

#### Federal Funds

#### FEDERAL SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for Federal Salaries and Expenses in the National Nuclear Security Administration, [\$475,000,000] \$538,994,000, to remain available until September 30, [2024] 2025, including official reception and representation expenses not to exceed \$17,000. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0313-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0010	Obligations by program activity: Federal Salaries and Expenses	447	475	539
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	28	46	46
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	1		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	29	46	46
10,0	Budget authority:	20		
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	464	475	539
1900	Budget authority (total)	464	475	539
1930	Total budgetary resources available	493	521	585
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	46	46	46
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	76	62	38
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	447	475	539
3020	Outlays (gross)	-459	-499	-535
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-1		
3041	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, expired			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	62	38	42
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	76	62	38
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	62	38	42
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	464	475	539
	Outlays, gross:			
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	368	397	451
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	91	102	84
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	459	499	535
		464	475	539
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	404		

Federal Salaries and Expenses.—This account provides the Federal salaries and other expenses of the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) mission and mission support staff. The Federal Salaries and Expenses appropriation allows for the creation of a well-managed, inclusive, responsive, and accountable organization through the strategic management of human capital and greater integration of budget and performance data. Program direction for Naval Reactors is within that program's account, and program direction for Secure Transportation Asset is within the Weapons Activities account.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0313-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	246	267	297
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	2	3	6
11.5	Other personnel compensation	10	11	12
11.9	Total personnel compensation	258	281	315
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	86	88	91
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	2	2	3
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	1	1	2
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	1	1	3
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	35	36	44
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	6	7	9
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	38	38	46
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	18	19	24
26.0	Supplies and materials	1	1	1

32.0	Land and structures	11		1
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	447	475	539
	<b>Employment Summary</b>			
Identific	cation code 089-0313-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	1,809	1,893	1,980

#### NAVAL REACTORS

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For Department of Energy expenses necessary for naval reactors activities to carry out the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition (by purchase, condemnation, construction, or otherwise) of real property, plant, and capital equipment, facilities, and facility expansion, [\$2,081,445,000] \$1,964,100,000, to remain available until expended[, of which, \$99,747,000 shall be transferred to "Department of Energy—Energy Programs—Nuclear Energy", for the Advanced Test Reactor]: Provided, That of such amount, [\$58,525,000] \$61,540,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0314-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Naval Reactors (Direct)	1,840	2,002	1,964
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	30	21	
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	12		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	42	21	
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	1,918	2,081	1.964
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089-0319]	-93	-100	-,
1131	Unobligated balance of appropriations permanently	00	100	
1101	reduced	-6		
1100		1.010	1.001	1.00
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	1,819	1,981	1,964
1930		1,861	2,002	1,964
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	21		
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	1,187	1,551	1,927
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	1,840	2,002	1,964
3020	Outlays (gross)	-1,464	-1,626	-1,883
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-12		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,551	1,927	2,008
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	-,	-,	-,
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	1,187	1,551	1,927
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	1,551	1,927	2,008
3200	obligated balance, end of year	1,001	1,327	2,000
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	1,819	1,981	1,964
	Outlays, gross:			
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	674	733	727
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	790	893	1,156
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	1,464	1,626	1,883
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	1.819	1,981	1,964
4190	Outlays, net (total)	1,464	1,626	1,883
		1,707	1,020	

Naval Reactors.—This account funds all naval nuclear propulsion work, beginning with reactor technology development and design, continuing through reactor operation and maintenance, and ending with final disposition of naval spent nuclear fuel. These efforts ensure the safe and reliable operation of reactor plants in nuclear-powered submarines and aircraft carriers, enable continued technology development for future generations of nuclear-powered warships, and support recapitalization of laboratory facilities and environmental remediation of legacy responsibilities. Due to the crucial nature of nuclear reactor work, Naval Reactors is a centrally managed organization. Federal employees oversee and set policies/procedures for developing new reactor plants and operating existing nuclear plants and the facilities that support these plants.

# NAVAL REACTORS—Continued Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 089-0314-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	34	38	38
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	1	1	1
11.5	Other personnel compensation	1	1	1
11.9	Total personnel compensation	36	40	40
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	16	18	18
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	1	2	2
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	8	12	11
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	15	21	18
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	16	20	19
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	7	11	9
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	1,331	1,425	1,391
31.0	Equipment	20	24	23
32.0	Land and structures	386	423	427
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	4	6	6
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	1,840	2,002	1,964

#### **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0314-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	219	246	246

#### NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

#### WEAPONS ACTIVITIES

For Department of Energy expenses, including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other incidental expenses necessary for atomic energy defense weapons activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, [\$17,116,119,000] \$18,832,947,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount [\$130,070,000] \$118,056,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## $\label{eq:program and Financing} \textbf{Program and Financing} \ (in \ millions \ of \ dollars)$

Identif	ication code 089-0240-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Weapons Activities (Direct)	16,453	17,424	18,882
0300	Subtotal, Weapons Activities	16,453	17,424	18,882
0799	Total direct obligations	16,453	17,424	18,882
0810	Weapons Activities (Reimbursable)	2,016	2,118	2,100
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	18,469	19,542	20,982
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	894	388	62
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	110		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	1,004	388	62
	Budget authority:			
1100	Appropriations, discretionary:	15.000	17 110	10.000
1100	Appropriation	15,920	17,116	18,833
1700	Collected	1,977	2.100	2.100
1701	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	-44	2,100	2,100
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	1,933	2,100	2,100
1900	Budget authority (total)	17,853	19,216	20,933
1930	Total budgetary resources available	18,857	19,604	20,995
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	388	62	13
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	12,812	15,103	16,585
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	18,469	19,542	20,982
3020	Outlays (gross)	-16,066	-18,060	-18,827
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-110		
3041	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, expired	-2		

3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	15,103	16,585	18,740
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	-2.740	-2.633	-2.633
3070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	44		
3071	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, expired	63	<u></u>	
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-2,633	-2,633	-2,633
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	10,072	12,470	13,952
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	12,470	13,952	16,107
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	17,853	19,216	20,933
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	5,890	6,855	7,473
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	10,176	11,205	11,354
4020	Outlays, gross (total) Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays: Offsetting collections (collected) from:	16,066	18,060	18,827
4030	Federal sources	-1.928	-1.994	-1.994
4033	Non-Federal sources	-111	-106	-106
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:	-2,039	-2,100	-2,100
4050	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	44		
4052	Offsetting collections credited to expired accounts	62		
4060	Additional offsets against budget authority only (total)	106	<u></u>	
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	15,920	17,116	18,833
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	14,027	15,960	16,727
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	15,920	17,116	18,833
4190	Outlays, net (total)	14,027	15,960	16,727

Programs funded in the Weapons Activities appropriation support the Nation's current and future defense posture and necessary nationwide infrastructure of science, technology, engineering, and production capabilities without resuming underground nuclear explosive testing. Weapons Activities provides for the maintenance and refurbishment of nuclear weapons to continue sustained confidence in their safety, reliability, and military effectiveness; investment in scientific, engineering, and manufacturing capabilities for certification of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile; and manufacture of nuclear weapon components. Weapons Activities also provides for maintenance and investment in the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) nuclear complex infrastructure to be more responsive and resilient. The major elements of the program include the following:

Stockpile Management.—Extends the lifetime of the Nation's nuclear stockpile while addressing required updates, replacing aging or obsolete components to ensure continued service life, and enhancing security and safety features. This program conducts all approved warhead acquisition programs necessary to extend the expected life of stockpile systems for an additional 20 to 30 years.

Production Modernization.—Modernizes the facilities, infrastructure, and equipment that produce materials and components to meet stockpile requirements and maintain the Nation's nuclear deterrent.

Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering.—Provides the knowledge and expertise needed to maintain confidence in the nuclear stockpile without the need for underground nuclear explosive testing. The program provides the data and tools that underpin science-based stockpile decisions, including assessment and certification. Additionally, it enables the development and maturation of component and manufacturing technologies for future insertion into the stockpile all based on Department of Defense warhead needs, schedules, and requirements.

Academic Programs and Community Support.—Enables robust and diverse science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) research for educational communities through a variety of methods. Investments in consortia and centers of excellence provide collaborative groups to tackle relevant questions through multi-disciplinary approaches, and engage preeminent scientists and researchers in relevant fields. Additionally, NNSA proposes to establish a Community Capacity Building Program to provide benefits to disadvantaged communities, including Tribal Nations, that are affected by activities at NNSA's sites.

Infrastructure and Operations.—Maintains, operates, and modernizes NNSA's infrastructure in a safe, secure, and cost-effective manner to support program execution while maximizing return on investment and reducing enterprise risk. The program also plans, prioritizes, and constructs facilities and infrastructure to support all NNSA programs, with the exception of programmatic construction projects, which are funded by the capability sponsor.

Defense Nuclear Security.—Provides protection for NNSA personnel, facilities, nuclear weapons, and materials from a full spectrum of threats, ranging from minor security incidents to acts of terrorism, at its national laboratories, production plants, processing facilities, and the Nevada National Security Site.

Secure Transportation Asset.—Provides for the safe, secure transport of the Nation's nuclear weapons, weapon components, and special nuclear material throughout the nuclear security enterprise to meet nuclear security requirements and support broader DOE and NNSA operations. Nuclear weapon life-extension programs, limited-life component exchanges, surveillance, dismantlement, nonproliferation activities, and experimental programs rely on safe, secure, and on-schedule transport.

Information Technology and Cybersecurity.—Provides information technology (IT) and cybersecurity services and solutions for the nuclear security enterprise to accomplish its mission

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

National Nuclear Security Administration—Continued Federal Funds—Continued
Federal Funds—Continued

goals and objectives. These services and solutions include commodity IT, unified communications, collaboration tools, mission applications, and cybersecurity oversight and tools.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 089-0240-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	50	57	5
11.5	Other personnel compensation	10	12	1
11.9	Total personnel compensation	60	69	6
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	31	32	3:
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	5	6	
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	47	49	5.
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	14	15	16
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	368	388	40
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	480	501	52
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	34	37	4
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	11,596	12,361	13,70
25.5	Research and development contracts	130	138	15
25.6	Medical care	1	1	
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment	7	7	
26.0	Supplies and materials	2	2	
31.0	Equipment	903	920	97
32.0	Land and structures	2,701	2,821	2,83
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	74	77	8
99.0	Direct obligations	16,453	17,424	18,88
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	2,016	2,118	2,10
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	18,469	19,542	20,98
	Employment Summary			
Identific	cation code 089-0240-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.

# DEFENSE NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION

522

534

537

1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment

For Department of Energy expenses, including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other incidental expenses necessary for defense nuclear nonproliferation activities, in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, [\$2,490,000,000] \$2,508,959,000, to remain available until expended. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## [DEFENSE NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION]

[For an additional amount for "Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation", \$126,300,000, to remain available until expended, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.] (Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### [DEFENSE NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION]

[For an additional amount for "Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation", \$35,000,000, to remain available until expended, to respond to the situation in Ukraine and for related expenses.] (Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0309-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0001 0002	Obligations by program activity: Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (Direct) Ukraine Supplemental	2,488	2,615 161	2,263
0100	Subtotal, obligations by program activity	2,488	2,776	2,263
0799 0801	Total direct obligations	2,488 21	2,776	2,263
0899	Total reimbursable obligations	21		
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	2,509	2,776	2,263
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	466	145	20
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	103		
1033	Recoveries of prior year paid obligations	6	<u></u>	
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	575	145	20

	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	2,354	2,490	2,509
1100	Appropriation [Ukraine supplemental]		161	
1120	Appropriations transferred to other accts [089–0222]	-14		
1131	Unobligated balance of appropriations permanently	14		
1131	reduced	-282		
	1euuceu	-202		
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	2,058	2,651	2.509
1100	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	2,030	2,031	2,303
1700		01		
	Collected	21		
1900	Budget authority (total)	2,079	2,651	2,509
1930	Total budgetary resources available	2,654	2,796	2,529
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	145	20	266
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	1.726	1.905	2.120
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	2,509	2,776	2,263
3020	Outlays (gross)	-2,227	-2,561	-2,543
			,	
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-103		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,905	2,120	1,840
3030	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	1,505	2,120	1,040
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	1.726	1.905	2.120
		, -	,	, -
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	1,905	2,120	1,840
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	2,079	2,651	2,509
	Outlays, gross:	,	,	,
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	963	1,241	1.129
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	1,264	1,320	1,414
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	1,204	1,520	1,414
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	2,227	2,561	2,543
4020	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:	2,227	2,001	2,040
	Offsetting collections (collected) from:			
4000				
4033	Non-Federal sources	-6		
4034	Offsetting governmental collections	-21		
4040	Officete against gross hudget authority and authors (total)			
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-21		
	Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:			
4053	Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired			
	accounts	6		
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	2,058	2,651	2,509
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	2,200	2,561	2,543
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	2,058	2,651	2,509
4190	2 2	2,200	2,561	2,543
		_,_50	-,	_,

The Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (DNN) and the Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response (NCTIR) programs are central to the U.S. strategy to reduce global nuclear security risks. These two programs provide policy and technical leadership to prevent or limit the spread of materials, technology, and expertise related to weapons of mass destruction (WMD); develop technologies that detect the proliferation of WMD worldwide; secure or eliminate inventories of nuclear weapons-related materials and infrastructure; and ensure rapid, effective responses to nuclear or radiological incidents and accidents domestically and overseas.

The major elements of the appropriation account include the following:

Material Management and Minimization (M³).—M³ programs reduce and, when possible, eliminate weapons-usable nuclear material around the world to achieve permanent threat reduction. This includes minimizing the civilian use of highly enriched uranium (HEU); removing or eliminating nuclear material internationally; and disposing of excess nuclear material in the United States

Global Material Security (GMS).—GMS programs prevent terrorists and other threat actors from obtaining nuclear and radioactive materials to use in an improvised nuclear device or a radiological dispersal device, and work with international partners to implement nuclear security approaches to reduce the risk of radioactive releases resulting from malicious acts at or near nuclear facilities. GMS works with countries in bilateral partnerships and with and through multilateral partners such as the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and International Criminal Police Organization (Interpol).

Nonproliferation and Arms Control (NPAC).—NPAC programs strengthen nonproliferation and arms control regimes through technology and tool development combined with policy innovation and implementation to prevent proliferation, support peaceful nuclear uses, and enable detection, monitoring and verification missions. NPAC builds the capacity of the IAEA and partner countries to implement international safeguards obligations; leads domestic and international programs implementing U.S. export control obligations; supports the negotiation and implementation of agreements and associated monitoring regimes; and develops approaches and strategies to address emerging nonproliferation and arms control challenges and opportunities.

Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development (DNN R&D).—DNN R&D drives the innovation of national and multi-lateral technical capabilities to detect nuclear detonations; foreign nuclear weapons activities; and the presence, movement, or diversion of special nuclear materials. The program also sustains and develops foundational nonproliferation technical competencies that ensure the technical agility needed to support a broad spectrum of U.S.

#### DEFENSE NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION—Continued

nonproliferation missions and to anticipate threats and build the human capacity to support these missions into the future. DNN R&D leverages the unique facilities and scientific skills of the Department of Energy, academia, and industry to perform research, conduct technology demonstrations, develop prototypes, and produce and deliver sensors for integration into operational systems.

NNSA Bioassurance Program.—The NNSA Bioassurance Program anticipates and detects global biological threats and broadens DOE's role in national biodefense. The NNSA contribution complements DOE's support of other departments and U.S. biodefense strategies and plans. The NNSA Bioassurance national security program works in close coordination with the DOE Office of Science and interagency partners. The Program will provide the full spectrum of bioassurance capabilities, informed by national security expertise that is drawn from parallel and analogue work on nuclear threats, risks, export controls and licensing, nonproliferation, detection, and verification.

Nonproliferation Construction.—The Nonproliferation Construction Program consolidates all construction costs supporting DNN programs. Currently, the Surplus Plutonium Disposition (SPD) Project is the only active line-item project and is supporting the dilute and dispose strategy to fulfill the United States' commitment to dispose of 34 metric tons of surplus U.S. weapongrade plutonium and remove plutonium from the state of South Carolina. The request will complete the final design review and continue the activities required to achieve CD-2/3, Approval of Performance Baseline and Start of Construction, to initiate construction on the SPD project.

Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response (NCTIR).—The NCTIR Program applies the unique technical expertise of NNSA's nuclear security enterprise to prepare for, prevent, respond to, mitigate, and recover from nuclear or radiological incidents and accidents worldwide. To that end, NCTIR provides scientific understanding of nuclear threat devices, including potential terrorist and proliferant state nuclear capabilities; informs U.S. and international threat reduction policies and regulations; sustains Nuclear Emergency Support Team (NEST) readiness to respond to nuclear and radiological incidents and accidents at home and overseas; provides targeted training to domestic and international partners on nuclear and radiological emergency preparedness and response; and delivers expert analysis and technical capabilities to support national counterproliferation efforts. NCTIR also provides both the structure and processes to ensure a comprehensive and integrated approach to emergency management and continuity of operations, thereby safeguarding the health and safety of workers and the public, protecting the environment, and enhancing the resilience of the Department and the Nation.

### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	fication code 089-0309-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	172	172	161
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	120	120	112
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	9	9	7
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	1,873	2,160	1,732
25.5	Research and development contracts		1	1
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment	1	1	1
31.0	Equipment	141	141	91
32.0	Land and structures	155	155	139
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	17	17	19
99.0	Direct obligations	2,488	2,776	2,263
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	21		
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	2,509	2,776	2,263

## ENVIRONMENTAL AND OTHER DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

### Federal Funds

#### DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP

For Department of Energy expenses, including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses necessary for atomic energy defense environmental cleanup activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, [\$7,025,000,000] \$7,073,587,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, [\$317,002,000] \$326,893,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for atomic energy defense environmental cleanup activities for Department of Energy contributions for uranium enrichment decontamination and decommissioning activities, [\$586,035,000] \$427,000,000, to be deposited into the Defense Environmental Cleanup account, which shall be transferred to the "Uranium Enrichment Decontamination and Decommissioning Fund". (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0251-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Closure Sites		4	3
0002	Hanford Site	948	1,007	921
0003	River Protection - Tank Farm	855	855	889
0004	River Protection - Waste Treatment Plant	452	875	1,086
0006	Idaho	477	458	447
0007	NNSA Sites	369	431	374
8000	Oak Ridge	512	505	505
0009	Savannah River	1,591	1,648	1,576
0010	Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	424	459	464
0011	Program Support	78	82	104
0012	Safeguards & Security	327	329	333
0012	Technology Development & Demonstration		40	30
		30		
0014	Program Direction	316	317	327
0015	UED&D Fund Contribution	573	586	427
0020	SPRU	2	15	15
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	6,954	7,611	7,501
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	548	924	936
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	42	12	12
1033	Recoveries of prior year paid obligations	7		
1033	recoveries or brior sear hard anifations			
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	597	936	948
	Budget authority:			
1100	Appropriations, discretionary:	7.000	7.011	7.501
1100	Appropriation	7,283	7,611	7,501
1120	Appropriations transferred to other accts [089–0222]	-1		
1160	Appropriation discretionary (total)	7,282	7,611	7,501
	Appropriation, discretionary (total)			,
1930	Total budgetary resources available	7,879	8,547	8,449
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	_		
1940	Unobligated balance expiring	-1		
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	924	936	948
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	3,278	3,382	2,842
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	6,954	7,611	7,501
3020	Outlays (gross)	-6,807	-8,139	-8,390
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-42	-12	-12
3041	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, expired	-1		
3041	necoveries of prior year unipaid obligations, expired			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	3,382	2,842	1,941
3030	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	3,302	2,042	1,541
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	3,278	3,382	2,842
		,	,	,
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	3,382	2,842	1,941
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4000	Discretionary: Budget authority, gross	7,282	7,611	7,501
	Outlays, gross:	, -	,-	,
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	4,082	5,504	5,379
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	2,725	2,635	3,011
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	6,807	8,139	8,390
	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:			
	Offsetting collections (collected) from:			
4030	Federal sources:	-4		
4000	Non-Federal sources	-3		
4033	NUII-I CUCIAI 30UICC3			
	Non-redetal sources			
4033 4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:	-7		
4033	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired			•••••
4033 4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:	<u></u>		
4033 4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired			
4033 4040 4053 4060	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired accounts	7	<u></u>	
4033 4040 4053 4060 4070	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired accounts Additional offsets against budget authority only (total) Budget authority, net (discretionary)	7 7,282	7,611	7,501
4033 4040 4053 4060 4070 4080	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired accounts  Additional offsets against budget authority only (total)  Budget authority, net (discretionary)	7 7 7,282 6,800	7,611 8,139	7,501 8,390
4033 4040 4053 4060 4070	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired accounts Additional offsets against budget authority only (total) Budget authority, net (discretionary)	7 7,282	7,611	7,501

The Defense Environmental Cleanup program is responsible for protecting human health and the environment by identifying and reducing risks, as well as managing waste and facilities, at sites where the Department carried out defense-related nuclear research and production activities. Those activities resulted in radioactive, hazardous, and mixed-waste contamination requiring remediation, stabilization, decontamination and decommissioning, or some other type of cleanup action. The Budget displays the cleanup program by site and activity.

Closure Sites.—Funds post-closure administration costs after the physical completion of cleanup, including costs for contract closeout and litigation support.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Environmental and Other Defense Activities—Continued Federal Funds—Continued 365

4011

Outlavs from discretionary balances .....

Hanford Site.—Funds cleanup and environmental restoration to protect the Columbia River and surrounding communities. The Hanford site cleanup is managed by two Environmental Management (EM) site offices: the Richland Operations Office and the Office of River Protection.

The Richland Office is responsible for cleanup activities on most of the geographic area making up the Hanford site. The primary cleanup focus is decontamination and decommissioning legacy facilities and characterizing and treating contaminated groundwater.

The Office of River Protection is responsible for the safe storage, retrieval, treatment, immobilization, and disposal of approximately 56 million gallons of radioactive waste stored in 177 underground tanks. It is also responsible for related operation, maintenance, engineering, and construction activities, including those connected to the Waste Treatment and Immobilization Plant being built to solidify the liquid tank waste in a glass form that can be safely stored.

*Idaho.*—Funds retrieval, treatment, and disposition of nuclear and hazardous wastes and spent nuclear fuel, and legacy site cleanup activities.

NNSA Sites.—Funds the safe and efficient cleanup of the environmental legacy of past operations at National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) sites including Nevada National Security Site, Sandia National Laboratories, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Los Alamos National Laboratory and the Separations Process Research Unit. The cleanup strategy follows a risk-informed approach that focuses first on those soil and groundwater contaminant plumes and sources that are the greatest contributors to risk. The overall goal is first to ensure that risks to the public and workers are controlled, then to clean up soil and groundwater using a risk-informed methodology. NNSA is responsible for long-term stewardship of its sites after physical cleanup is completed. Los Alamos legacy cleanup is managed by the EM Los Alamos field office. Funding is included to support the deactivation and decommissioning (D&D) of specific high-risk excess facilities by the Environmental Management program for Lawrence Livermore and Los Alamos National Laboratories.

Oak Ridge.—Funds defense-related cleanup of the three facilities that make up the Oak Ridge site: the East Tennessee Technology Park, the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, and the Y-12 Plant. The overall cleanup strategy is based on surface water considerations, encompassing five distinct watersheds that feed the adjacent Clinch River.

Savannah River Site.—Funds the safe stabilization, treatment, and disposition of legacy nuclear materials, spent nuclear fuel, and waste at the Savannah River site. Key activities include operating the Defense Waste Processing Facility, which is solidifying the high activity liquid waste contained in underground storage tanks, and operation of the Salt Waste Processing Facility, which separates various tank waste components and treats and disposes the low activity liquid waste stream.

Waste Isolation Pilot Plant.—Funds the world's first permitted deep geologic repository for the permanent disposal of radioactive waste, and the Nation's only disposal site for defense-generated transuranic waste. The Waste Isolation Pilot Plant, managed by the Carlsbad Field Office, is an operating facility, supporting the disposal of transuranic waste from waste generator and storage sites across the DOE complex. The Waste Isolation Pilot Plant is crucial to the Department of Energy (DOE) completing its cleanup and closure mission.

Program Direction.—Funds the Federal workforce responsible for the overall direction and administrative support of the EM program, including both Headquarters and field personnel.

Program Support.—Funds management and direction for various crosscutting EM and DOE initiatives such as science, technology, engineering, and mathematics activities at Minority Serving Institutions and investments in historically underserved communities to support program needs, intergovernmental activities, and analyses and integration activities across DOE in a consistent, responsible, and efficient manner.

Safeguards and Security.—Funds activities to protect against unauthorized access, theft, diversion, loss of custody or destruction of DOE assets, and hostile acts that could cause adverse impacts to fundamental national security or the health and safety of DOE and contractor employees, the public or the environment.

Technology Development and Deployment.—Funds projects managed through Headquarters to address the immediate, near- and long-term technology needs identified by the EM sites, enabling them to accelerate their cleanup schedules, treat orphaned wastes, improve worker safety, and provide technical foundations for the sites' cleanup decisions. These projects focus on maturing and deploying the technologies necessary to accelerate tank waste processing, treatment, and waste loading.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	Identification code 089-0251-0-1-053		2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	155	169	167
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	1	1	1
11.5	Other personnel compensation	6	7	7
11.9	Total personnel compensation	162	177	175
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	60	66	65
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	3	3	3
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	12	13	13
23.2	Rental payments to others	1	1	1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	27	29	29
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	1,461	1,599	1,576
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	528	578	570
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	50	55	54
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	3,807	4,167	4,106
25.5	Research and development contracts	3	3	3
25.6	Medical care	17	19	18
26.0	Supplies and materials	1	1	1
31.0	Equipment	70	77	76

32.0	Land and structures	657	719	709
41.0		95	104	102
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	6,954	7,611	7,501

#### **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0251-0-1-053	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	1,179	1,375	1,425

#### OTHER DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

For Department of Energy expenses, including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses, necessary for atomic energy defense, other defense activities, and classified activities, in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, [\$1,035,000,000] \$1,075,197,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, [\$364,734,000] \$381,460,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act. 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0243-0-1-999	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0001	Obligations by program activity:	077	070	005
0001	Other Defense Activities (Direct)	977	978	985
0100	Subtotal, Direct program activities	977	978	985
0799	Total direct obligations	977	978	985
0810	Other Defense Activities (Reimbursable)	2,080	2,083	2,086
0819	Reimbursable program activities, subtotal	2,080	2,083	2,086
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	3,057	3,061	3,071
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance:		00	7.4
1000 1010	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Unobligated balance transfer to other accts [047–0616]	60 -1	89	74
1010	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	93		
1021	noovenes of prior your unpaid obligations			
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	152	89	74
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	985	1,035	1,075
1700	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	1 0 1 7	2.011	2.011
1700	Collected Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	1,847 162	2,011	2,011
1701	onange in unconceted payments, redetal sources			
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	2,009	2,011	2,011
1900	Budget authority (total)	2,994	3,046	3,086
1930	Total budgetary resources available	3,146	3,135	3,160
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	89	74	89
	Change in obligated balance:			
3000	Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	2,124	2,190	1,896
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	3.057	3.061	3.071
3020	Outlays (gross)	-2.894	-3,355	-3,521
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-93		
3041	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, expired	-4		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	2,190	1,896	1,446
2000	Uncollected payments:	1 000	1 071	1 071
3060 3070	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1 Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-1,602 -162	-1,671	-1,671
3071	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, expired	93		
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year Memorandum (non-add) entries:	-1,671	-1,671	-1,671
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	522	519	225
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	519	225	-225
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	2,994	3,046	3,086
4010	Outlays, gloss: Outlays from new discretionary authority	1.205	1.621	1.651
		1,200	-,	2,001

1.689

1.734

1.870

## OTHER DEFENSE ACTIVITIES—Continued Program and Financing—Continued

Identif	ication code 089-0243-0-1-999	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	2,894	3,355	3,521
4030	Federal sources	-1,882	-1,928	-1,946
4033	Non-Federal sources	-55		-65
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:	-1,937	-2,011	-2,011
4050	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-162		
4052	Offsetting collections credited to expired accounts	90		
4060	Additional offsets against budget authority only (total)	-72		
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	985	1,035	1,075
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	957	1,344	1,510
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	985	1,035	1,075
4190	Outlays, net (total)	957	1,344	1,510

Environment, Health, Safety and Security Mission Support.—The program supports the Department's health, safety, environment, and security programs to enhance productivity while maintaining the highest standards of safe operation, protection of national assets, and environmental sustainability. The program functions include: policy and guidance development and technical assistance; analysis of health, safety, environment, and security performance; nuclear safety; domestic and international health studies; medical screening programs for former workers; Energy Employee Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act support; quality assurance programs; interface with the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board; national security information programs; and security for the Department's facilities and personnel in the National Capital Area.

Enterprise Assessments.—The program supports the Department's independent assessments of security, cybersecurity, emergency management, and environment, safety and health performance; enforcement of worker safety and health, nuclear safety; and classified information security regulations; and implementation of security and safety professional development and training programs.

Specialized Security Activities.—The program supports national security related analyses requiring highly specialized skills and capabilities.

Legacy Management—The program supports long-term stewardship activities (e.g., groundwater monitoring, disposal cell maintenance, records management, asset management, community outreach and management of natural resources) at sites where active remediation has been completed. In FY 2024, the program will also support strengthening Environmental Justice activities. Lastly, Legacy Management supports post-retirement benefits for former contractor

Hearings and Appeals.—The Office of Hearings and Appeals adjudicates personnel security cases, as well as whistleblower reprisal complaints filed by DOE contractor employees. The office is the appeal authority in various other areas, including Freedom of Information Act and Privacy Act appeals. In addition, the office decides requests for exception from DOE orders, rules, regulations, and is responsible for the DOE's alternative dispute resolution function.

Defense-Related Administrative Support.—Obligations are included for defense-related administrative support that serves to offset costs attributable to the defense-related programs within the Department of Energy that utilize the department-wide services funded by the Departmental Administration account. These include accounting and information technology departmentwide services.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

ldentifi	cation code 089-0243-0-1-999	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	112	113	114
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	1	1	1
11.5	Other personnel compensation	5	5	
11.9	Total personnel compensation	118	119	120
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	42	42	43
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	4	4	L
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	4	4	1
23.2	Rental payments to others	3	3	3
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	8	8	8
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	401	402	403
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	57	57	57
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	33	33	33
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	243	243	244
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment	8	8	8
26.0	Supplies and materials	2	2	2
31.0	Equipment	22	22	22
32.0	Land and structures	1	1	
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	31	31	3
99.0	Direct obligations	977	979	983
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	2,080	2,082	2,088

99.9 Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	3,057	3,061	3,071
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#### **Employment Summary**

Identif	ication code 089-0243-0-1-999	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	764	964	965

#### DEFENSE NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	lentification code 089–0244–0–1–053		2023 est.	2024 est.
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	3	2	1
3020	Outlays (gross)	-1	-1	-1
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	2	1	
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	3	2	1
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	2	1	
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary: Outlays, gross:			
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	1	1	1
4180	Budget authority, net (total)			
4190	Outlays, net (total)	1	1	1

The Defense Nuclear Waste Disposal appropriation was established by the Congress as part of the 1993 Energy and Water Development Appropriation (P.L. 102-377), in lieu of payment from the Department of Energy (DOE) into the Nuclear Waste Fund for activities related to the disposal of defense high-level waste from DOE's atomic energy defense activities.

## **ENERGY PROGRAMS**

#### Federal Funds

#### SCIENCE

For Department of Energy expenses including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment, and other expenses necessary for science activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, and purchase of not more than 35 passenger motor vehicles, [including one ambulance, for replacement only, \$8,100,000,000] \$8,800,400,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, [\$211,211,000] \$226,200,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–0222–0–1–251	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Basic Energy Sciences	2,523	2,534	2,693
0002	Advanced Scientific Computing Research	1,167	1,068	1,126
0003	Biological and Environmental Research	779	909	932
0004	High Energy Physics	1,321	1,166	1,226
0005	Nuclear Physics	880	805	811
0006	Fusion Energy Sciences	940	763	1,011
0007	Science Laboratories Infrastructure	423	281	322
8000	Science Program Direction	203	211	226
0009	Workforce Development for Teachers and Scientists	31	42	46
0010	Safeguards and Security	168	184	200
0011	Small Business Innovation Research	312		
0012	Small Business Technology Transfer	40		
0013	Isotope R&D and Production	82	110	173
0014	Accelerator R&D and Production	17	27	34
0050	Inflation Reduction Act		244	
0799	Total direct obligations	8,886	8,344	8,800
0801	Science (Reimbursable)	630	624	643
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	9,516	8,968	9,443
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	59	412	192
1001	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	59		

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Programs—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Federal Funds—Continued Federal Federa

1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	62		
1033	Recoveries of prior year paid obligations	1		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	122	412	192
	Budget authority:			
1100	Appropriations, discretionary:	7 475	0.100	0.000
1100 1121	Appropriation	7,475 29	8,100 20	8,800
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0313]	14		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0213]	19		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0251]	1		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–2250]	1		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089-0321]	116		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0318]	5		
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	7.660	8,120	8.800
1100	Appropriations, mandatory:	7,000	0,120	0,000
1200	Appropriation	1,550		
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	,		
1700	Collected	420	628	643
1701	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	176		
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	596	628	643
1900	Budget authority (total)	9,806	8,748	9,443
	Total budgetary resources available	9,928	9,160	9,635
1000	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	0,020	0,100	0,000
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	412	192	192
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	8,810	10,581	9,089
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	9,516	8,968	9,443
3020	Outlays (gross)	-7,665	-10,460	-9,381
3040 3041	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, expired	−62 −18		
3041	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, expired	-10		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	10,581	9,089	9,151
	Uncollected payments:			
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	-561	-618	-618
3070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-176		
3071	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, expired	119		
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-618	-618	-618
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	8,249	9,963	8,471
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	9,963	8,471	8,533
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4000	Discretionary:	0.050	0.740	0.442
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	8,256	8,748	9,443
4010	Outlays, gross: Outlays from new discretionary authority	1,712	3,079	3.323
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	5,953	7,148	5,713
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	7,665	10,227	9,036
	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:			
4020	Offsetting collections (collected) from:	247	200	205
4030 4033	Federal sources Non-Federal sources	-347 -175	-388 -240	-395 -248
4000	Non reactal sources			
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-522	-628	-643
	Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:			
4050	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-176		
4052	Offsetting collections credited to expired accounts	101		
4053	Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired accounts	1		
	accounts			
4060	Additional offsets against budget authority only (total)	-74		
		7.000	0 120	8,800
4070	Budget authority not (discretionan)			0.000
4070 4080	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	7,660 7 143	8,120 9,599	
4070 4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	7,143	9,599	8,393
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	7,143	9,599	8,393
4080 4090 4101	Outlays, net (discretionary)  Mandatory:  Budget authority, gross  Outlays, gross:  Outlays from mandatory balances	7,143 1,550	9,599	8,393
4080 4090	Outlays, net (discretionary)  Mandatory:  Budget authority, gross  Outlays, gross:  Outlays from mandatory balances  Budget authority, net (total)	7,143 1,550	9,599	8,393

The Office of Science (SC) is the Nation's largest Federal supporter of basic research in the physical sciences. The SC portfolio has two principal thrusts: direct support of scientific research and direct support of the design, development, construction, and operation of unique, open-access scientific user facilities. The request expands support for research initiatives focused on Administration priorities: SC Energy Earthshots; Funding for Accelerated, Inclusive Research (FAIR); Reaching a New Energy Sciences Workforce (RENEW), and investments in key fusion energy sciences programs in support achieving commercial fusion on the decadal timescale. The request initiates Microelectronics Science Research Centers as authorized under the Micro Act with a focus on a multi-disciplinary co-design innovation ecosystem in which materials, chemistries, devices, systems, architectures, algorithms, and software are developed in a closely integrated fashion. The SC Energy Earthshots initiative supports both small group awards and larger center

awards through the Energy Earthshot Research Centers (EERCs). The request includes support for the six current DOE Energy Earthshots. FAIR aims to build research capacity, infrastructure, and expertise at institutions historically underrepresented in the SC research portfolio, including minority serving institutions (MSIs) and emerging research institutions RENEW expands with targeted efforts to broaden participation and belonging, accessibility, justice, equity, diversity, and inclusion across SC activities, including through a new RENEW graduate fellowship. The request promotes the domestic establishment of critical isotope supply chains to reduce U.S. dependency on foreign supply and increase U.S. resilience with new funding in the DOE Isotope Initiative. The request also supports ongoing investments in priority areas including clean energy, critical materials, and mineral, quantum information science (QIS), artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML), and advanced computing.

Advanced Scientific Computing Research.—The Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR) program supports research in applied mathematics and computer science; delivers the most advanced computational scientific applications in partnership with disciplinary science; advances computing and networking capabilities; and develops future generations of computing hardware and tools for science, in partnership with the research community and U.S. industry. The strategy to accomplish this has three thrusts: 1) developing, deploying, and maintaining world-class computing and network facilities for science; 2) advancing research in applied mathematics, computer science and advanced networking; and 3) partnering with other DOE and SC programs to advance the use of its high performance computers to drive scientific advances for the Nation in areas such as clean energy and earth systems modeling. The program supports the development, maintenance, and operation of large high-performance computing and network facilities, including the Leadership Computing Facilities at Oak Ridge and Argonne National Laboratories, the National Energy Research Scientific Computing Facility at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, and the Energy Sciences Network.

SC and the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) continue to partner on the Department's Exascale Computing Initiative (ECI) to overcome key exascale challenges in parallelism, energy efficiency, and reliability, with deployment and effective use of the Nation's first exascale system in calendar year 2021 and additional exascale systems. The ECI focuses on delivering advanced simulation through an exascale-capable computing program, emphasizing sustained performance in science and national security mission applications and increased convergence between exascale, AI, and large-data analytic computing.

Basic Energy Sciences.—The Basic Energy Sciences (BES) program supports fundamental research to understand, predict, and ultimately control matter and energy at the electronic, atomic, and molecular levels to provide the foundations for innovations in clean energy technologies and related national priorities; to mitigate the climate and environmental impacts of energy generation and use; and to support DOE missions in energy, environment, and national security. The research disciplines that BES supports—condensed matter and materials physics, chemistry, geosciences, and aspects of biosciences are those that discover new materials and design new chemical processes that touch virtually every important aspect of energy resources, production, conversion, transmission, storage, efficiency, and waste mitigation. Research in accelerator physics, x-ray and neutron detectors, and x-ray optics explores technology advances for next-generation x-ray and neutron sources.

On behalf of DOE, BES manages the DOE Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR), with funding distributed among the six major research programs within SC per direction from the FY 2023 appropriation. The EPSCoR program supports early-stage energy research in U.S. states and territories that are historically underrepresented in federally-supported research. Other programs have been initiated to support minority-serving and other underrepresented institutions in the BES research portfolio.

BES supports twelve scientific user facilities consisting of a complementary set of intense x-ray sources, neutron sources, and research centers for nanoscale science. BES facilities probe materials and chemical systems with ultrahigh spatial, temporal, and energy resolutions to investigate the critical functions of matter and tackle some of the most challenging science questions and urgent national priorities such as the fight against biological threats. These facilities undergo continual development and upgrade of capabilities, including fabricating new x-ray and neutron experimental stations, improving core facilities, and providing new stand-alone instruments and capabilities. BES also manages construction projects to build new or upgrade existing facilities to provide world-leading tools and instruments to the scientific community and maintain U.S. leadership in the physical sciences.

Biological and Environmental Research.—The Biological and Environmental Research (BER) program supports fundamental research to understand complex biological, biogeochemical, Earth, and environmental systems for clean energy and climate innovation. BER research in biological systems science uses genome-enabled approaches in addition to proteomics, metabolomics, structural biology, and high-resolution imaging and characterization to achieve a fundamental understanding of the biology of plants and microorganisms for a variety of DOE clean energy mission needs. Integration of experimental data into computational models for iterative testing and validation advances a predictive understanding of biological systems underpinning the basis for designing biological processes for new and beneficial purposes. Enhanced efforts within the multidisciplinary Bioenergy Research Centers provide new insights into biofuels, bioproducts and biomaterials produced from sustainable plant biomass underpinning a broader, more competitive U.S. bioeconomy. BER research in Earth and environmental systems sciences supports fundamental research capabilities that enable scientific developments in climate. environmental, and Earth system research. Support will increase for the Energy Exascale Earth System Model. The Urban Integrated Field Laboratories combine modeling and observations in urban regions, enabling the evaluation of the societal and environmental impacts of current and future energy policies. The network of Climate Resilience Centers will expand and continue research into actionable solutions for impacted communities and addressing the Administration priorities involving climate solutions and environmental justice. The National Virtual Climate Laboratory will continue to provide information to underserved academic institutions and external stakeholders concerning climate research capabilities across the DOE national laboratories. Operations and equipment refresh continue at the three BER scientific user facilities: the Joint Genome Institute, the Atmospheric Radiation Measurement Research Facility, and the Environ-

#### SCIENCE—Continued

mental Molecular Sciences Laboratory. BER will start a new project, Microbial Molecular Phenotyping Capabilities at PNNL to generate molecular phenotypic data for rapid development in high throughput genome sequencing and synthesis.

Fusion Energy Sciences.—The Fusion Energy Sciences (FES) program mission is to expand the fundamental understanding of matter at very high temperatures and densities and to build the scientific foundation needed to develop a fusion energy source. This is accomplished through the study of plasma, the fourth state of matter, and how it interacts with its surroundings. High-temperature fusion plasmas at hundreds of millions of degrees are being exploited in the laboratory to become the basis for a future carbon-free energy source. Once developed, fusion energy will provide a clean energy source that is well-suited for on-demand, dispatchable electricity production, supplementing intermittent renewables and fission.

The FES program has four elements: 1) Burning Plasma Science: Foundations—The behavior of magnetically confined fusion plasmas is experimentally explored on the DIII-D National Fusion Facility and the National Spherical Torus Experiment-Upgrade (currently under repair), which are national scientific user facilities. Fusion theory and simulation activities predict and interpret the complex behavior of magnetically-confined plasmas. This element also supports partnerships with the private sector through the Innovation Network for Fusion Energy program and a Fusion Development Milestone program to partner with the private sector to achieve commercial fusion energy on the decadale timescale. FES also supports an inertial fusion energy science and technology program. 2) Burning Plasma Science: Long Pulse-U.S. scientists take advantage of international partnerships to conduct research on overseas tokamaks and stellarators with unique capabilities. The element also supports research to develop the nuclear science and novel materials that can harness the power from a burning plasma and withstand the extreme fusion environment. 3) Burning Plasma Science: High Power—This element supports the U.S. Contributions to the ITER Project, the world's first burning plasma experiment, and the ITER Research program. 4) Discovery Plasma Science—This element supports research in Plasma Science & Technology, including basic plasma science, high-energy-density laboratory plasmas (HEDLP), and low-temperature plasmas. Besides ITER, FES also manages other projects building new or upgrading existing facilities to provide world-leading tools and instruments to the scientific community and maintain U.S. leadership.

High Energy Physics.—The High Energy Physics (HEP) program supports fundamental research to understand how the universe works by discovering the elementary constituents of matter and energy, probing the interactions among them, and exploring the basic nature of space and time. A world-wide program of particle physics research is underway to discover what lies beyond the Standard Model of particle physics. Five intertwined science drivers of particle physics provide compelling lines of inquiry that show great promise for discovery: 1) use the Higgs boson as a new tool for discovery; 2) pursue the physics associated with neutrino mass; 3) identify the new physics of dark matter; 4) understand cosmic acceleration, dark energy, and inflation; and 5) explore new particles, interactions and physical principles. The program enables scientific discovery through a strategy organized along three frontiers: 1) The Energy Frontier, where researchers accelerate particles to the highest energies and collide them to produce and study the fundamental constituents of matter; 2) The Intensity Frontier, where researchers use a combination of intense particle beams and highly sensitive detectors to make extremely precise measurements of particle properties, to study some of the rarest particle interactions predicted by the Standard Model, and to search for new physics; and 3) The Cosmic Frontier, where researchers seek to reveal the nature of dark matter and dark energy by using naturally occurring particles to explore new phenomena. The highest-energy particles ever observed have come from cosmic sources, and the ancient light from distant galaxies allows scientists to map the distribution of dark matter and perhaps unravel the nature of dark energy. Investments in Theoretical, Computational, and Interdisciplinary Physics provide the framework to explain experimental observations. Advanced Technology Research and Development (R&D) fosters fundamental and innovative research into particle acceleration and detection techniques and instrumentation, supporting the frontiers and enabling future discovery experiments. HEP supports two particle accelerator scientific user facilities. HEP also manages construction projects to build new or upgrade existing facilities, providing world-leading tools and instruments to the particle physics scientific community.

Nuclear Physics.—The mission of the Nuclear Physics (NP) program is to solve an enduring mystery of the universe-what are the basic constituents of matter and how do they interact to form the elements and the properties we observe? To solve this mystery, NP supports research to discover, explore, and understand all forms of nuclear matter, including exotic forms that existed in the first moments after the Big Bang. NP provides approximately 95 percent of the support for basic nuclear physics research in the United States. Experimental approaches use large accelerators at national scientific user facilities to collide particles at nearly the speed of light, producing short-lived forms of nuclear matter for investigation. NP currently operates four national user facilities. All of these facilities are powerful "microscopes" with complementary "resolving powers", which also produce advanced accelerator technology. Other research aims to understand the theory of the strong nuclear force via Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD). NP researchers are making seminal contributions to quantum computing future computers capable of solving QCD problems intractable with today's capabilities. To maintain U.S. leadership, the Electron-Ion Collider (EIC) project is under development; when the EIC is completed in the next decade, it will provide unprecedented capability to discover how the mass of everyday objects is dynamically generated by the interaction of quarks and gluons. A targeted program of fundamental symmetries experiments is ongoing, including transformative research to determine whether the elusive neutrino particle is its own anti-particle. The National Nuclear Data Center is supported to collect, evaluate, curate, and disseminate nuclear physics data for basic nuclear physics research and applied nuclear technologies.

Isotope R&D and Production.—The DOE Isotope Program (DOE IP) produces high priority radioactive and stable isotopes in short supply for the Nation where no domestic entity has the capability to meet demand. Isotopes are high-priority and enabling commodities of strategic importance for the Nation and essential in medical diagnosis and treatment, discovery science, national security, advanced manufacturing, space exploration, communications, semiconductor

manufacturing, biology, quantum science, clean energy, and other areas. DOE IP is the only DOE Mission Essential Function in SC, continuing operations during national emergencies to fill gaps in isotope supply chains. The DOE IP utilizes particle accelerators and research nuclear reactors at national laboratories and universities to produce and chemically process critical isotopes. DOE IP also extracts radioisotopes from legacy waste and manages federal inventories of isotopes for the Nation. DOE IP works closely with industry to ensure availability of needed isotopes for commercial stability and growth, and aids in the commercialization of isotope production. The DOE IP supports a world-leading R&D program on innovative and transformative approaches to isotopes production and processing, as well as related advanced manufacturing, AI/ML, automation, and robotics. Construction continues for the Stable Isotope Production and Research Center to expand the stable isotope production capability to meet the demands of the Nation and mitigate U.S. dependency on sensitive foreign countries. Engineering design and long-lead procurements are initiated for the Radioisotope Processing Facility (RPF) at ORNL for increased chemical separation infrastructure for reactor-irradiated targets to chemically process and make available critical radioisotopes. Engineering design for the Clinical Alpha Radionuclide Producer (CARP) facility at BNL is initiated to address disruptions in global isotope supply chains and produce in-demand isotopes to combat cancer mortality.

Accelerator R&D and Production.—Accelerator R&D and Production (ARDAP) supports cross-cutting basic R&D in accelerator science and technology, access to unique SC accelerator R&D infrastructure, workforce development, and public-private partnerships to advance new technologies for use in SC's scientific facilities and in commercial products. ARDAP supports fundamental research, user facility operations, and production of accelerator technologies in industry, with the aim of ensuring SC and broader U.S. Government have the best scientific instruments available. Reducing supply chain risks by re-shoring critical accelerator technologies is a key part of ARDAP's mission. ARDAP supports early-stage translational research to move advanced accelerator technology out of scientific laboratories and into broader applications in industry, environmental cleanup, medicine, and national security.

Workforce Development for Teachers and Scientists.—The Workforce Development for Teachers and Scientists (WDTS) program mission is to help ensure that DOE has a sustained pipeline of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce. To accomplish this mission, WDTS supports undergraduate internships for students from 2- and 4- year colleges and universities, graduate thesis research opportunities in SC mission areas, and visiting faculty research appointments for faculty members from institutions historically underrepresented in STEM research at DOE national laboratories; in addition, WDTS manages the Albert Einstein Distinguished Educator Fellowship for K-12 STEM teachers and the National Science Bowl, a nationwide middle and high school science competition. To continuously improve the management efficiency and the overall program quality, WDTS consistently invests in modern technology development and evidence-based evaluation. WDTS regularly conducts outreach and engagement with intentionality to enable equitable access to workforce training opportunities and recruit pools of diverse and inclusive applicants and participants in WDTS programs. These investments support the development of the next generation of scientists and engineers to address the DOE mission, administer programs, and conduct research.

Science Laboratories Infrastructure.—The Science Laboratories Infrastructure (SLI) program supports scientific and technological innovation at the SC laboratories by sustaining and modernizing general purpose infrastructure and fostering safe, efficient, reliable, resilient, and environmentally responsible operations. The SLI Program is focused on both replacing obsolete and failing core infrastructure at the SC national laboratories in support of the SC mission, and upgrading core infrastructure that supports the critical needs of future science initiatives and world class user facilities. A principal element of the SLI program is to provide for a renewal of utilities at all SC national laboratories to address the extraordinary challenges to SC laboratory operations and to enable emerging scientific breakthroughs. The SLI utility projects address climate resilience in three important ways: (1) improvements in operational efficiency that will significantly reduce the energy usage of the laboratory operations; (2) reduction of the release of greenhouse gases; and (3) direct investments needed to support the success of the science initiatives that will help the country address the challenges of climate change. The SLI program also funds general purpose infrastructure projects that will upgrade critical core infrastructure and utility needs; and Payments in Lieu of Taxes to local communities around the Argonne, Brookhaven, and Oak Ridge National Laboratories. The FY 2024 Budget includes funding for ten on-going SLI construction projects.

Safeguards and Security.—The Safeguards and Security (S&S) program is designed to ensure appropriate security measures are in place to support the SC mission requirement of open scientific research and to protect critical assets within SC laboratories. This is accomplished by providing physical controls that will mitigate possible risks to the laboratories' employees, nuclear and special materials, classified and sensitive information, and facilities. The S&S program also provides funding for cyber security for the laboratories' information technology systems to protect electronic data while enabling the SC mission.

Program Direction.—Science Program Direction supports a highly skilled Federal workforce to develop and oversee SC investments in research and scientific user facilities. SC provides public access to DOE scientific findings to further leverage the Federal science investment and advance the scientific enterprise. SC requires highly skilled scientific and technical program and project managers, as well as experts in areas such as acquisition, finance, legal, construction, and infrastructure management, human resources, and environmental, safety, and health oversight. Oversight of DOE's basic research portfolio, which includes extramural grants and contracts supporting nearly 30,000 researchers located at over 300 institutions and the 17 DOE national laboratories, spanning all fifty states and the District of Columbia and 28 scientific user facilities serving nearly 37,000 users per year, as well as supervision of major construction projects, is a Federal responsibility.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Programs—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Federal Funds—Continued Federal Federa

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 089-0222-0-1-251	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	105	118	120
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	2	2	2
11.5	Other personnel compensation	4	4	4
11.8	Special personal services payments	1	1	1
11.9	Total personnel compensation	112	125	127
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	39	32	40
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	1	3	3
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	1	1	1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	3	3	4
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	35	35	35
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	22	30	30
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	19	19	19
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	4,510	5,518	5,693
25.5	Research and development contracts	11	11	11
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment	2	2	2
26.0	Supplies and materials	2	2	2
31.0	Equipment	455	256	300
32.0	Land and structures	2,162	1,155	1,200
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	1,511	1,152	1,333
99.0	Direct obligations	8,885	8,344	8,800
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	631	624	643
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	9,516	8,968	9,443

#### **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0222-0-1-251	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	768	800	820

#### ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY—ENERGY

For Department of Energy expenses necessary in carrying out the activities authorized by section 5012 of the America COMPETES Act (Public Law 110–69), [\$470,000,000] \$650,200,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, [\$37,000,000] \$55,200,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

ldentif	ication code 089-0337-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	ARPA-E Projects	379	433	595
0002	Program Direction	37	37	55
0799	Total direct obligations	416	470	650
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	416	470	650
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	510	557	557
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	13		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	523	557	557
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	450	470	650
1900	Budget authority (total)	450	470	650
1930	Total budgetary resources available	973	1,027	1,207
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	557	557	557
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	742	806	890
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	416	470	650
3020	Outlays (gross)	-339	-386	-475
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-13		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year  Memorandum (non-add) entries:	806	890	1,065
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	742	806	890
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	806	890	1.065

	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	450	470	650
1010	Outlays, gross:	00	47	0.5
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	23	47	65
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	316	339	410
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	339	386	475
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	450	470	650
4190	Outlays, net (total)	339	386	475

The U.S. Department of Energy's Advanced Research Projects Agency-Energy (ARPA-E) was established by the America COMPETES Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-69), as amended. The mission of ARPA-E is to enhance the economic and energy security of the United States through the development of energy technologies that reduce imports of energy from foreign sources; reduce energy-related emissions, including greenhouse gases; improve the energy efficiency of all economic sectors; provide transformative solutions to improve the management, clean-up, and disposal of radioactive waste and spent nuclear fuel; and improve the resilience, reliability, and security of infrastructure to produce, deliver, and store energy. In FY 2024 ARPA-E will continue to include research and development on climate adaptation and resilience innovations as well as support the Administration's Net Zero Gamechangers Initiative five priority areas to achieve net zero climate-inducing emissions by 2050. ARPA-E will ensure that the United States maintains a technological lead in developing and deploying advanced energy technologies. ARPA-E will identify and promote revolutionary advances in energy, translating scientific discoveries and cutting-edge inventions into technological innovations. It will also accelerate transformational technological advances in areas where industry by itself is not likely to invest due to technical and financial uncertainty. The role of ARPA-E is not to duplicate DOE's basic research and applied programs but to focus on novel early-stage energy research and development with technology applications that can be meaningfully advanced with a small investment over a defined period of time.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-0337-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	2	2	3
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	6	7	13
11.9	Total personnel compensation	8	9	16
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	3	3	3
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	1	1	2
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	19	21	26
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	18	20	20
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	4	5	8
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	46	52	87
25.5	Research and development contracts	317	359	488
99.0	Direct obligations	416	470	650
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	416	470	650

## **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0337-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	50	66	100

## ENERGY SUPPLY AND CONSERVATION

### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0224-0-1-999	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	6	6	6
1930	Total budgetary resources available	6	6	6
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	6	6	6
	Outlays, net (total)			

## NUCLEAR ENERGY

#### [(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)]

For Department of Energy expenses including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment, and other expenses necessary for nuclear energy activities in carrying

#### NUCLEAR ENERGY—Continued

out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, [\$1,473,000,000] \$1,562,620,000, to remain available until expended [, of which \$20,000,000 shall be transferred to "Department of Energy—Energy Programs—Science", for hot cells operations and maintenance ]: Provided, That of such amount, \$85,000,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction[: Provided further, That for the purpose of section 954(a)(6) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, as amended, the only amount available shall be from the amount specified as including that purpose in the "Final Bill" column in the "Department of Energy" table included under the heading "Title III—Department of Energy" in the explanatory statement described in section 4 (in the matter preceding division A of this consolidated Act)]. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### [Nuclear Energy]

[For an additional amount for "Nuclear Energy", \$300,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of the amount provided under this heading in this Act, \$100,000,000 shall be for Advanced Nuclear Fuel Availability: Provided further, That of the amount provided under this heading in this Act, \$60,000,000 shall be to carry out the demonstrations of the Advanced Reactor Demonstration Program: Provided further, That of the amount provided under this heading in this Act, \$20,000,000 shall be to carry about activities for the National Reactor Innovation Center: Provided further, That of the amount provided under this heading in this Act, \$120,000,000 shall be to carry about activities for the Risk Reduction for Future Demonstrations.] (Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0319-0-1-999	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	NEUP, SBIR/STTR, and TCF		130	147
0002	Nuclear Leadership Development Program		7	7
0003	University Fuel Services		18	20
0004	RC RD&D - Advanced Small Modular Reactor RD&D		165	20
0005	RC RD&D - Light water reactor sustainability		45	35
0006	RC RD&D - Advanced Reactor Technologies		49	43
0007	FC R&D - Mining, Conversion, & Transportation		2	2
8000	FC R&D - Material Recovery and Waste Form Development		45	39
0009	FC R&D - Accident Tolerant Fuels		114	109
0010	Naval Reactors Development	93	100	
0011	FC R&D - Triso Fuel and Graphite Qualification		32	25
0020	FC R&D - Fuel Cycle Laboratory R&D		29	29
0021	FC R&D - Advanced Nuclear Fuel Availability / HALEU			
	Availability		100	120
0022	FC R&D - Used Nuclear Fuels Disposition R&D		47	47
0023	FC R&D - Integrated Waste Management System		53	53
0030	NEET - Crosscutting Technology Development		32	33
0031	NEET - Joint Modeling and Simulation Program		29	29
0032	Reactor Concepts RD&D (RC RD&D)	256		
0034	Advanced Reactors Demonstration Program (ARDP)	172		
0035	NEET - Nuclear Science User Facilities		35	35
0040	ARDP - National Reactor Innovation Center		70	34
0040	Fuel Cycle R&D (FC R&D)	341		
0042 0043	Nuclear Leadership Development Program	120		
	Nuclear Energy Enabling Technologies (NEET)	128		
0044	ARDP - Regulatory Development		10	11
0045	ARDP - Advanced Reactor Safeguards		5	6
0047	ARDP - Demonstration 1 (X-Energy)		18	
0048	ARDP - Demonstration 2 (Natrium)		18	
0049	ARDP - Risk Reduction for Future Demonstration		120	120
0051	23-E-200 - LOTUS		20	32
0052	16-E-200 - Sample Preparation Laboratory		7	
0081	Inflation Reduction Act - Infrastructure		149	
0082	Inflation Reduction Act - HALEU		47	66
0091	Direct program activities, subtotal	995	1,496	1,062
0301	ORNL Infrastructure Facilities O&M	105		
0401	Idaho Facilities Management	337	319	319
0402	Versatile Test Reactor Project	1		
0450	Idaho National Laboratory safeguards and security	150	150	178
0451	International Nuclear Safety	7	5	
0/101	Infrastructure programs, subtotal	495	474	497
0551	Program Direction	80	85	85
0552	International Nuclear Energy Cooperation	3	0.0	13
0332	International Nuclear Energy Cooperation			
0591	Other direct program activities, subtotal	83	85	98
0739	Civil Nuclear Credit Program	3	274	1,025
0791	-	3	274	1,025
	,			
	Total direct obligations	1,681	2,329	2,682
0801	Nuclear Energy (Reimbursable)	314	313	314
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	1,995	2,642	2,996

	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance:	222	2 222	2.010
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1  Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	222	2,323	3,019
1011	Unobligated balance transfer from other acct [072–0306]	7		
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	18		
1070				0.010
10/0	Unobligated balance (total)	247	2,323	3,019
	Budget authority: Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	2,855	1,773	1,563
1120	Appropriations transferred to other accts [089–0222]	-29	-20	
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089–0228]	-1		
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089–0236]	-1		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0314]	93	100	
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	2,917	1,853	1,563
1100	Advance appropriations, discretionary:	2,317	1,000	1,505
1170	Advance appropriation		1,199	1,199
	Appropriations, mandatory:		,	,
1200	Appropriation	850		
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:			
1700	Collected	212	286	287
1701	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	92		
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	304	286	287
1900	Budget authority (total)	4,071	3,338	3,049
1930	Total budgetary resources available	4,318	5,661	6,068
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	2,323	3,019	3,072
	Change in obligated balance:			
2000	Unpaid obligations:	1 500	1 745	1 104
3000 3010	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	1,538 1,995	1,745 2,642	1,124 2,996
3020	Outlays (gross)	-1.769	-3,263	-2,906
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-18		2,500
	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, expired			
3041	necoveries of prior year unipaid obligations, expired	-1		
3041 3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745	1,124	1,214
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	1,745	1,124	1,214
3050 3060	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments: Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	1,745 -174	1,124 -266	1,214 -266
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	1,745	1,124	1,214
3050 3060	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments: Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1 Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	1,745 -174	1,124 -266	1,214 -266
3050 3060 3070 3090	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266	1,124 -266 	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364	1,124 -266 	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266	1,124 -266 	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364	1,124 -266 	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364	1,124 -266 	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments: Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1 Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year Memorandum (non-add) entries: Obligated balance, start of year Obligated balance, end of year  Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479	1,124 -266 	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364	1,124 -266 	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479	1,124 -266 	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858 3,338 1,702 1,494	1,214 -266 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681 1,117
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000 4010	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479 3,221 632	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858 3,338 1,702	1,214 -266 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858 3,338 1,702 1,494	1,214 -266 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681 1,117
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011 4020	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769	1,124 -266 1,479 858 3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196	1,214 -266 
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011 4020	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769	1,124 -266 1,479 858 3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196	1,214 -266 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 4000 4011 4020 4030 4033	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769 -198 -14	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858 3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196 -286	1,214 -266 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011 4020	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769	1,124 -266 1,479 858 3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196	1,214 -266 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000 4011 4020 4030 4033 4040	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769 -198 -14 -212	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858  3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196 -286	1,214 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 4000 4011 4020 4030 4033	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769 -198 -14	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858 3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196 -286	1,214 -266 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000 4011 4020 4030 4033 4040	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769 -198 -14 -212	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858  3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196 -286	1,214 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011 4020 4030 4033 4040 4050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769 -198 -14 -212 -92	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858 3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196 -286	1,214 -266 -266 858 948 3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4010 4011 4020 4030 4033 4040 4050 4070	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769 -198 -14 -212 -92 2,917	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858  3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196 -286 -286	1,214 -266 -266 858 948  3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287 -287 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4010 4011 4020 4030 4033 4040 4050 4070	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745 -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769 -198 -14 -212 -92 2,917	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858  3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196 -286 -286	1,214 -266 -266 858 948  3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287 -287 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4010 4011 4020 4030 4033 4040 4050 4070 4080 4090	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745  -174 -92  -266  1,364 1,479  3,221  632 1,137  1,769  -198 -14 -212 -92 2,917 1,557 850	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858  3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196 -286 -286 -286 -286 -2910	1,214 -266 -266 858 948  3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287 -287 -287 -287
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 4000 4011 4020 4030 4040 4050 4070 4080 4090 4101	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745  -174 -92 -266 1,364 1,479  3,221 632 1,137 1,769  -198 -14 -212 -92 2,917 1,557 850	1,124 -266266 1,479 858  3,338 1,702 1,494286286286	1,214 -266
3050 3060 3070 3090 3100 3200 4010 4011 4020 4030 4033 4040 4050 4070 4080 4090	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1,745  -174 -92  -266  1,364 1,479  3,221  632 1,137  1,769  -198 -14 -212 -92 2,917 1,557 850	1,124 -266 -266 1,479 858  3,338 1,702 1,494 3,196 -286 -286 -286 -286 -2910	1,214 -266 -266 858 948  3,049 1,681 1,117 2,798 -287 -287 -287 -287

The Office of Nuclear Energy (NE) funds a broad range of research and development (R&D) activities and supports Federal nuclear energy R&D infrastructure. The FY 2024 Budget continues programmatic support for advanced reactor R&D activities; fuel cycle R&D; and the safe, environmentally compliant, and cost-effective operation of the Department's facilities vital to nuclear energy R&D activities.

NEUP, SBIR/STTR and TCR.—This program focuses on nuclear energy related R&D activities conducted by small businesses and supports university level engineering and science through competitively awarded university led research and development and infrastructure, universities research reactor fuel services, and scholarships and fellowships.

Reactor Concepts Research, Development and Demonstration.—This program conducts R&D on advanced reactor designs and advanced technologies for light water reactors (LWR).

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Fuel Cycle Research and Development.—This program conducts R&D on advanced fuel cycle technologies that have the potential to improve resource utilization and energy generation, reduce waste generation, enhance safety, and mitigate risk of proliferation.

Nuclear Energy Enabling Technologies.—This program conducts R&D and strategic infrastructure investments to develop innovative and crosscutting nuclear energy technologies, including investments in modeling and simulation tools and providing access to unique nuclear energy research capabilities through the Nuclear Science User Facilities.

Advanced Reactors Demonstration Program.—This program focuses Departmental and non-Federal resources on the development of commercial reactor technologies that may be ready for demonstration and deployment in the mid-term.

Infrastructure.—This program manages Department of Energy mission critical facilities at the Idaho National Laboratory (INL), creating a safe and compliant status to support the Department's nuclear energy R&D activities, and testing of naval reactor fuels and reactor core components.

Idaho Sitewide Safeguards and Security.—This program supports the INL complex nuclear facility infrastructure and enables R&D in support of multiple program missions.

International Nuclear Energy Cooperation.—This program leads the Department's international engagement for civil nuclear energy, including analysis, development, and coordination activities

Program Direction.—This program provides the Federal staffing resources and associated costs required to support the overall direction and execution of NE programs.

In FY 2024, the Grid Deployment Office will support the Civil Nuclear Credit Program, a \$6 billion strategic investment (\$1.2 billion for each of five years) through the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), to help preserve the existing U.S. reactor fleet and save thousands of highpaying jobs across the country. Under the new program, owners or operators of commercial U.S. reactors can apply for certification to bid on credits to support their continued operations. An application must demonstrate the reactor is projected to close for economic reasons and that closure will lead to a rise in air pollutants and carbon emissions. The program is available for plants that are certified as safe to continue operations and prioritizes plants that use domestically produced fuel.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 089-0319-0-1-999	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	34	44	44
11.5	Other personnel compensation	1	2	2
11.9	Total personnel compensation	35	46	46
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	14	17	17
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	1	1	1
25.1	Other Contractual Services	9	9	g
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	364	369	375
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	13	13	13
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	1,078	1,549	1,886
25.5	Research and development contracts	38	144	144
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment	1	1	1
31.0	Equipment	9	25	25
32.0	Land and structures	59	79	80
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	60	75	85
99.0	Direct obligations	1,681	2,328	2,682
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	314	314	314
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	1,995	2,642	2,996

## **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0319-0-1-999	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	279	305	320

## ELECTRICITY

For Department of Energy expenses including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment, and other expenses necessary for electricity activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, [\$350,000,000] \$297,475,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, [\$23,000,000] \$18,675,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### ELECTRICITY

[For an additional amount for "Electricity", \$1,000,000,000, to remain available until expended, to carry out activities to improve the resilience of the Puerto Rican electric grid, including grants for low and moderate income households and households that include individuals with disabilities for the purchase and installation of renewable energy, energy storage, and other grid technologies: *Provided*, That the Department of Energy shall coordinate with the Federal Emergency

Management Agency and the Department of Housing and Urban Development on these activities.

[Oisaster Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023.]

	fication code 089–0318–0–1–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0011	Transmission reliability and resiliency	30	32	42
0012	Resilient distribution systems	46	54	47
0013	DCEI Energy Mission Assurance	1		
0014	Energy Storage	36	89	79
0015	Transformer Resilience and Advanced Components	3	27	22
0016	Cybersecurity for Energy Delivery Systems	7		
0017	Cyber Resilient & Security Utility Communication Network	5	15	15
0018	Energy Delivery Grid Operations Technology	30	31	30
0019	Applied Grid Transformation Solutions		10	30
0021	Electricity Innovation and Transition		12	14
0030	Transmission permitting and technical assistance	8		
0034	Grid Planning & Development		16	
0035	Grid Technical Assistance		25	
0036	Research and Development	47		
0037	Wholesale Electricity Market TA & Grants		17	
0038	Interregional & Offshore Transmission Planning		2	
0040	Program Direction	18	23	18
0041	Electricity, Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act	21	200	550
0042	Disaster Relief Supplemental		200	500
0050	Inflation Reduction Act		44	771
0799	Total direct obligations	252	797	2,118
0801	Reimbursable work	1	1	1
	8.1			
0809	Reimbursable program activities, subtotal	1	1	1
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	253	798	2,119
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	14	4,552	6,713
1001	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	14	1,692	
1010	Unobligated balance transfer to other accts [089-2250]	-2		
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	3		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	15	4,552	6,713
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	277	350	297
1100	Appropriation [IIJA]	1,660		
1100	Appropriation [Disaster Relief Supplemental]		1,000	
1120	Appropriations transferred to SC [089-0222]	-5		
1120	Appropriations transferred to DA [089–0228]	-2		
1120	Appropriations transferred to OIG [089–0236]	-2		
	representations transferred to ord [cool ozoo]			
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	1,928	1,350	297
	Advance appropriations, discretionary:			
1170	Advance appropriation		1,608	1,608
	Appropriations, mandatory:		,	,
1200	Appropriation	2,860		
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	_,		
1700	Collected	1	1	
1701	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	1		
1/01	Change in unconected payments, rederar sources			
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	2	1	
1900	Budget authority (total)	4,790	2,959	1,905
1930	Total budgetary resources available	4,805	7,511	8,618
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	4,003	7,011	0,010
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	4,552	6,713	6,499
		.,002	5,710	3,700
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	291	331	188
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	253	798	2,119
3020	Outlays (gross)	-210	-941	-1,946
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-3		-,
	, , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	331	188	361
0000	Uncollected payments:			
3030		-1	-2	-2
	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	-1		
3060		-1 -1		
3060 3070	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1 Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired			
3060 3070	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1  Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired  Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year		<u>2</u>	
3060 3070	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1  Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired  Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year  Memorandum (non-add) entries:	<u>-1</u> -2		
3060 3070 3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1  Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired  Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year			-2
3060 3070 3090 3100	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1  Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired  Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year  Memorandum (non-add) entries:	<u>-1</u> -2	<del>-2</del>	
3060 3070 3090 3100 3200	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1  Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired  Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year  Memorandum (non-add) entries:  Obligated balance, start of year	-1 -2 290	-2 329	-2 186
3060 3070 3090 3100	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1  Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired  Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year  Memorandum (non-add) entries:  Obligated balance, start of year  Obligated balance, end of year  Budget authority and outlays, net:	-1 -2 290	-2 329	-2 186
3060 3070 3090 3100	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1  Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired  Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year  Memorandum (non-add) entries:  Obligated balance, start of year  Obligated balance, end of year	-1 -2 290	-2 329	-2 186

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# ELECTRICITY—Continued Program and Financing—Continued

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Identif	ication code 089-0318-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Outlays, gross:			
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	27	414	206
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	183	512	1,655
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	210	926	1,861
4030	Federal sources			
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:	-1	-1	
4050	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired		<u></u>	<u></u>
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	1,928	2,958	1,905
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	209	925	1,861
4090	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	2,860		
4101	Outlays from mandatory balances		15	85
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	4,788	2,958	1,905
4190	Outlays, net (total)	209	940	1,946

The mission of the Office of Electricity (OE) is to drive electric grid modernization and resilience in energy infrastructure. OE leads the Department of Energy's efforts to strengthen, transform, and improve electricity delivery infrastructure so that consumers have access to resilient, secure, and clean sources of energy. OE programs include:

Transmission Reliability and Resilience (TRR).—The TRR program is focused on ensuring the reliability and resilience of the U.S. electric grid through R&D on system observability and control capabilities. TRR is also developing and validating models to characterize evolving systems needs, identifying pathways to achieve an equitable transition to decarbonization and electrification, addressing ongoing industry challenges, and mitigating risks across integrated energy systems.

Energy Delivery Grid Operations Technology (EDGOT).—EDGOT enhances the analytical capability needed to ensure reliable and resilient energy delivery and to identify scalable solutions to changing climate conditions and other emerging threats. The core of the EDGOT portfolio is the North America Energy Resilience Model (NAERM), a hybrid data/model platform for the assessment of significant interdependencies within the energy sector that could affect reliability.

Resilient Distribution Systems (RDS).—The RDS program develops transformative technologies, tools, and techniques to enable industry to modernize the distribution portion of the electric delivery system. RDS pursues strategic investments that improve reliability, increase resilience, support vehicle electrification, integrate clean distributed energy resources, and increase customer choice.

Cyber Resilient and Secure Utility Communications Networks (SecureNet).—SecureNet develops solutions to strengthen the security and resilience of the electricity delivery system against cyber-related threats. The program's core R&D focus is on cybersecurity and resilience for grid communications and data networks, including enabling components and technologies such as synchronization/timing and blockchain.

Energy Storage.—Energy Storage accelerates the development of long duration grid storage technologies by increasing amounts of stored energy and operational durations, reducing technology costs, de-risking technologies to ensure long-term reliability, developing analytic models to uncover technical and economic benefits, and demonstrating how storage provides clean and equitable energy access for consumers and communities.

Transformer Resilience and Advanced Components (TRAC).—The TRAC program develops innovations to control, convert, and condition electricity, equipping the grid to achieve decarbonization goals while enhancing its reliability and resilience. TRAC encompasses materials research, exploratory concepts, and modeling and analysis to fill fundamental R&D gaps and encourage the adoption of new technologies and approaches.

Advanced Grid Transformation Solutions (AGTS).—AGTS addresses the need for assessing and testing new grid systems and subsystems (including energy storage, transmission, distribution, and power control and conversion hardware and associated software) in pilot environments. These assessments provide utilities with the information they need to quantify and validate functionality, performance, and economic benefits before deploying new technologies.

Electricity Innovation and Transition (EIT).—EIT is a new program in FY 2024 consolidating all OE funding for Small Business Innovation Research, the Technology Commercialization Fund, and workforce development activities. The reorganization of these efforts provides a more streamlined approach for OE to support innovators, small businesses, and researchers.

Program Direction.—Program Direction provides for the costs associated with the Federal workforce and contractor services that support OE's mission. These costs include salaries, benefits, travel, training, building occupancy, IT systems, and other related expenses.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 089-0318-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
Direct obligations: Personnel compensation:			
11.1 Full-time permanent	7	9	7

11.3	Other than full-time permanent	2	2	2
11.9	Total personnel compensation	9	11	9
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	3	4	3
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	14	19	19
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	2	4	4
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	2	4	4
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	167	180	160
25.5	Research and development contracts	8	10	10
32.0	Land and structures	47	50	50
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions		515	1,859
99.0	Direct obligations	252	797	2,118
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	1	1	1
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	253	798	2,119
	Employment Summary			
Identific	cation code 089-0318-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.

#### GRID DEPLOYMENT OFFICE

1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment ..

For Department of Energy expenses including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment, and other expenses necessary for grid deployment in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, \$106,600,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, \$13,100,000 shall be available until September 30, 2025, for program direction.

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–2301–0–1–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0010	Transmission Planning & Permitting			57
0011	Distribution & Markets			37
0050	Program Direction			13
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts			107
	Budgetary resources: Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation			107
1930	Total budgetary resources available			107
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts			107
3020	Outlays (gross)			_54
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year			53
2000	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			-
3200	Obligated balance, end of year			53
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:			107
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority			54
4180	Budget authority, net (total)			107
4190	Outlays, net (total)			54

The Grid Deployment Office (GDO) works to provide electricity to consumers by maintaining and investing in critical generation facilities to ensure resource adequacy and improving and expanding transmission and distribution systems to ensure access to reliable, affordable electricity. Working in partnership with energy sector stakeholders on a variety of grid initiatives, GDO supports the resilience of the Nation's electric system by mitigating risk and strengthening its transmission and distribution infrastructure. GDO's priority is to develop and deploy innovative grid modernization solutions to address electricity system needs, including ensuring the availability of clean, firm generation capacity, like hydropower and nuclear energy. Prior year activities were executed under the Electricity appropriations account shared with the Office of Electricity. The new Grid Deployment appropriation account for FY 2024 will include:

Transmission Planning and Permitting (TPP).—TPP supports innovative efforts in transmission reliability and clean energy analysis and programs, and energy infrastructure and risk analysis to enhance grid resilience. TPP addresses transmission planning and permitting challenges to enable a resilient and reliable electricity system. Modernizing transmission planning and improv-

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Energy Programs—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Federal Funds—Continued Federal Federa

ing permitting can provide greater certainty to drive investment to the highest-need transmission projects and enable development of the projects with the largest long-term benefit for consumers.

Distribution and Markets (D&M).—The D&M program works with electricity system partners and stakeholders to establish and improve centrally-organized market components and bilateral market arrangements as well as advance distribution-level market opportunities. The FY 2024 request establishes two new activities: EV Grid Planning and Markets, which supports grid management and integration for EV deployment and related technologies into the distribution market, and Territory, Tribal, and Rural Community Development, which works to ensure communities' access to reliable and affordable electricity.

*Hydropower Incentives.*—This program invests in flexible hydropower assets that build upon the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act's hydropower incentives program.

Program Direction.—Program Direction provides for the costs associated with the Federal workforce and contractor services that support GDO's mission. These costs include salaries, benefits, travel, training, building occupancy, IT systems, and other related expenses.

GDO also implements the following programs appropriated under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act of 2021, Inflation Reduction Act of 2022, and the Disaster Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023, which were appropriated under the Department's Electricity account:

Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIIA).—IIJA provides additional resources to support investment in critical generation facilities, the development of interregional transmission lines, and upgrades to the existing distribution and transmission system to support grid modernization efforts.

Inflation Reduction Act (IRA).—IRA provides additional resources to support investments for increased development of electricity transmission infrastructure.

Disaster Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act.—The FY 2023 Disaster Relief Supplemental provides additional resources to improve the resilience of the Puerto Rican electric grid.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 089-2301-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
11.1	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time			
	permanent			8
11.9	Total personnel compensation			8
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits			3
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons			1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges			5
24.0	Printing and reproduction			1
25.1	Advisory and assistance services			6
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources			45
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources			12
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities			3
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment			3
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions			20
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts			107
	<b>Employment Summary</b>			
Identific	cation code 089-2301-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment			53

#### TRANSMISSION FACILITATION FUND

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–4380–0–3–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0010	Loans			236
0020	Capacity contracts		500	471
0030	Public private partnerships			236
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts		500	943
	Budgetary resources:			
	Budget authority:			
	Borrowing authority, mandatory:			
1400	Borrowing authority		500	1,000
1420	Borrowing authority permanently reduced			
1440	Borrowing authority, mandatory (total)		500	943
1900	Budget authority (total)		500	943
1930	Total budgetary resources available		500	943
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1			500
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts		500	943
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year		500	1,443

3100 3200	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Obligated balance, start of year Obligated balance, end of year	 500	500 1,443
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Mandatory:		
4090	Budget authority, gross	 500	943
	Budget authority, net (total)	 500	943
4190	Outlays, net (total)	 	

The Transmission Facilitation Fund was created in Section 40106 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act of 2021 to facilitate the construction, replacement, or capacity upgrade of certain eligible electric power transmission lines and related facilities. A borrowing authority of \$2.5 billion was established for the fund to carry out the program.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-4380-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
33.0 41.0	Direct obligations: Investments and loans		500	707 236
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts		500	943

#### CYBERSECURITY, ENERGY SECURITY, AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE

For Department of Energy expenses including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment, and other expenses necessary for energy sector cybersecurity, energy security, and emergency response activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, [\$200,000,000] \$245,475,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That of such amount, [\$25,143,000] \$32,475,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

2022 actual

2023 est.

2024 est.

Identification code 089-2250-0-1-271

8000	Obligations by program activity: Cybersecurity for Energy Delivery Systems	31		
0010	Risk Management Technology and Tools (CEDS)	61	125	135
0020	Infrastructure security and energy restoration	4		
0021	Response and Restoration	12	23	39
0022	Information Sharing, Partnerships and Exercises	16		
0023			27	39
0030	Program direction	17	25	32
0035	CESER, Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act	11	60	80
0799	Total direct obligations	152	260	325
0801	Reimbursable work	1	5	5
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	153	265	330
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	64	254	292
1011	Unobligated balance transfer from other acct [089–0318]	_		
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	5	·····	
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	71	254	292
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	336	200	245
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089–0222]	<u>-1</u>	<u></u>	
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	335	200	245
	Advance appropriations, discretionary:			
1170	** * * * *		100	100
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:			
1700	Collected	1	3	3
1900	Budget authority (total)	336	303	348
1930	Total budgetary resources available	407	557	640
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	254	292	310
	Change in obligated balance:			
3000	Unpaid obligations:	100	212	244
	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	186		244
3010 3020	New obligations, unexpired accounts	153 -122	265 233	330 -272
JUZU	Outlays (gross)	-122	-233	-212

# Cybersecurity, Energy Security, and Emergency Response—Continued Program and Financing—Continued

Identif	ication code 089-2250-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-5		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	212	244	302
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	_3	_3	
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-3	-3	-3
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	183	209	241
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	209	241	299
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	336	303	348
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	21	33	37
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	101	200	235
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	122	233	272
4030	Federal sources			
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-1	-3	-3
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	335	300	345
4190	Outlays, net (total)	121	230	269

The Office of Cybersecurity, Energy Security, and Emergency Response (CESER) leads the Department's efforts to secure U.S. energy infrastructure against all hazards, reduce the risks of and impacts from cyber events and other disruptive events, and assists with restoration activities. Programs include:

Preparedness, Policy, and Risk Analysis (PPRA).—The PPRA program is focused on cultivating strong partnerships with State, Local, Tribal, and Territorial (SLTT) entities and private industry, with insights and support from academia and laboratory partnerships to identify, assess, and manage cyber, physical, and climate-based risks and threats to electricity, oil, and natural gas infrastructure across the country. PPRA works to strengthen the security and resilience of critical energy infrastructure and surrounding communities through threat- and intelligence-informed risk analysis, exercises, training and workforce development, as well as through policies and standards developed in partnership with other Federal entities, regulators, and States.

Risk Management Tools (RMT).—The RMT program seeks to enhance the security and resilience of the Nation's energy infrastructure through research, development, and demonstration activities informed by cyber, physical, and climate-based risks and threats. RMT develops tools, technologies, and techniques to buy down risks to energy systems in partnership with the DOE National Laboratories, energy sector owners and operators, manufacturers, and academia. As the energy sector continues to evolve with new sources of generation, communications protocols, and architectures, RMT is focused on ensuring that security and resilience are engineered into designs of their componential software, hardware, and systems. RMT's work is threat- and intelligence-informed to ensure it addresses emerging threats and risks.

Response and Restoration (R&R).—The R&R program coordinates a national effort to secure the U.S. energy infrastructure against all hazards, reduce impacts from disruptive events, and assist industry with restoration activities. R&R delivers a range of capabilities including energy sector emergency response and recovery (including emergency response of a cyber nature); near-real-time situational awareness about the status of the energy systems to improve risk management; and analysis of evolving threats and hazards to energy infrastructure. R&R is focused on expanding its cyber situational capabilities and enabling joint collaboration between industry and government to address emerging threats.

Program Direction.—Program Direction provides for the costs associated with the Federal workforce and contractor services that support CESER's mission. These costs include salaries, benefits, travel, training, building occupancy, IT systems, and other related expenses. This also includes incentives to retain and recruit cyber and engineering staff to help lead the important national security and resilience initiatives conducted by CESER.

The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) (Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, P.L. 117–58) provides additional resources for CESER to: 1) implement a rural and municipal utility advanced cybersecurity grant and technical assistance program, and 2) enhance grid security.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 089-2250-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
11.1	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	6	8	9
11.9	Total personnel compensation	6	8	9
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	2	3	3
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	17	25	25
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	2	2	2
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	1	1	1
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	88	88	88
25.5	Research and development contracts	36	133	197

99.0	Direct obligations	152	260	325
99.0		1	5	5
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	153	265	330

#### **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-2250-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	60	104	124

### ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND RENEWABLE ENERGY

For Department of Energy expenses including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment, and other expenses necessary for energy efficiency and renewable energy activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, [\$3,460,000,000] \$3,826,116,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, [\$223,000,000] \$225,623,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

2022 actual

2023 oct

2 220

12.150

1.943

2024 oct

Identification code 080 0321 0 1 270

Identif	ication code 089-0321-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			_
0001	Vehicle Technologies	398	455	527
0002	Bioenergy Technologies	198	280	323
0003	Hydrogen & Fuel Cell Technologies	131	170	163
0091	Sustainable Transportation, subtotal	727	905	1,013
0101	Solar Energy	260	318	379
0102	Wind Energy	113	132	385
0103	Water Power	128	179	230
0104	Geothermal Technologies	87	118	216
0105	Renewable Energy Integration	30	45	59
0191	Renewable Electricity, subtotal	618	792	1,269
0201	Advanced Manufacturing	244	450	
0202	Building Technologies	351	332	348
0203	Weatherization & Intergovernmental Activities	856		
0204	Federal Energy Management Program	30		
0205	Advanced Materials and Manufacturing Technologies			242
0206	Industrial Efficiency and Decarbonization			394
0291	Energy Efficiency, subtotal	1.481	782	984
0301	Program Direction & Support	194	186	226
0302	Strategic Programs	20	21	58
0303	Facilities & Infrastructure	140	205	277
0391	EERE Corporate Support, subtotal	354	412	561
0401	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act	10	2,220	1.945
0450	Inflation Reduction Act		12.150	1,545
0451	Manufacturing and Energy Supply Chains		12,130	
0451	Federal Energy Management Program		57	
0452	State and Community Energy Programs		493	
0491	Direct program activities, subtotal	10	14,939	1,945
0799	Total direct obligations	3,190	17,830	5,772
0810	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (Reimbursable)	202	168	168
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	3,392	17,998	5,940
	Total for surgetions, anoxpress associates	0,002	17,000	
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	809	21.099	9.052
1000	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	809	,	.,
1001	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	60	90	90
1021	Recoveries of prior year unipaid obligations	1		
1033	Recoveries of prior year paid obligations			<del></del>
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	870	21,189	9,142
	Budget authority:			
1100	Appropriations, discretionary:	11 407	2.400	2.000
1100	Appropriation	11,407	3,460	3,826
1120	Appropriations transferred to other accts [089–0222]	-116		
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089–0228]	-8		
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089–0236]			
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	11,275	3,460	3,826

Advance appropriations, discretionary:

Appropriation (Inflation Reduction Act) ......

Jobs Act1

Appropriations, mandatory:

Advance appropriation [Infrastructure Investment and

1170

1200

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Programs—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Federal Funds—Continued Federal Federa

	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:			
1700 1701	CollectedChange in uncollected payments, Federal sources	189 7	181	181
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	196	181	181
1900	Budget authority (total)	23,621	5,861	5,950
1930	Total budgetary resources available	24,491	27,050	15,092
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	21,099	9,052	9,152
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	4,636	5,325	18,203
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	3,392	17,998	5,940
3020	Outlays (gross)	-2,642	-5,030	-8,929
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-60	-90	-90
3041	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, expired			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of yearUncollected payments:	5,325	18,203	15,124
3060 3070	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1 Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-87 -7	_94 	_94 
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-94	-94	-94
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	4,549	5,231	18,109
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	5,231	18,109	15,030
4000	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:	11 471	E 0C1	E 0E0
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	11,471	5,861	5,950
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	429	1,169	1,232
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	2,213	3,834	6,018
4020	Outlays, gross (total) Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays: Offsetting collections (collected) from:	2,642	5,003	7,250
4030	Federal sources	-87	-81	-81
4033	Non-Federal sources	-103		
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:	-190	-181	-181
4050 4053	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired	-7		
	accounts	1		
4060	Additional offsets against budget authority only (total)		<u></u>	<u></u>
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	11,275	5,680	5,769
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	2,452	4,822	7,069
4090	Mandatory:  Budget authority, gross  Outlays, gross:	12,150		
4101	Outlays from mandatory balances		27	1,679
4180		23,425	5,680	5,769
4190	Outlays, net (total)	2,452	4,849	8,748

The Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE) accelerates the research, development, demonstration, and deployment (RDD&D) of technologies and solutions to equitably transition America to net-zero greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions economy-wide no later than 2050, creating good paying jobs, and ensuring the clean energy economy benefits all Americans, especially workers and communities impacted by the energy transition and those historically underserved by the energy system and overburdened by pollution.

To achieve this mission, EERE invests in clean energy technologies that are ready to be demonstrated and deployed, as well as research and development (R&D) activities that advance early stage technologies with a clear path to deployment. EERE's investments focus on five strategic priority areas: decarbonizing the electricity sector, decarbonizing transportation across all modes, decarbonizing U.S. industrial facilities, decarbonizing the building sector, and decarbonizing the agriculture sector, specifically focused on the nexus between energy and water.

EERE works in a unified and coordinated way with its state and local partners to accelerate a just, equitable transition to a clean energy economy and ensure that the office's investments benefit everyone, especially those in underserved or pollution over-burdened communities and workers and communities impacted by the energy transition. The office is organized into four pillars, with three technical pillars designed to advance cross-technology solutions, and a Corporate Program pillar that serves as the central organization for all EERE products, services, processes, and systems.

Sustainable Transportation Pillar.—Supports RDD&D efforts to decarbonize transportation across all modes to enable the following: vehicle electrification; commercially viable hydrogen fuel cell trucks; sustainable aviation fuel from biomass; and waste carbon resources and low-GHG options for off-road vehicles, rail, and maritime transport. Many newly-proposed investments in this pillar are directly focused on deployment or demonstration of technology to show viable commercial paths, including a number of programmatic performance milestones by 2030 related to decarbonizing transportation across all modes. The Budget also supports hydrogen use for industrial decarbonization and energy storage, including sustainable biomass to achieve reduced GHG from the agricultural sector.

RenewableEnergyPillar.—Supports RDD&D efforts to reduce the costs and accelerate the integration and utilization of renewable energy technologies as part of a reliable, secure, resilient, and fully decarbonized electric system by 2035 and a net zero economy by 2050. This request drives critical cost reductions and technical improvements in wind, solar, geothermal, and water power technologies to increase the penetration of cost-competitive, non-emitting energy generation resources across the country. Renewable Power also provides new research and technologies to facilitate the siting and integration of the high levels of renewable power generation needed to fully decarbonize the power system, and supports the development of diversified, resilient supply chains for all renewable energy technologies to help ensure the long-lasting security of the U.S. energy supply, which will alson provide thousands of good-paying jobs for American workers. The request includes an energy-water demonstration project intended to demonstrate a commercially-viable regional and/or local energy-water project that both harnesses renewable power and improves water conditions.

Buildings and IndustryPillar.— Supports RDD&D to decarbonize America's homes, buildings, and industrial facilities while also strengthening U.S. manufacturing competitiveness and producing thousands of good-paying jobs. The request includes increased support for demonstration and deployment, as well as high impact R&D of technologies to increase energy efficiency, improve demand flexibility, and reduce on-site emissions from our nation's 125 million homes and commercial buildings to reduce total emissions by 50 percent by 2030 and net-zero by 2050. It also increases investment in RDD&D across the multiple decarbonization technologies and approaches necessary to achieve net-zero emissions by 2050, including industry-specific decarbonization investments focused on the chemicals, iron and steel, cement, and food products industries. In addition, the request includes significant funding increases for public investment in federal, state, and community programs to accelerate investments in decarbonizing all sectors of the U.S. economy.

In the FY 2024 request, EERE further sharpens and focuses its manufacturing and industrial decarbonization portfolio, reorganizing the Advanced Manufacturing Office into two lines of effort aligned with two organizational offices established in FY 2023: the Advanced Materials and Manufacturing Technologies Office (AMMTO) and Industrial Efficiency and Decarbonization Office (IEDO).

CorporateSupportPillar.—Supports activities to make EERE more efficient and effective. This pillar identifies ways to strengthen EERE's overall performance, organization, budget, laboratory management, operations, human capital, and project management while achieving significant cost savings. This includes support for program direction (e.g., salaries and benefits, support services, working capital fund, etc.) and facilities and infrastructure as part of EERE's stewardship of the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (e.g., general plant projects, general purpose equipment, safeguards and security, and capacity building for Administration priorities).

Budgetary projections, including program direction and FTE counts, in the EERE account reflect execution of the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) and the Bipartisan Infrastructure Legislation (BIL) programs appropriated to EERE and executed through EERE and three newly established programs: State and Community Energy Programs; Manufacturing and Energy Supply Chains; and Federal Energy Management Program.

In FY 2024, as appropriated through the EERE account, \$1.945 Billion of BIL funding is provided to support the following activities: Electric Drive Vehicle Battery Recycling and Second-Life Applications Program; Clean Hydrogen Electrolysis Program; Clean Hydrogen Manufacturing Recycling Research, Development, and Demonstration Program; Maintaining and Enhancing Hydroelectricity Incentives - Section 247 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005; Implementation Grants for Industrial Research and Assessment Centers; Industrial Research and Assessment Centers; Grants for Energy Efficiency Improvement and Renewable Energy Improvements at Public School Facilities; Grants for Updating Building Energy Codes; Advanced Energy Manufacturing and Recycling Grants for Updating Buttery Manufacturing and Recycling Grants: and Battery Material Processing Grants.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-0321-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	84	90	96
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	2	2	2
11.5	Other personnel compensation	2	2	2
11.9	Total personnel compensation	88	94	100
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	32	34	35
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	2	2	2
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	2	2	2
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	157	180	180
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	41	50	50
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	44	50	50
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	1,435	1,700	1,700
25.5	Research and development contracts	133	2,771	1,890
26.0	Supplies and materials	1	1	1
31.0	Equipment	5	6	6
32.0	Land and structures	1	1	1
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	1,249	12,939	1,755
99.0	Direct obligations	3,190	17,830	5,772
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	202	168	168
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	3,392	17,998	5,940

710

# ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND RENEWABLE ENERGY—Continued Employment Summary

Identification code 089-0321-0-1-270

1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment.

# 2022 actual 2023 est. 2024 est.

629

723

## OFFICE OF MANUFACTURING AND ENERGY SUPPLY CHAINS

For Department of Energy expenses including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment, and other expenses necessary for manufacturing and energy supply chain activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, \$179,490,000 to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, \$75,000,000 shall be available for activities under section 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4533 et seq.): Provided further, That of the amounts provided under this heading, not more than \$24,000,000 shall be available until September 30, 2025, for program direction, of which up to \$10,000,000 shall be from amounts made available in the previous proviso.

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–2291–0–1–270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Industrial Assessment Centers (IACs)			15
0002	Defense Production Act			65
0003	Global Clean Energy Manufacturing Initiative			75
0010	Program Direction			24
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts			179
	Budgetary resources:			
	Budget authority: Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriations, discretionary: Appropriation			179
1900	Budget authority (total)			179
1930	Total budgetary resources available			179
	Change in obligated balance:			
0010	Unpaid obligations:			170
3010 3020	New obligations, unexpired accounts			179 90
3020	Outlays (gross)			-90
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year			89
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3200	Obligated balance, end of year			89
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4000	Discretionary:			179
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:			1/5
4010	Outlays, gross: Outlays from new discretionary authority			90
4180	Budget authority, net (total)			179
4190	Outlays, net (total)			90
7130	outlays, not (total)			30

The Office of Manufacturing and Energy Supply Chains (MESC) is responsible for strengthening and securing manufacturing and energy supply chains needed to modernize the nations energy infrastructure and support a clean and equitable energy transition. MESC catalyzes the development of an energy sector industrial base through investments which establish and secure domestic clean energy supply chains and manufacturing, and by engaging with private-sector companies, other Federal agencies, and key stakeholders to collect, analyze, respond to, and share data about energy supply chains to inform future decision making and investment. MESC manages a portfolio of programs to catalyze the development of a resilient and sustainable energy sector industrial base (ESIB) through investments that establish and secure domestic clean energy manufacturing supply chains such as: (1) support for scale-up and deployment of new manufacturing infrastructure to fill critical ESIB gaps; (2) support for manufacturing facility upgrades to achieve ESIB decarbonization goal; and (3) the development of world-class national and regional energy sector supply chain modeling, mapping, and analysis tools. In addition, MESC manages programs that develop clean domestic manufacturing and workforce capabilities, with an emphasis on opportunities for small and medium enterprises and communities in energy transition. The request includes discrete programmatic investments for a Global Clean Energy Manufacturing Initiative and for Defense Production Act activities related to recent Presidential Determinations. These activities were previously funded within the Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy appropriation.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-2291-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent			6
11.3	Other than full-time permanent			1
11.5	Other personnel compensation			1
11.9	Total personnel compensation			8
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons			2
23.1	Rental payments to GSA			1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges			2
25.1	Advisory and assistance services			28
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources			70
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions			68
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts			179
	Employment Summary			
Identi	fication code 089-2291-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.

Identification code 089-2291-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment			50

#### OFFICE OF STATE AND COMMUNITY ENERGY PROGRAMS

For Department of Energy expenses including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment, and other expenses necessary for state and community energy activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, \$705,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, \$33,220,000 shall be available until September 30, 2025, for program direction.

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	cication code 089-2292-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0002	Weatherization Assistance Program			437
0003	Community Programs			65
0004	State Energy Programs			75
0005	Energy Future Grants			40
0006	Energy Burden Reduction Pilot			50
0007	Energy Communities Interagency Working Group			
0010	Program Direction			33
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts			705
	Budgetary resources:			
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation			705
1900	Budget authority (total)			705
1930	Total budgetary resources available			705
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts			705
3020	Outlays (gross)			-282
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year			423
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3200	Obligated balance, end of year			423
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross			705
	Outlays, gross:			
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority			282
4180	Budget authority, net (total)			705
4190	Outlays, net (total)			282

The Office of State and Community Energy Programs (SCEP) supports the transition to an equitable clean energy economy by working with community-level implementation partners and State Energy Offices. SCEP manages the Weatherization Assistance Program, State Energy Program, Community Energy Programs (which includes the Local Government Energy Program), and Energy Future Grants. The mission of SCEP is to partner with state and local organizations to significantly accelerate the deployment of clean energy technologies and practices through place-based strategies involving a wide range of government, community, and business stake-holders. These activities help decrease energy costs and contribute to decarbonization efforts,

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provide good-paying jobs with a fair and free choice to join a union and collectively bargain, and secure clean energy economy benefits for all Americans, especially marginalized and low-income communities that have long borne the brunt of pollution. SCEP and its national networks provide strategic leadership, resource leveraging, and market expertise to accelerate deployment of energy efficiency and clean energy products and technologies that, where implemented, improve Americas energy security and economic prosperity. SCEP was previously funded in the Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy appropriation.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	ication code 089-2292-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent			1
11.3	Other than full-time permanent			
11.5	Other personnel compensation			
11.9	Total personnel compensation			1:
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits			
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges			
24.0	Printing and reproduction			
25.1	Advisory and assistance services			12
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources			;
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources			
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities			
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions			55
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts			70
	Employment Summary			
dentifi	ication code 089–2292–0–1–270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment			7:

#### FEDERAL ENERGY MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

For Department of Energy expenses including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment, and other expenses necessary for federal energy management activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, \$82,200,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, \$17,200,000 shall be available until September 30, 2025, for program direction.

### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–2293–0–1–270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Federal Energy Management			41
0002	Federal Energy Efficiency Fund			24
0010	Program Direction			17
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts			82
	Budgetary resources:			
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation			82
1930	Total budgetary resources available			82
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts			82
3020	Outlays (gross)			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year			49
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3200	Obligated balance, end of year			49
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross			82
	Outlays, gross:			
1010	Outlays from new discretionary authority			33
1180	Budget authority, net (total)			82
4190	Outlays, net (total)			33

The mission of the Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP), in accordance with the Energy Act of 2020, Section 1012 (42 U.S.C. 8253(i)), is to: (1) facilitate the implementation

by the Federal government of cost-effective energy and water management and energy-related investment practices; (2) coordinate and strengthen Federal energy and water efficiency and resilience; and (3) to promote environmental stewardship. Federal agencies are required to comply with Executive Orders and statutory mandates while maintaining resilient, efficient, and secure installations in support of mission assurance. Federal agencies' needs include technology development and integration; infrastructure improvements; energy project development and implementation assistance; and workforce development. FEMP works with its stakeholders to build Federal agencies' capacity to meet those goals by supplying agencies with the information, tools, and assistance they need to meet and track their energy-related requirements and goals—a main instrument in deploying energy infrastructure across the Federal government is by administering the Assisting Federal Facilities with Energy Conservation Technologies (AFFECT) Grant Program under its Federal Energy Efficiency Fund (FEEF) Program authority. FEMP was previously funded in the Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy appropriation.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–2293–0–1–270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent			7
11.3	Other than full-time permanent			1
11.9	Total personnel compensation			8
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits			1
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons			1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges			2
24.0	Printing and reproduction			1
25.1	,,			48
26.0				1
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions			20
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts			82
	Employment Summary			
Identif	ication code 089–2293–0–1–270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment			53

## TECHNOLOGY TRANSITIONS

For Department of Energy expenses necessary for carrying out the activities of technology transitions, [\$22,098,000] \$56,550,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of [such amount, \$13,183,000] the amounts appropriated under this heading, \$1,500,000 shall be for the establishment of the Foundation for Energy Security and Innovation authorized by section 10691 of Public Law 117–167: Provided further, That, of the amounts appropriated under this heading, \$29,500,000 shall be for payment to the Foundation for Energy Security and Innovation upon its establishment: Provided further, That of the amounts provided under this heading, \$13,639,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

Identif	ntification code 089–0346–0–1–276		2023 est.	2024 est.
0010 0040	Obligations by program activity: Technology transition activities	14	9	12 14
0050				31
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	14	22	57
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Budget authority: Appropriations, discretionary:		5	5
1100	Appropriation	19	22	57
1930	Total budgetary resources available	19	27	62
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	5	5	5
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1		8	11
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	14	22	57
3020	Outlays (gross)			-38
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Memorandum (non-add) entries:	8	11	30
3100	Obligated balance, start of year		8	11

40

22

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# TECHNOLOGY TRANSITIONS—Continued Program and Financing—Continued

Identif	ication code 089-0346-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	8	11	30
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4000	Discretionary: Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	19	22	57
4010 4011	Outlays from new discretionary authority Outlays from discretionary balances	6	11 8	28 10
4020 4180	Outlays, gross (total)	6	19 22	38
4190	Outlays, net (total)	6	19	38

The mission of the Office of Technology Transitions (OTT) is to expand the commercial and public impact of the Department of Energy's investments. OTT serves a multi-disciplinary role across the Research, Development, Demonstration, and Deployment (RDD&D) continuum to support the transition of our technologies to the market. OTT does so by providing public-private partnering support, technology transfer policy leadership, market-informed analytics, commercial adoption risk assessments, and Departmental expertise in the use of prizes and partnership intermediary agreements. OTT manages DOE's ongoing lab-to-market and other technology commercialization activities, including the statutory Technology Commercialization Fund, the Energy I-Corps, the Energy Program for Innovation Clusters (EPIC), Energy Technology University Prize, and the Lab Partnering Service. OTT stewards DOE technology transition activities, including policy reform, data collection and analyses, industry stakeholder convenings, and strategic communication and amplification of DOE technology transfer success stories across the DOE—including programs, field offices, and the National Laboratories and Production Facilities. OTT supports the establishment of the Foundation for Energy Security and Innovation (FESI) which will work with DOE to carry out its critical mission and to accelerate the commercialization of new and existing energy technologies.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 089-0346-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
11.1	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time			
	permanent	3	4	4
11.9	Total personnel compensation	3	4	4
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	1	2	2
25.1	Advisory and assistance services		11	16
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	1		
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	9		
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions		5	35
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	14	22	57
	Employment Summary			
Identific	cation code 089-0346-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.

## CLEAN ENERGY DEMONSTRATIONS

1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment ...

For Department of Energy expenses, including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses necessary for clean energy demonstrations in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, [\$89,000,000] \$215,300,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount, [\$25,000,000] \$45,300,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 089-2297-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0010	Clean Energy Demonstrations (Base Program)	12	14	100
0011	Program Direction (Base)	8	25	45
0013	Energy Improvement in Rural and Remote Areas	12	93	17
0015	Regional Clean Hydrogen Hubs	1	88	134
0017	Clean Energy Demonstration Program on Current and Former			
	Mine Land	10	22	25
0019	Energy Storage Demonstration Pilot Grant Program		32	21
0021	Long-duration Demonstration Initiative and Joint Program		101	8
0023	Advanced Reactor Demonstration Program		759	586

0025	Carbon Capture Demonstration Projects Program		202	259
0027	Carbon Capture Large-scale Pilot Projects		55	4
0029	Industrial Emission Demonstration Projects		52	23
0031	Upgrading Our Electric Grid and Ensuring Reliability and			
	Resiliency		1,996	998
0033	Program Direction - IIJA	27	100	100
0050	Advanced Industrial Facilities Deployment Program		50	283
0051	Inflation Reduction Act - Administrative Expenses		50	75
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	70	3,639	2,678
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance:		10.070	11.750
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1		10,879	11,752
	Budget authority:			
1100	Appropriations, discretionary:	5 1 4 7		015
1100	Appropriation	5,147	89	215
1120	Appropriations transferred to OIG acct [089–0236]	-5		
1120	Appropriations transferred to DA acct [089–0228]			
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	5,137	89	215
1100	Advance appropriations, discretionary:	3,137	03	213
1170	Advance appropriation		4.423	4.472
11/0	Appropriations, mandatory:		4,425	7,772
1200	Appropriation	5,812		
1900	Budget authority (total)	10.949	4.512	4.687
1930	Total budgetary resources available	10,949	15,391	16,439
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	,	,	,
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	10,879	11,752	13,761
	Change in obligated balance:			
3000	Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1		60	2.666
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	70	3.639	2,600
3020	Outlays (gross)	-10	-1,033	-2,334
3020	Outlays (gloss)	-10	-1,033	-2,334
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	60	2,666	3,010
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year		60	2,666
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	60	2,666	3,010
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4000	Discretionary:	F 107	4.510	4.007
4000	Budget authority, gross	5,137	4,512	4,687
4010	Outlays, gross:	10	381	381
	Outlays from new discretionary authority			
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances		648	1,553
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	10	1,029	1,934
	Mandatory:			
4090	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	5,812		
4101	Outlays from mandatory balances		4	400
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	10,949	4,512	4,687
	Outlays, net (total)	10,343	1,033	2,334
1130		10	1,000	2,004

The mission of the Office of Clean Energy Demonstrations (OCED) is to deliver clean energy demonstration projects at scale in partnership with the private sector to accelerate deployment, market adoption, and the equitable transition to a decarbonized energy system. OCED was established in December 2021 and initially funded in the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) enacted in November 2021. OCED also received funding in the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) enacted in August 2022. These investments are intended to drive commercialization and unlock private investment to set the Nation on a course to achieve critical long-term climate change objectives.

OCED programs demonstrate clean energy solutions at or near full- and commercial-scale, in realistic operational environments, and in partnership with the private sector and local communities. The primary goal of these demonstrations is to enable market liftoff and resolve critical risks to commercialization and adoption of decarbonization solutions across all sectors to ensure bankability, marketability, and replicability. OCED programs and funding are focused predominantly on these demonstration-to-deployment objectives, as differentiated from research and development. The majority of OCED's demonstrations are intended to transition into sustained, long-term operations following the project period of performance, building confidence among investors, financiers, industry, customers, and communities in the value, viability, and overall performance of the solution.

OCED also serves as a project management oversight center of excellence, applying lessons learned from past DOE demonstrations and adopting best practices for project management.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 089-2297-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
11.1	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	4	15	24
11.9 12.1	Total personnel compensation	4 1	15 6	24 6

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21.0	Travel and transportation of persons		1	1
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	7	40	50
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	5	10	12
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	16	1,979	998
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	37	168	86
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions		1,420	1,501
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	70	3,639	2,678

## **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-2297-0-1-270	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	29	200	275

#### INDIAN ENERGY POLICY AND PROGRAMS

For necessary expenses for Indian Energy activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), [\$75,000,000] \$110,050,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That of the amount appropriated under this heading, [\$14,000,000] \$20,353,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–0342–0–1–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0010	Obligations by program activity: Direct program activity	15	75	110
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	10	53	53
1000	Budget authority:	10	33	33
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	58	75	110
1930	Total budgetary resources available	68	128	163
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	53	53	53
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	32	35	71
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	15	75	110
3020	Outlays (gross)	-12		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	35	71	88
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	32	35	71
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	35	71	88
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	58	75	110
4000	Outlays, gross:	30	73	110
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	3	19	28
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	9	20	65
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	12	39	93
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	58	75	110
4190	Outlays, net (total)	12	39	93

Office of Indian Energy Policy and Programs (IE).—Directs, fosters, coordinates, and implements energy planning, education, management, and financial assistance programs that assist Indian tribes with clean energy development and infrastructure, capacity building, energy costs, and electrification of Indian lands and homes. IE coordinates programmatic activity across the Department related to development of clean energy resources on Indian lands, and works with other Federal government agencies, Indian tribes, and tribal organizations to promote Indian energy policies and initiatives. Through financial and technical assistance IE will empower American Indian and Alaskan Native nations to lead the transition to 100% clean energy, conduct seven generation planning, and address energy access and energy poverty in Indian Country. A key focus will be on assisting Tribal Colleges and Universities to power their campuses with clean energy.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 089-0342-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
11.1	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time			
	permanent	1	4	4
11.9	Total personnel compensation	1	4	4
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	1	2	4

25.1 25.2	Advisory and assistance services	2	9	10 4
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	1	2	5
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	9	56	83
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	15	75	110

### **Employment Summary**

Identif	ication code 089-0342-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	14	29	29

#### NON-DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP

For Department of Energy expenses, including the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses necessary for non-defense environmental cleanup activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, I and the purchase of one passenger motor vehicle, \$358,583,000] \$348,700,000\$, to remain available until expended: Provided, That in addition, fees collected pursuant to subsection (b)(1) of section 6939f of title 42, United States Code, and deposited under this heading in fiscal year [2023] 2024 pursuant to section 309 of title III of division C of Public Law 116–94 are appropriated, to remain available until expended, for mercury storage costs. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

Identif	fication code 089-0315-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0002	Fast Flux Test Facility	3	3	3
0003	Gaseous Diffusion Plants	121	131	133
0004	Small Sites	129	133	123
0005	West Valley Demonstration Project	89	90	90
0006	Management and Storage of Elemental Mercury		2	
0799	Total direct obligations	342	359	349
0801	Non-defense Environmental Cleanup (Reimbursable)	44	35	35
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	386	394	384
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	4	23	23
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	29		
1070		33	23	23
	Budget authority: Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	334	359	349
1700	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	40	0.5	0.5
1700	Collected	42	35	35
1900	Budget authority (total)	376	394	384
1930	Total budgetary resources available	409	417	407
1941	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	23	23	23
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	285	290	222
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	386	394	384
3020	Outlays (gross)	-352	-462	-506
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of yearUncollected payments:	290	222	100
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1			-1
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-1	-1	-1
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	284	289	221
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	289	221	99
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	376	394	384
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	206	286	279
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	146	176	227
.011	Sacraça nom districtionary bulaness			
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	352	462	506

# Non-Defense Environmental Cleanup—Continued Program and Financing—Continued

Identifi	cation code 089-0315-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays: Offsetting collections (collected) from:			
4030	Federal sources	-1		
4033	Non-Federal sources	-41	-35	-35
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-42	-35	-35
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	334	359	349
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	310	427	471
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	334	359	349
	Outlays, net (total)	310	427	471

The Non-Defense Environmental Cleanup program includes funds to manage and clean up sites used for civilian energy research and non-defense-related activities. These activities resulted in radioactive, hazardous, and mixed waste contamination that requires remediation, stabilization, or some other type of corrective action, as well as the decontamination and decommissioning of former research and production buildings and supporting infrastructure. The budget displays the cleanup program by site and activity.

West Valley Demonstration Project.—Funds waste disposition, building decontamination, and removal of non-essential facilities in the near-term.

Gaseous Diffusion Plants.—Funds surveillance and maintenance of the former Uranium Program facilities and manages legacy polychlorinated biphenyl contamination. The program also includes the operation of two depleted uranium hexafluoride conversion facilities at Paducah, Kentucky, and Portsmouth, Ohio, which are converting the depleted uranium hexafluoride into a more stable form for reuse or disposition.

Fast Flux Test Facility.—Funds the long-term surveillance and maintenance and eventual decontamination and decommissioning of the Fast Flux Test Facility, constructed and operated from the 1960s through 1980s.

Small Sites.—Funds cleanup, closure, and post-closure environmental activities at a number of geographic sites across the nation, including the Energy Technology Engineering Center and Moab, as well as non-defense activities at Idaho. Some sites are associated with other Department of Energy programs, particularly the Office of Science, and will have continuing missions after EM completes the cleanup. Others will transition to the Office of Legacy Management or private-sector entities for post-closure activities.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 089-0315-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	3	3	3
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	41	43	42
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	1	1	1
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	294	309	300
32.0	Land and structures	2	2	2
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	1	1	1
99.0	Direct obligations	342	359	349
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	44	35	35
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	386	394	384

#### FOSSIL ENERGY AND CARBON MANAGEMENT

For Department of Energy expenses necessary in carrying out fossil energy and carbon management research and development activities, under the authority of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including the acquisition of interest, including defeasible and equitable interests in any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition or expansion, and for conducting inquiries, technological investigations and research concerning the extraction, processing, use, and disposal of mineral substances without objectionable social and environmental costs (30 U.S.C. 3, 1602, and 1603), [\$890,000,000] \$905,475,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of such amount [\$70,000,000] \$92,000,000 shall be available until September 30, [2024] 2025, for program direction. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

Identifi	cation code 089-0213-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Point-Source Carbon Capture		135	144
0002	Carbon Capture	100		
0003	Carbon Storage	44		
0004	Advanced Energy Systems	74		
0005	Cross-Cutting Research	28		
0006	Carbon Transport and Storage		110	110
0007	Carbon Dioxide Removal	14	70	70

0008	Carbon Capture, Utilization and Storage Critical Minerals	37 7		
0010	Carbon Ore Processing	1		
0011 0012	Hydrogen with Carbon Management Program Direction	66	95 70	85 92
0012	Program Direction - NETL R&D	133		
0017	Special Recruitment Program	1	1	1
0018 0019	Carbon Dioxide Conversion Policy, Analysis, and Engagement		50	50 5
0020	Natural gas technologies	64		
0021 0022	Unconventional FE Technologies	13 15		
0024	NETL Research and Operations		87	89
0025	NETL INFRASTRUCTURE		55	55
0026	Revitalization		3	
0030	Methane Mitigation Technologies		60	100
0031 0032	Advanced Remediation Technologies Natural Gas Decarbonization and Hydrogen Technologies		55 26	13 20
0033	Mineral Sustainability		54	45
0034	Regulation, Analysis, and Engagement			1
0040 0041	Energy Asset Transformation University Training and Research		6 13	6 19
0045	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act		300	500
0050	Inflation Reduction Act		63	68
0799 0801	Total direct obligations	597 9	1,253	1,473
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	606	1,253	1,473
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000 1001	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	227 227	2,444	3,527
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	25		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	252	2,444	3,527
1070	Budget authority:	232	2,444	3,327
1100	Appropriations, discretionary:	0.004	000	005
1100 1120	Appropriation Appropriations transferred to other accts [089–0222]	2,664 -19	890	905
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089–0228]	-2		
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089–0236]			
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	2,641	890	905
1170	Advance appropriations, discretionary:		1,442	1,446
1170	Advance appropriationAppropriations, mandatory:		1,442	1,440
1200	Appropriation	150		
1700	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary: Collected	5	2	
1701	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	2	2	
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	7	4	
1900	Budget authority (total)	2,798	2,336	2,351
1930	Total budgetary resources available	3,050	4,780	5,878
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	2,444	3,527	4,405
				-
	Change in obligated balance:			
3000	Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	1,119	969	1,112
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	606	1,253	1,473
3020 3040	Outlays (gross)	−731 −25	-1,110	-2,029
	. ,			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	969	1,112	556
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	-1	-3	-5
3070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired			
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-3	-5	-5
3100	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Obligated balance, start of year	1,118	966	1,107
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	966	1,107	551
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	2,648	2,336	2,351
4010	Outlays, gross:			
4010 4011	Outlays from new discretionary authority Outlays from discretionary balances	142 589	401 706	405 1,599
4020	Outlays, gross (total) Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:	731	1,107	2,004
	Offsetting collections (collected) from:	_	_	
4030 4033	Federal sources Non-Federal sources	-2 -4	−2 −2	
4000	11011   CUCIUI SUUICCS			

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4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-6	-4	
4050	Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-2	-2	
4052	Offsetting collections credited to expired accounts	1	2	
4060	Additional offsets against budget authority only (total)	-1		
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	2,641	2,332	2,351
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	725	1,103	2,004
4090	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	150		
4101	Outlays from mandatory balances		3	25
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	2,791	2,332	2,351
4190	Outlays, net (total)	725	1,106	2,029

The Fossil Energy and Carbon Management (FECM) office conducts research, development, demonstration and deployment (RDD&D) that focuses on technologies to reduce carbon emissions and other environmental impacts of fossil fuel production and use and from key industrial processes, particularly the hardest-to-decarbonize applications in the electricity and industrial sectors. Further, the program advances technologies on carbon dioxide (CO2) removal (CDR) to reduce accumulated emissions of CO2 from the atomosphere, and technologies that convert and store CO2 into value-added products.

FECM recognizes that global decarbonization is essential to meeting climate goals—100% carbon pollution free electricity by 2035 and net-zero greenhouse gas emissions economy-wide by 2050—and works with international colleagues to leverage expertise in these areas.

FECM is also committed to improving the conditions of communities impacted by the legacy of fossil fuel use and to supporting a healthy economic transition that accelerates the growth of good-paying jobs. Program activities funded through this account focus on: 1) demonstrating and deploying point source carbon capture; 2) Reducing methane emissions; 3) advancing carbon dioxide removal and conversion; 4) advancing critical minerals, rare earth elements, and mine remediation; 5) increasing efficient use of big data and artificial intelligence; 6) accelerating carbon-neutral hydrogen; and 7) investing in thoughtful transition strategies, including regional initiatives that invest in technologies and approaches to provide economic and environmental benefits to affected communities. Many of these activities are pursued in partnership with the National Energy Technology Laboratory (NETL), which also receives funding from this account.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0213-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	68	70	72
11.5	Other personnel compensation	2	2	2
11.9	Total personnel compensation	70	72	74
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	27	29	31
21.0	Other Costs for Transportation of Persons	3	1	3
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	11	10	12
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	151	153	154
25.3	Purchase of Goods and Services from Government Accounts	8	10	11
25.3	Other Contractual Services		2	2
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	77	75	77
25.5	Research and Development	226	885	1,092
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment	7	6	7
26.0	Supplies and materials	1	2	2
26.0	Pamphlets, Documents, Subscriptions and Publications	1	2	2
31.0	Equipment	9	6	6
32.0	Land and structures	10		
99.0	Direct obligations	601	1,253	1,473
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	5		
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	606	1,253	1,473

## **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0213-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	524	524	541

## NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 089-2298-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance: 1000 Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	3	6	6

1800 1930	Budget authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory: Collected	3 6	6	6
1941	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	6	6	6
	Deduct and address and address and			
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Mandatory:			
4090	Mandatory: Budget authority, gross Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:	3		
4090 4120	Mandatory: Budget authority, gross	3 -3		
	Mandatory: Budget authority, gross Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays: Offsetting collections (collected) from:	3 -3		

#### NAVAL PETROLEUM AND OIL SHALE RESERVES

For Department of Energy expenses necessary to carry out naval petroleum and oil shale reserve activities, [\$13,004,000] \$13,010,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, unobligated funds remaining from prior years shall be available for all naval petroleum and oil shale reserve activities. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0219-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Production and Operations	9	11	11
0003	Program support		2	2
0799	Total direct obligations	9	13	13
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts (object class 25.4) $\ldots \ldots$	9	13	13
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	4	9	9
	Budget authority:			
1100	Appropriations, discretionary: Appropriation	14	13	13
1900	Budget authority (total)	14 14	13	13
1930	Total budgetary resources available	18	22	22
1330	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	10	22	22
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	9	9	9
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	11	9	9
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	9	13	13
3020	Outlays (gross)	-11	-13	-14
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	9	9	8
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	11	9	9
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	9	9	8
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	14	13	13
	Outlays, gross:			
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	2	8	8
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	9	5	6
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	11	13	14
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	14	13	13
	Outlays, net (total)	11	13	14

This account funds environmental activities at Naval Petroleum Reserve 1 (NPR-1) in California (Elk Hills) and Naval Petroleum Reserve 3 (NPR-3) in Wyoming (Teapot Dome). Following the sale of the Government's interests in NPR-1 in California (Elk Hills), post-sale environmental assessment/remediation activities continue to be required by the legally binding agreements under the Corrective Action Consent Agreement with the State of California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). Program activities encompass execution of a technical baseline, interim measures, environmental sampling and analysis, corrective measures, waste removal and disposal, and confirmatory sampling. In FY 2024, funding will continue ongoing activities to attain release from the remaining environmental findings related to the sale of NPR-1. On January 30, 2015, the Department finalized the sale of the Teapot Dome Oilfield. The Department continues to oversee post-sale remediation activities and ground water sampling

#### NAVAL PETROLEUM AND OIL SHALE RESERVES—Continued

for the closure of the landfill in compliance with National Environmental Policy Act and Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality requirements.

#### STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE

For Department of Energy expenses necessary for Strategic Petroleum Reserve facility development and operations and program management activities pursuant to the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6201 et seq.), [\$207,175,000] \$280,969,000, to remain available until expended. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

ldenti	ication code 089-0218-0-1-274	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	SPR Management	26	24	31
0002	SPR Storage Facilities Development	178	161	234
0003	Emergency Appropriation	42		
0004	Northeast Gasoline Supply Reserve	24	22	16
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	270	207	281
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:	10		
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	19	11	11
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	219	207	281
1100	Appropriation [Emergency, P.L. 117–43]	43		
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	262	207	281
	Total budgetary resources available	281	218	292
1330	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	201	210	232
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	11	11	11
1341	Onexpired unobligated balance, end of year	- 11	11	
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	152	203	146
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	270	203	281
3020	Outlays (gross)	-219	-264	_201 _271
0020	Outlays (gloss)	-213	-204	-27
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	203	146	156
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	152	203	146
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	203	146	156
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4000	Discretionary:	000	207	001
4000	Budget authority, gross	262	207	281
	Outlays, gross:		114	157
	Outlays from new discretionary authority	88	114	155
	Outlays from discretionary balances	131	150	116
	Outlays noin discittionary balances			
4010 4011 4020		219	264	271
4011	Outlays, gross (total)  Budget authority, net (total)	219 262	264 207	271 281

The Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) provides strategic and economic security against foreign and domestic disruptions in oil supplies via an emergency stockpile of crude oil. The program fulfills United States obligations under the International Energy Program, which commits the United States to support the International Energy Agency through its coordinated energy emergency response plans and provides a deterrent against energy supply disruptions. The FY 2024 Budget will support the SPR's operational readiness and drawdown capabilities of 4.4 MB/d. The program will perform cavern wellbore testing and maintenance activities to ensure the availability of the SPR's crude oil inventory. Additional funding is included in the Major Maintenance Program for required upgrades to the West Hackberry Physical Security Program following DOE Order 473.3A and the SPR Level III Criteria. The FY 2024 Budget will continue to fund the Northeast Gasoline Supply Reserve which currently holds one million barrels of refined product in reserve.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 089–0218–0–1–274  Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
11.1	Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	12	12	12
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	4	4	4
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	1	1	1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	3	3	3
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	1	1	1
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	38	38	38
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	161	98	172

	Employment Summary			
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	270	207	281
99.0	Direct obligations	270	207	281
32.0	Land and structures	50	50	50

Identif	fication code 089-0218-0-1-274	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	110	110	110
2001	Reimbursable civilian full-time equivalent employment	13	16	16

#### SPR PETROLEUM ACCOUNT

[For the acquisition, transportation, and injection of petroleum products, and for other necessary expenses pursuant to the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6201 et seq.), sections 403 and 404 of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015 (42 U.S.C. 6241, 6239 note), section 32204 of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (42 U.S.C. 6241 note), and section 30204 of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 (42 U.S.C. 6241 note), \$100,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That of the unobligated balances from amounts deposited under this heading pursuant to section 167(b)(3) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6247(b)(3)), \$2,052,000,000 is hereby permanently rescinded not later than September 30, 2023.] (*Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act*, 2023.)

Identif	ication code 089-0233-0-1-274	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	SPR Petroleum Account	13	8	
0801	Proceeds from Oil Sales	58	300	
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	71	308	
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance:		10.070	2.075
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	9	10,978	3,975
1001	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	6		
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	3		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	12	10,978	3,975
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	7		
1100	Appropriations, mandatory:	•		
1230	Appropriations and/or unobligated balance of			
	appropriations permanently reduced		-11.206	
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:		,	
1700	Collected	4		
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory:			
1800	Collected	11,026	5,962	
1821	Spending authority from offsetting collections permanently			
	reduced		-1,451	
1850	Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total)	11,026	4,511	
1900	Budget authority (total)	11,037	-6,695	
1930	Total budgetary resources available	11,049	4,283	3,975
1041	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	10.070	2.075	2.075
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	10,978	3,975	3,975
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	21	55	111
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	71	308	
3020	Outlays (gross)	-34	-252	-2
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-3		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	55	111	109
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	21	55	111
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	55	111	109
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4000	Discretionary: Budget authority, gross	11		
7000	Outlays, gross:	11		
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	5		
4010	Outlays from discretionary balances	16	2	2
4011	outlays from districtionary parallees			
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	21	2	2

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

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4033	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays: Offsetting collections (collected) from: Non-Federal sources	-4		
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Mandatory:	-4		
4090	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	11,026	-6,695	
4100	Outlays from new mandatory authority	12	50	
4101	Outlays from mandatory balances	1	200	
4110	Outlays, gross (total) Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays: Offsetting collections (collected) from:	13	250	
4123	Non-Federal sources	-11,026	-5,962	
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	7	-12,657	
4190	Outlays, net (total)	-10,996	-5,710	2

The SPR Petroleum Account funds activities related to the acquisition, transportation, and injection of petroleum products into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR), as well as costs related to the drawdown, sale, and delivery of petroleum products from the Reserve.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-0233-0-1-274	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
25.2	Direct obligations: Other services from non-Federal sources	13	8	
99.0	Direct obligations	13	8	
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	58	300	
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	71	308	

#### ENERGY SECURITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE MODERNIZATION FUND

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	fication code 089–5615–0–2–274	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0010	Obligations by program activity: Energy security and infrastructure modernization	6	60	43
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts (object class 25.4)	6	60	43
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	109	103	43
1930	Total budgetary resources available	103	103	43
1000	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	103	100	-10
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	103	43	
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	975	813	691
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	6	60	43
3020	Outlays (gross)	-168	-182	-182
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	813	691	552
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	975	813	691
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	813	691	552
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary: Outlays, gross:			
4011 4180	Outlays from discretionary balances	168	182	182
4190	Outlays, net (total)	168	182	182

The Energy Security and Infrastructure Modernization Fund was established in Section 404 of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015 to finance modernization of the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Revenue raised through sales of SPR crude oil will support Life Extension Phase 2 project investments needed to ensure the SPR can maintain its operational readiness capability, meet its mission requirements, and operate in an environmentally responsible manner. The CARES Act extended the Department's authority to sell oil in support of modernization from FY 2020 to FY 2022, and DOE conducted its final sale in FY 2021, thus no further appropriations are requested in FY 2024. Funds in the ESIM account will be used for the Life Extension Phase II (LE2) SPR infrastructure modernization project.

#### **ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION**

For Department of Energy expenses necessary in carrying out the activities of the Energy Information Administration, [\$135,000,000] \$156,550,000, to remain available until expended. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–0216–0–1–276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Obligations by Program Activity	135	135	157
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	3	3	3
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	5		
1033	Recoveries of prior year paid obligations	1		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	9	3	3
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	129	135	157
1930	Total budgetary resources available	138	138	160
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	3	3	3
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	45	45	51
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	135	135	157
3020	Outlays (gross)	-130	-129	-150
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-5		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	45	51	58
0000	Memorandum (non-add) entries:		01	00
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	45	45	51
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	45	51	58
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	129	135	157
	Outlays, gross:			
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	89	94	110
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	41	35	40
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	130	129	150
	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:			
	Offsetting collections (collected) from:			
4030	Federal sources	-1		
	Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:			
4053	Recoveries of prior year paid obligations, unexpired			
	accounts	1		
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	129	135	157
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	129	129	150
4180		129	135	157
4190	3,,	129	129	150

The U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) is the statistical and analytical agency within the U.S. Department of Energy. EIA collects, analyzes, and disseminates independent and impartial energy information to promote sound policymaking, efficient markets, and public understanding of energy and its interaction with the economy and the environment. As the nation's premier source of energy information, EIA conducts a data collection program covering the full spectrum of energy sources, end uses, and energy flows; generates short- and long-term domestic and international energy forecasts and projections; and performs timely, informative energy analyses. The FY 2024 request enables EIA to continue statistical and analysis activities that produce reports critical to the nation, address emerging information needs such as those identified in the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, P.L. 117–58), and increase the accessibility and usability of EIA's information for its stakeholders. The request also supports enhanced greenhouse gas-related analytical and statistical capabilities at the Department and across the Federal government.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	Identification code 089-0216-0-1-276		2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	45	45	50
11.5	Other personnel compensation	1	1	2
11.9	Total personnel compensation	46	46	52
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	17	17	18
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	4	4	5
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	47	47	52
25.3	Purchase of goods and services from Government Accounts	13	13	15

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# ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION—Continued Object Classification—Continued

Identifi	cation code 089-0216-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
25.3	Other Contractual Services	2	2	4
26.0	Pamphlets, Documents, Subscriptions and Publications	3	3	5
31.0	Equipment	2	2	4
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	1	1	2
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	135	135	157

#### **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0216-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	333	333	366

#### FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to carry out the provisions of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, official reception and representation expenses not to exceed \$3,000, and the hire of passenger motor vehicles, [\$508,400,000] \$520,000,000, to remain available until expended: \$Provided, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, not to exceed [\$508,400,000] \$520,000,000 of revenues from fees and annual charges, and other services and collections in fiscal year [2023] 2024 shall be retained and used for expenses necessary in this account, and shall remain available until expended: \$Provided further, That the sum herein appropriated from the general fund shall be reduced as revenues are received during fiscal year [2023] 2024 so as to result in a final fiscal year [2023] 2024 appropriation from the general fund estimated at not more than \$0. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	cication code 089-0212-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0010	Inflation Reduction Act		1	6
0801	Ensure Just and Reasonable Rates, Terms & Conditions	210	227	241
0802	Promote Safe, Reliable, Secure & Efficient Infrastructure	153	173	182
0803	Mission Support through Organizational Excellence	93	108	118
0899	Total reimbursable obligations	456	508	541
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	456	509	547
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	24	143	142
1001	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	24	43	
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	9		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	33	143	142
1070	Budget authority:	00	140	1-12
	Appropriations, mandatory:			
1200	Appropriations, manuatory: Appropriation	100		
1200	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	100		
1700	Collected	466	508	520
1900	Budget authority (total)	566	508	520
		599		662
1930	Total budgetary resources available	599	651	002
1041	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	140	140	111
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	143	142	115
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	115	91	51
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	456	509	547
3020	Outlays (gross)	-471	-549	-525
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-9		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	91	51	73
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	115	91	5
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	91	51	73
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	466	508	520
	Outlays, gross:			
4010	0 11 11 11 11 11 11	0.5.7	457	400

4010

Outlays from new discretionary authority .......

4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	114	91	51
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	471	548	519
4034	Offsetting governmental collections	-466	-508	-520
4090	Budget authority, gross	100		
4101	Outlays from mandatory balances		1	6
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	100		
4190	Outlays, net (total)	5	41	5
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
5090	Unexpired unavailable balance, SOY: Offsetting collections	15	15	15
5092	Unexpired unavailable balance, EOY: Offsetting collections	15	15	15

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or the Commission) is an independent agency within the Department of Energy that regulates the transmission and wholesale sale of electricity and natural gas in interstate commerce, as well as the transportation of oil by pipelines in interstate commerce. FERC also reviews proposals to build interstate natural gas pipelines, natural gas storage projects, and liquefied natural gas (LNG) terminals, and FERC licenses nonfederal hydropower projects. The Commission assists consumers in obtaining reliable, safe, secure, and economically efficient energy services at a reasonable cost through appropriate regulatory and market means, and collaborative efforts. Regulated entities pay fees and charges sufficient to recover the Commission's full cost of operations.

Ensure Just and Reasonable Rates, Terms, and Conditions.— FERC's regulations and orders ensure just and reasonable rates, terms, and conditions for jurisdictional services. In carrying out its regulatory role, FERC uses a range of ratemaking activities, as well as market oversight and enforcement. FERC's ratemaking activities leverage both regulatory and market means and involve the issuance of orders and the establishment of rules and policies. FERC's enforcement activities include both increasing compliance and detecting and deterring market manipulation.

Ensure Safe, Reliable, and Secure Infrastructure.—Infrastructure for which FERC approval is required includes interstate natural gas pipelines and storage projects, LNG facilities, and non-federal hydropower projects. In addition, the Commission has authority to site electric transmission facilities in certain circumstances.

FERC's regulatory role in reviewing proposed infrastructure projects involves balancing the benefits of a proposed project with its potential adverse impacts, including environmental concerns as well as impacts to landowners and communities. Additionally, FERC considers the minimization of risks to the public in the operation of the infrastructure project. To promote safe, reliable, and secure infrastructure, FERC ensures the sustainability and safety of non-federal hydropower projects and LNG facilities throughout their entire life cycle; oversees the development and review of, as well as compliance with, mandatory reliability and security standards for the Bulk-Power System; and helps to secure the Bulk-Power System from cyber and physical attacks. The Commission also protects FERC-jurisdictional energy infrastructure through collaboration and sharing of best practices.

Provide Mission Support through Organizational Excellence.—The public interest is best served when the Commission operates in an efficient, responsive, and transparent manner. The Commission pursues this goal by maintaining processes and providing services in accordance with governing statutes, authoritative guidance, and prevailing best practices.FERC addresses internal needs and enables organizational excellence by providing processes and services that help office leadership prioritize resource allocations, make prudent investments that directly benefit the agency's mission, and use Commission resources in an efficient manner. FERC will continue to make investments in its people, information technology (IT) resources, and facilities.

The Commission promotes transparency and equity, open communication, and a high standard of ethics to facilitate trust and understanding of FERC's activities. FERC supports these goals by maintaining legal and other processes in accordance with the principles of due process, fairness, and integrity. FERC's communication with stakeholders fosters awareness and understanding of the Commission's activities. FERC considers matters involving environmental justice and equity consistent with its statutory authority. In particular, the Commission has a strong commitment to working with affected communities, including environmental justice communities and landowners who may be directly impacted by Commission decisions on jurisdictional infrastructure proposals. The Commission also promotes understanding, participation, and engagement with the public, stakeholders, Tribes, and jurisdictional entities. The Commission will increase its engagement with the public through its Office of Public Participation, which was established in FY 2021.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-0212-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
25.3	Direct obligations: Other goods and services from Federal			
	sources		1	6
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	455	507	541
99.5	Adjustment for rounding	1	1	
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	456	509	547

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Programs—Continued Federal Funds—Continued
Federal Funds—Continued

#### **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0212-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
2001 Reimbursable civilian full-time equivalent employment	1,464	1,508	1,566

#### CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0235-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	2	2	2
1930	Total budgetary resources available	2	2	2
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	2	2	2
4180	Budget authority, net (total)			
4190	Outlays, net (total)			

The Clean Coal Technology Program was established in the 1980s to perform commercial-scale demonstrations of advanced coal-based technologies. All projects have concluded and only closeout activities remain.

# ULTRA-DEEPWATER AND UNCONVENTIONAL NATURAL GAS AND OTHER PETROLEUM RESEARCH FUND

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-5523-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	7	7	7
1930	Total budgetary resources available	7	7	7
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	7	7	7
4180 4190	Budget authority, net (total)			

The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–58) created a mandatory Ultra-Deepwater and Unconventional Natural Gas and Other Petroleum Research program beginning in 2007. Subtitle J of Title IX of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16371 et seq.) was repealed and all unobligated balances in this account were rescinded by the Bipartisan Budget Control Act of FY 2013.

## PAYMENTS TO STATES UNDER FEDERAL POWER ACT

## Special and Trust Fund Receipts (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 089-5105-0-2-806	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0100	Balance, start of year			
1110	Receipts, current law	3	3	5
2000	Total: Balances and receiptsAppropriations:	3	3	5
2101	Current law: Appropriations	3	3	
5099	Balance, end of year			
	Program and Financing (in millions	of dollars)		
ldentifi	cation code 089-5105-0-2-806	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0001	Obligations by program activity: Payments to States under Federal Power Act (Direct)	3	3	5

Bu	dge	tary	reso	urc	es

Budget authority:

Appropriations, mandatory:
1201 Appropriation (special or trust fund) ......

0900 Total new obligations, unexpired accounts (object class 41.0) ...

3	3	5

1930	Total budgetary resources available	3	3	5
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	3	3	5
3020	Outlays (gross)	-3	-3	-5
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Mandatory:			
4090	Budget authority, gross	3	3	5
4100	Outlays from new mandatory authority	3	3	5
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	3	3	5
4190	Outlays, net (total)	3	3	5

The States are paid 37.5 percent of the receipts from licenses issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for occupancy and use of national forests and public lands within their boundaries (16 U.S.C. 810).

#### NORTHEAST HOME HEATING OIL RESERVE

For Department of Energy expenses necessary for Northeast Home Heating Oil Reserve storage, operation, and management activities pursuant to the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6201 et seq.), [\$7,000,000] \$7,150,000, to remain available until expended. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## Special and Trust Fund Receipts (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-5369-0-2-274	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0100	Balance, start of year	1	1	1
2000	Total: Balances and receipts	1	1	1
5099	Balance, end of year	1	1	1
	Program and Financing (in millions	of dollars)		
Identif	ication code 089-5369-0-2-274	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	NEHHOR	6	7	7
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts (object class 25.2)	6	7	7
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	5	6	6
1000	Budget authority:	Ů	Ü	·
1100	Appropriations, discretionary:	-	-	_
1100	Appropriation	7 12	7 13	7 13
1930	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	12	15	13
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	6	6	6
	Change in obligated balance:			
2000	Unpaid obligations:	4		
3000 3010	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1  New obligations, unexpired accounts	4 6	4 7	5 7
3020	Outlays (gross)	-6	-6	_6
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	4	5	6
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	4	4	5
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	4	5	6
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	7	7	7
.000	Outlays, gross:	•	•	•
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority		1	1
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	6	5	5
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	6	6	6
	Budget authority, net (total)	7	7	7
4190	Outlays, net (total)	6	6	6

The Northeast Home Heating Oil Reserve (NEHHOR) was established to provide an emergency supply of home heating oil for the Northeast States during times of inventory shortages and significant threats to immediate supply. NEHHOR currently holds one million barrels of ultralow sulfur diesel oil in reserve.

#### NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL

For Department of Energy expenses necessary for nuclear waste disposal activities to carry out the purposes of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, Public Law 97–425, as amended, [\$10,205,000] \$12,040,000, to remain available until expended, which shall be derived from the Nuclear Waste Fund. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## Special and Trust Fund Receipts (in millions of dollars)

Identif	fication code 089-5227-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0100	Balance, start of year	43,847	45,583	47,708
1100	Current law:		070	001
1130	Offsetting receipts (proprietary)		370	381
1140	Offsetting receipts (intragovernmental)	1,745	1,769	1,850
1199	Total current law receipts	1,745	2,139	2,231
1999	Total receipts	1,745	2,139	2,231
2000	Total: Balances and receipts	45,592	47,722	49,939
2101	Appropriations	-8	-10	-12
2101	Appropriations	4	4	-4
2199	Total current law appropriations	-12	-14	-16
2999	Total appropriations	-12	-14	-16
5098	Adjustments	3		
5099	Balance, end of year	45,583	47,708	49,923

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–5227–0–2–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0001	Obligations by program activity: Interim Storage and Nuclear Waste Fund Oversight	16	28	12
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	10	22	4
	Budget authority:			
1100	Appropriations, discretionary:	20		
1100 1101	Appropriation	20 8	10	12
1101	Appropriation (special or trust) [Nuclear Waste Fund]			
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	28	10	12
1930	Total budgetary resources available	38	32	16
1941	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	22	4	4
1341	onexpired unobligated balance, end of year			
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	15	12	13
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	16	28	12
3020	Outlays (gross)	-19	-27	-11
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	12	13	14
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	15	12	13
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	12	13	14
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	28	10	12
4010	Outlays, gross:	7	4	
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority Outlays from discretionary balances	12	4 23	5 6
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances			
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	19	27	11
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	28	10	12
4190	Outlays, net (total)	19	27	11
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
5000	Total investments, SOY: Federal securities: Par value	55,319	56,632	58,740
5001	Total investments, EOY: Federal securities: Par value	56,632	58,740	60,956

The mission of the Nuclear Waste Fund Oversight program is to ensure the continued safety of the Yucca Mountain site through activities such as security, maintenance, and environmental requirements, and continued oversight for the Nuclear Waste Fund including the fiduciary responsibility under the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 089-5227-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
11.1	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	3	3	4
11.9	Total personnel compensation	3	3	4
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	1	1	1
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	1	1	1
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	1	1	1
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	10	4	5
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions		18	
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	16	28	12

#### **Employment Summary**

Identif	ication code 089-5227-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	24	26	26

#### URANIUM ENRICHMENT DECONTAMINATION AND DECOMMISSIONING FUND

For Department of Energy expenses necessary in carrying out uranium enrichment facility decontamination and decommissioning, remedial actions, and other activities of title II of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, and title X, subtitle A, of the Energy Policy Act of 1992, [\$879,052,000] \$857,482,000, to be derived from the Uranium Enrichment Decommination and Decommissioning Fund, to remain available until expended, of which [\$14,800,000] \$24,400,000 shall be available in accordance with title X, subtitle A, of the Energy Policy Act of 1992. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Special and Trust Fund Receipts (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-5231-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0100	Balance, start of year	29	589	912
1140	Offsetting receipts (intragovernmental)	6	9	5
1140	Offsetting receipts (intragovernmental)	573	586	427
1199	Total current law receipts	579	595	432
1999	Total receipts	579	595	432
2000	Total: Balances and receipts	608	1,184	1,344
2101	Appropriations	-19	-272	-857
5099	Balance, end of year	589	912	487

Identif	ication code 089-5231-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Oak Ridge	105	93	91
0002	Paducah	307	240	218
0003	Portsmouth	444	480	493
0004	Pension and Community and Regulatory Support	33	51	31
0005	Title X Uranium/Thorium Reimbursement Program	16	15	24
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	905	879	857
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance:	10	10	1.0
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	10	10	19
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	45		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	55	10	19
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1101	Appropriation (special or trust)	19	272	857
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:			
1711	Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred			
	from other accounts [486–4054]	841	607	
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory:			
1811	Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred			
	from other accounts [486–4054]		9	
1900	Budget authority (total)	860	888	857
1930	Total hudgetary resources available	915	898	876

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Programs—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Funds—Federal Funds—Federal Funds—Federal Federal Funds—Federal Federal Federal Funds—Federal Federal Federal

	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	10	19	19
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	335	266	245
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	905	879	857
3020	Outlays (gross)	-929	-900	-864
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-45		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	266	245	238
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	335	266	245
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	266	245	238
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	860	879	857
	Outlays, gross:			
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	608	615	600
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	321	276	264
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	929	891	864
	Mandatory:			
4090	Budget authority, gross		9	
	Outlays, gross:			
4100	,		9	
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	860	888	857
4190	Outlays, net (total)	929	900	864
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
5000	Total investments, SOY: Federal securities: Par value	344	771	743
5001	Total investments, EOY: Federal securities: Par value	771	743	318

Decontamination and Decommissioning Activities.—Funds: 1) projects to decontaminate, decommission, and remediate the sites and facilities of the gaseous diffusion plants at Portsmouth, Ohio; Paducah, Kentucky; and East Tennessee Technology Park, Oak Ridge, Tennessee and; 2) pensions and post-retirement medical benefits for active and inactive gaseous diffusion plant workers.

*Uranium and Thorium Reimbursement Program.*—Provides reimbursement to uranium and thorium licensees for the Government's share of cleanup costs pursuant to Title X of the Energy Policy Act of 1992.

## **Object Classification** (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-5231-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	1	1	1
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	61	59	58
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	768	746	727
32.0	Land and structures	71	69	67
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	4	4	4
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	905	879	857

## ISOTOPE PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM FUND

### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	fication code 089–4180–0–3–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0801	Obligations by program activity: Isotope Production and Distribution Reimbursable program	131	126	130
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Budget authority:	5	28	28
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:			
1700	Collected	154	126	130
1930	Total budgetary resources available	159	154	158
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	28	28	28
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	132	131	113
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	131	126	130
3020	Outlays (gross)	-132	-144	-130
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	131	113	113

3100	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Obligated balance, start of year	132	131	113
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	131	113	113
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	154	126	130
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	46	38	39
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	86	106	91
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	132	144	130
4030	Federal sources	-111	-56	-59
4033	Non-Federal sources	-43		-71
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-154	-126	-130
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	-22	18	
4180 4190	Budget authority, net (total)	-22	18	

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-4180-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Reimbursable obligations:			
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	85	82	81
31.0	Equipment	37	35	40
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	9	9	9
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	131	126	130
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	131	126	130

#### ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY VEHICLES MANUFACTURING LOAN PROGRAM

For Department of Energy administrative expenses necessary in carrying out the Advanced Technology Vehicles Manufacturing Loan Program, [\$9,800,000] \$13,000,000, to remain available until September 30, [2024] 2025. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

Identif	ication code 089-0322-0-1-272	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
	Credit program obligations:			
0701	Direct loan subsidy	136	961	1,156
0709	Administrative expenses	9	22	25
0791	Direct program activities, subtotal	145	983	1,181
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	145	983	1,181
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	2,430	5,290	4,317
1001	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	2,430	3,230	4,517
1001	Budget authority:	2,430		
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	5	10	13
1100	Appropriations, mandatory:	3	10	10
1200	Appropriations, mandatory: Appropriation	3,000		
1900	Budget authority (total)	3,005	10	13
1930	Total budgetary resources available	5,435	5,300	4,330
1330	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	3,433	3,300	4,550
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	5,290	4,317	3,149
1341	Oliekpired ullobligated balance, end of year	3,230	4,517	5,143
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	3	139	861
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	145	983	1,181
3020	Outlays (gross)	-9	-261	-626
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	139	861	1,416
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	3	139	861
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	139	861	1,416
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	5	10	13

# ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY VEHICLES MANUFACTURING LOAN PROGRAM—Continued Program and Financing—Continued

Identif	ication code 089-0322-0-1-272	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Outlays, gross:			
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	3	8	10
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	6	96	37
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	9	104	47
4090	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	3,000		
4101	Outlays from mandatory balances		157	579
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	3,005	10	13
4190	Outlays, net (total)	9	261	626

### Summary of Loan Levels, Subsidy Budget Authority and Outlays by Program (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 089-0322-0-1-272	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
Direct loan levels supportable by subsidy budget authority:			
115001 Advanced Vehicle Manufacturing Loans	2,598	14,961	15,926
Direct loan subsidy (in percent):			
132001 Advanced Vehicle Manufacturing Loans	5.22	6.42	7.26
132999 Weighted average subsidy rate	5.22	6.42	7.26
Direct loan subsidy budget authority:			
133001 Advanced Vehicle Manufacturing Loans	. 136	961	1,156
Direct loan subsidy outlays:			
134001 Advanced Vehicle Manufacturing Loans		241	601
Direct loan reestimates:			
135001 Advanced Vehicle Manufacturing Loans	-11	-81	
Administrative expense data:			
3510 Budget authority		10	13
3580 Outlays from balances	. 6	12	15
3590 Outlays from new authority		8	10

Section 136 of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA) established a direct loan program to support the development of advanced technology vehicles and associated components in the United States, known as the Advanced Technology Vehicles Manufacturing (ATVM) Loan Program. The ATVM Loan Program provides loans to advanced technology vehicle and components manufacturers for the cost of reequipping, expanding, or establishing manufacturing facilities in the United States to produce advanced technology vehicles or qualified components and for associated engineering integration costs.

The Consolidated Security, Disaster, Assistance, and Continuing Appropriation Act of 2009 appropriated \$7.5 billion for credit subsidy costs to support a maximum of \$25 billion in loans under the ATVM Loan Program. Per EISA subsection (d)(1), the full credit subsidy cost must be paid using appropriated funds. The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act authorized an expanded scope of elegible ATVM projects, including medium- and heavy-duty vehicles, locomotives, maritime vessels, aircraft, and hyperloop technology. The Inflation Reduction Act appropriated \$3 billion in credit subdiy and removed the \$25 billion cap in loan authority. Currently, the program has \$5.0 billion in unobligated credit subsidy available to support new projects.

In FY 2024, LPO requests \$13 million for administrative expenses to originate ATVM direct loans and monitor the program's growing portfolio.

### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	Identification code 089-0322-0-1-272		2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
11.1	Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	3	4	7
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	1	2	3
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	5	14	13
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources		1	1
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources		1	1
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	136	961	1,156
99.0	Direct obligations	145	983	1,181
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	145	983	1,181

# **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0322-0-1-272	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	20	31	49

# ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY VEHICLES MANUFACTURING DIRECT LOAN FINANCING ACCOUNT

	Program and Financing (in millions			
Identif	ication code 089–4579–0–3–272	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
	Credit program obligations:			
0710	Direct loan obligations	2,598	14,961	15,926
0713	Payment of interest to Treasury	14		61
0715 0742	Interest paid to FFB	5 8	59	
0742	Interest on downward reestimates	3	22	
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	2,628	15,042	15,987
	Total for sungations, anoxpres associates	2,020	10,042	10,007
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1		216	1,145
1000	Financing authority:		210	1,143
	Borrowing authority, mandatory:			
1400	Borrowing authority	2,609	14,961	15,926
1000	Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory:	1 100	000	700
1800	Collected	1,129	290	768
1801 1825	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources Spending authority from offsetting collections applied to	136	720	555
1023	repay debt	-1.030		
1850	Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total)	235	1,010	1,323
1900	Budget authority (total)	2,844 2.844	15,971	17,249
1930	Total budgetary resources available	2,844	16,187	18,394
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	216	1,145	2,407
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1		2,599	13,501
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	2,628	15,042	15,987
3020	Outlays (gross)	-29	-4,140	-9,247
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	2,599	13,501	20,241
2000	Uncollected payments:		100	050
3060 3070	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1 Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-136	-136 -720	-856 -555
3070	change in unconceied pyints, red sources, unexpired		-720	-555
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-136	-856	-1,411
0100	Memorandum (non-add) entries:		0.400	10.045
3100 3200	Obligated balance, start of yearObligated balance, end of year	2,463	2,463 12,645	12,645 18,830
	Financing authority and disbursements, net: Mandatory:			
4090	Budget authority, gross	2,844	15,971	17,249
	Financing disbursements:	,-	- / -	, .
4110	Outlays, gross (total)	29	4,140	9,247
	Offsets against gross financing authority and disbursements:			
4120	Offsetting collections (collected) from: Payment from program account		-241	-601
4120	Interest on uninvested funds		-241 -2	-001 -6
4123	Non-Federal sources (interest)	-1,125	-29	-143
4123	Non-Federal sources (principal)			-2
4123	Other Income - Fees		-18	-16
4130	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-1,129	-290	-768
4130	Additional offsets against financing authority only (total):	-1,123	-230	-/00
4140	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-136	-720	-555
4100	B	1.570	14001	15.000
4160	Budget authority, net (mandatory) Outlays, net (mandatory)	1,579 -1,100	14,961	15,926
4170	Budget authority, net (total)	-1,100 1,579	3,850 14,961	8,479 15,926
4190	Outlays, net (total)	-1,100	3,850	8,479
		1,100		
	Status of Direct Loans (in millions of	of dollars)		
Identif	cication code 089-4579-0-3-272	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Position with respect to appropriations act limitation on obligations:			
1121	Limitation available from carry-forward	17,719	14,961	15,926
1143	Unobligated limitation carried forward (P.L. 110-329) (-)	-15,121		
1150	Total direct loan obligations	2,598	14,961	15,926
		2,000	11,001	10,020
1210	Cumulative balance of direct loans outstanding: Outstanding, start of year	1,101		4,059
1231	Disbursements: Direct loan disbursements	1,101	4,059	9,185
1251	Repayments: Repayments and prepayments	-1,101		-2
		-,		-

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Programs—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Funds—Federal Funds—Federal

#### Balance Sheet (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	ication code 089-4579-0-3-272	2021 actual	2022 actual
	ASSETS:		
	Federal assets:		
1101	Fund balances with Treasury	81	81
	Investments in U.S. securities:		
1106	Receivables, net		
	Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable:		
1401	Direct loans receivable, gross		
1402	Interest receivable		
1405	Allowance for subsidy cost (-)		
1499	Net present value of assets related to direct loans		
1999	Total assets	81	81
Į	LIABILITIES:		
	Federal liabilities:		
2101	Accounts payable		
2103	Debt		
2105	Other	81	81
2999	Total liabilities	81	81
1	NET POSITION:		
3300	Cumulative results of operations		
4999	Total upward reestimate subsidy BA [89–0322]	81	81

# TITLE 17 INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM [(INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)]

Such sums as are derived from amounts received from borrowers pursuant to section 1702(b) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 under this heading in prior Acts, shall be collected in accordance with section 502(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974: Provided, That for necessary administrative expenses of the Title 17 Innovative Technology Loan Guarantee Program, as authorized, [\$66,206,000] \$70,000,000 is appropriated, to remain available until September 30, [2024] 2025: Provided further, That up to [\$66,206,000] \$70,000,000 of fees collected in fiscal year [2023] 2024 pursuant to section 1702(h) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 shall be credited as offsetting collections under this heading and used for necessary administrative expenses in this appropriation and shall remain available until September 30, [2024] 2025: Provided further, That to the extent that fees collected in fiscal year [2023] 2024 exceed [\$66,206,000] \$70,000,000, those excess amounts shall be credited as offsetting collections under this heading and available in future fiscal years only to the extent provided in advance in appropriations Acts: Provided further, That the sum herein appropriated from the general fund shall be reduced (1) as such fees are received during fiscal year [2023] 2024 (estimated at  $\llbracket \$35,\!000,\!000 \rrbracket \$196,\!524,\!000 )$  and (2) to the extent that any remaining general fund appropriations can be derived from fees collected in previous fiscal years that are not otherwise appropriated, so as to result in a final fiscal year [2023] 2024 appropriation from the general fund estimated at \$0: Provided further, That the Department of Energy shall not subordinate any loan obligation to other financing in violation of section 1702 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 or subordinate any Guaranteed Obligation to any loan or other debt obligations in violation of section [609.10] 609.8 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations.

[Of the unobligated balances from amounts made available in the first proviso of section 1425 of the Department of Defense and Full-Year Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011 (Public Law 112-10) for the cost of loan guarantees under section 1703 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, \$150,000,000 are hereby permanently rescinded: Provided, That, subject to section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, commitments to guarantee loans for eligible projects under title XVII of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, shall not exceed a total principal amount of \$15,000,000,000, to remain available until committed: Provided further, That the amounts provided under this paragraph are in addition to those provided in any other Act: Provided further, That for amounts collected pursuant to section 1702(b)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, the source of such payment received from borrowers may not be a loan or other debt obligation that is guaranteed by the Federal Government: Provided further, That none of such loan guarantee authority made available under this paragraph shall be available for commitments to guarantee loans for any projects where funds, personnel, or property (tangible or intangible) of any Federal agency, instrumentality, personnel, or affiliated entity are expected be used (directly or indirectly) through acquisitions, contracts, demonstrations, exchanges, grants, incentives, leases, procurements, sales, other transaction authority, or other arrangements, to support the project or to obtain goods or services from the project: Provided further, That the preceding proviso shall not be interpreted as precluding the use of the loan guarantee authority provided under this paragraph for commitments to guarantee loans for: (1) projects as a result of such projects benefitting from otherwise allowable Federal income tax benefits; (2) projects as a result of such projects benefitting from being located on Federal land pursuant to a lease or right-of-way agreement for which all consideration for all uses is: (A) paid exclusively in cash; (B) deposited in the Treasury as offsetting receipts; and (C) equal to the fair market value as determined by the head of the relevant Federal agency; (3) projects as a result of such projects benefitting from Federal insurance programs, including under section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210; commonly known as the "Price-Anderson Act"); or (4) electric generation projects using transmission facilities owned or operated by a Federal Power Marketing Administration or the Tennessee Valley Authority that have been authorized, approved, and financed independent of the project receiving the guarantee: *Provided further*, That none of the loan guarantee authority made available under this paragraph shall be available for any project unless the Director of the Office of Management and Budget has certified in advance in writing that the loan guarantee and the project comply with the provisions under this paragraph.] (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

Identif	ication code 089-0208-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity: Credit program obligations:			
0701	Direct loan subsidy		191	1,22
702	Loan guarantee subsidy		131	11
706	Interest on reestimates of direct loan subsidy	22		
709	Administrative expenses	51	66	7
709	Administrative expenses		27	2
709	Administrative expenses		14	3
900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	73	429	1,47
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:	205	0.000	0.05
000 001	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	285 285	8,868	8,35
001	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1  Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	200		
021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations			
070	Unobligated balance (total)	287	8,868	8,35
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
100	Appropriation	26	14	
131	Unobligated balance of appropriations permanently		4.50	
	reduced		-150	
160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	26	-136	
100	Appropriations, mandatory:	20	150	
200	Appropriation	8,622		
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	0,022		
700	Collected	6	52	19
724	Spending authority from offsetting collections precluded			
	from obligation (limitation on obligations)			-12
750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	6	52	7
900	Budget authority (total)	8,654	-84 0.704	0.40
930		8,941	8,784	8,42
941	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	8,868	8,355	6,95
J41	Onexpired unobligated balance, end of year	0,000	0,555	0,30
	Change in obligated balance:			
000	Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	24	29	32
010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	73	429	1,47
020	Outlays (gross)	-66	-138	-54 -54
040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-2		
	y . y			
050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	29	320	1,24
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
100	Obligated balance, start of year	24	29	32
200	Obligated balance, end of year	29	320	1,24
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
000	Discretionary:	32	-84	7
UUU	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	32	-04	,
010	Outlays, gross: Outlays from new discretionary authority	7	49	5
011	Outlays from discretionary balances	37	8	2
	·			
020	Outlays, gross (total)	44	57	7
	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:			
	Offsetting collections (collected) from:			
033	Non-Federal sources	6	-52	-19
040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-6	-52	-19
040	Mandatory:	Ü	UL.	1.
090	Budget authority, gross	8,622		
	Outlays, gross:	0,022		
100	Outlays from new mandatory authority	22		
101	Outlays from mandatory balances		81	47
				-
110	Outlays, gross (total)	22	81	47
180		8,648	-136	-12
190	Outlays, net (total)	60	86	34
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
092	Unexpired unavailable balance, EOY: Offsetting collections			12
	. ,	*		

TITLE 17 INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM—Continued

Summary of Loan Levels, Subsidy Budget Authority and Outlays by Program (in millions of dollars)

Identific	ation code 089-0208-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	birect loan levels supportable by subsidy budget authority:			
115001	Section 1703 FFB Loans	480	3,200	17,500
115004	Section 1706 FFB Loans			5,000
115999	Total direct loan levels	480	3.200	22,500
	lirect loan subsidy (in percent):	400	0,200	22,000
132001	Section 1703 FFB Loans	-3.67	5.97	4.70
132004	Section 1706 FFB Loans			8.09
132999	Weighted average subsidy rate	-3.67	5.97	5.45
	birect loan subsidy budget authority:	-3.07	3.37	3.43
133001	Section 1703 FFB Loans	-18	191	822
133004	Section 1706 FFB Loans		131	405
100004	Occion 1700 TTD Loans			
133999	Total subsidy budget authority	-18	191	1,227
134001	lirect loan subsidy outlays: Section 1703 FFB Loans	-10	15	281
134001	Section 1705 FFB Loans			62
134004	Section 1700 FFD Loans			
134999	Total subsidy outlays	-10	15	343
	lirect loan reestimates:			
135001	Section 1703 FFB Loans	-146	-98	
135002	Section 1705 FFB Loans	-182	-111	
135999	Total direct loan reestimates	-328	-209	
	Guaranteed loan levels supportable by subsidy budget authority:			
215001	Section 1703 Loan Guarantees		3,000	3,000
215999	Total loan guarantee levels		3,000	3,000
	Guaranteed loan subsidy (in percent):			
232001	Section 1703 Loan Guarantees		4.36	3.93
232999	Weighted average subsidy rate		4.36	3.93
(	Guaranteed loan subsidy budget authority:			
233001	Section 1703 Loan Guarantees		131	118
233999	Total subsidy budget authority		131	118
	Guaranteed loan subsidy outlays:		101	
234001	Section 1703 Loan Guarantees		20	71
234999	Total subsidy outlays		20	71
	Guaranteed loan reestimates:		20	/1
235002	Section 1705 Loan Guarantees	-23	-15	
235999	Total guaranteed loan reestimates		-15	
233333	iotai guaranteeu ioan reestiinates	-23	-15	

The Title 17 Innovative Technology Loan Guarantee Program (Title 17), authorized by the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct of 2005), as amended, includes the Section 1703, Innovative Clean Energy Loan Guarantee Program (Section 1703 or ICE), which allows the Department of Energy (DOE) to provide loan guarantees for innovative energy projects that avoid, reduce, or sequester air pollutants or anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases. Eligible technologies include energy efficient and renewable energy systems; advanced fossil and carbon capture, sequestration, utilization and storage systems; energy storage; virtual power plants; and various other clean energy projects.

Through Title 17 ICE, the Loan Programs Office (LPO) provides access to debt capital for high-impact, large-scale infrastructure projects and initial commercial-scale deployments in the United States. Eligible projects must meet air pollutant or greenhouse gases emissions requirements; employ new or significantly improved technologies compared to commercial technologies in service in the United States at the time the guarantee is issued; and offer a reasonable prospect of repayment of the principal and interest on the guaranteed obligation.

The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) authorized and expanded the scope of projects eligible under Title 17 ICE, including for domestic critical minerals supply chain and State energy financing institution-backed projects. The Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) provided appropriations of \$3.6 billion to support Title 17 ICE loan guarantees, unlocking the IIJA-expanded authorities. As of February 2023, \$76.9 billion in loan guarantee authority is available to support projects eligible under Section 1703, after the FY 2023 Consolidated Appropriations Act provided an additional \$15 billion in authority. In addition, \$3.5 billion in appropriated credit subsidy is remaining.

The IRA also authorized and appropriated funds to support the Energy Infrastructure Reinvestment program (Section 1706 or EIR). The FY 2024 Budget does not request new appropriations for EIR. LPO will continue implementing EIR using IRA funding.

The FY 2024 Budget requests \$70,000,000 for administrative expenses to operate the Title 17 program. The Department estimates that \$196,524,000 will be received from fees pursuant to Section 1702(h) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 and credited as offsetting collection.

### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	ication code 089-0208-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
11.1	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time			
	permanent	12	17	26
11.9	Total personnel compensation	12	17	26
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	4	10	10
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons		1	1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges		1	2
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	30	68	78
25.3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4	4
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities		4	5
26.0	Supplies and materials	2	2	4
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	22	322	1,344
99.0	Direct obligations	73	429	1,474
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	73	429	1,474
	Employment Summary			
Identifi	ication code 089-0208-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	79	107	159

TITLE 17 INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY DIRECT LOAN FINANCING ACCOUNT

Identif	ication code 089-4455-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity: Credit program obligations:			
0710	Direct loan obligations	480	3,200	22,500
0713	Payment of interest to Treasury	20	17	22,300
0715	Interest paid to FFB	392	387	399
0740	Negative subsidy obligations	18	307	33.
0740	Downward reestimates paid to receipt accounts	294	163	
0742	Interest on downward reestimates	55	46	
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	1,259	3,813	22,899
	Dudantan annua			
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	847	631	1.086
1023	Unobligated balances applied to repay debt	-215		-,
1020	choshigatou surunces apprica to ropal, acut miniminimini			
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	632	631	1,086
	Financing authority:			
	Borrowing authority, mandatory:			
1400	Borrowing authority	626	3,200	22,508
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory:			
1800	Collected	969	906	1,23
1801	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources		162	876
1825	Spending authority from offsetting collections applied to			
	repay debt	-337		
1850	Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total)	632	1,068	2,110
1900	Budget authority (total)	1,258	4,268	24,618
	Total budgetary resources available	1,236	4,208	25,704
1330	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	1,030	4,033	23,70
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	631	1,086	2,80
	Change in obligated balance:		-,	
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	838	862	2,99
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	1,259	3,813	22,899
3020	Outlays (gross)	-1,235	-1,684	-6,77
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	862	2,991	19,119
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1			-16
3070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired		-162	-102 -876
3070	change in unconected pyints, red sources, unexpired		-102	-071
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year Memorandum (non-add) entries:		-162	-1,038
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	838	862	2,829
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	862	2,829	18,08
	Financing authority and disbursements, net:			
	Mandatory:	1.050	4.000	04.01
4090	Budget authority, gross	1,258	4,268	24,618

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4110	Financing disbursements: Outlays, gross (total) Offsets against gross financing authority and disbursements:	1,235	1,684	6,771	1800 1801	Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory: Collected			50 261
	Offsetting collections (collected) from:								311
4120 4122	Payment from program account	-22 -29	−29 −17	-350 -19	1850 1900	Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total) Budget authority (total)			3,426
4123	Interest payments	-918	-484	-478	1930	Total budgetary resources available			3,426
4123 4123	Principal payments Fees		-376 	-382 -5	1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year			311
4130	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-969	-906	-1,234	-	Change in obligated balance:			
4140	Additional offsets against financing authority only (total): Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired		-162	-876		Unpaid obligations:			
4160	Budget authority, net (mandatory)	289	3,200	22,508	3010 3020	New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross)			3,115 -478
4170	Outlays, net (mandatory)	266	778	5,537	3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year			2,637
	Budget authority, net (total)	289 266	3,200 778	22,508 5,537	3070	Uncollected payments: Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired			-261
-	0				3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year			-261 -261
	Status of Direct Loans (in millions of	of dollars)				Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
Identif	cation code 089-4455-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.	3200	Obligated balance, end of year			2,376
1101	Position with respect to appropriations act limitation on obligations:	22.422	200.042	220.742		Financing authority and disbursements, net:			
1121 1143	Limitation available from carry-forward Unobligated limitation carried forward (P.L. xx) (-)	22,422 -21,942	326,942 -323,742	320,742 -298,242	4090	Mandatory: Budget authority, gross			3,426
1150	Total direct loan obligations	480	3,200	22,500	4110	Financing disbursements: Outlays, gross (total)			478
-			•	· · ·	7110	Offsets against gross financing authority and disbursements:			4/0
1210	Cumulative balance of direct loans outstanding: Outstanding, start of year	15,699	15,682	16,314	4120	Offsetting collections (collected) from: Federal sources			-47
1231 1251	Disbursements: Direct loan disbursements Repayments: Repayments and prepayments	464 445	1,057 -376	6,365 -382	4123	Non-Federal sources			
1261	Adjustments: Capitalized interest		8	124	4130	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)			-50
1264	Other adjustments, net (+ or -) [Payment of capitalized interest]	-36	-57	-41	4140	Additional offsets against financing authority only (total): Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired			-261
1290	Outstanding, end of year	15,682	16,314	22,380	4160	Budget authority, net (mandatory)			3,115
-				<del></del>	4170 4180	Outlays, net (mandatory)			428 3,115
	Balance Sheet (in millions of dol	llars)				Outlays, net (total)			428
Identif	cation code 089-4455-0-3-271	2021 act	tual 20	022 actual		Status of Direct Loans (in millions	of dollars)		
	ISSETS:					·			
	Federal assets:				Identifi	cation code 089-4381-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1101	Fund balances with Treasury		631	632					
	Fund balances with Treasury					Position with respect to appropriations act limitation on obligations:			3 115
1101 1106 1206	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net		631 13 12	632 13 12	1111	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority			3,115
1106	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net	·	13	13					3,115
1106 1206 1401 1402	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable	• •	13 12 15,682 72	13 12 15,682 72	1111	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations  Cumulative balance of direct loans outstanding:			3,115
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-)	· ·	13 12 15,682 72 -310	13 12 15,682 72 -310	1111	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations			
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-) Net present value of assets related to direct loans		13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444	1111 1150 1231	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations  Cumulative balance of direct loans outstanding: Disbursements: Direct loan disbursements			3,115
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-)		13 12 15,682 72 -310	13 12 15,682 72 -310	1111 1150 1231 1261	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations			3,115 478 9
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net		13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations			3,115 478 9
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-) Net present value of assets related to direct loans Total assets IABILITIES:		13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations			3,115 478 9 487
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net		13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority			3,115 478 9 487
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-)  Net present value of assets related to direct loans  Total assets IABILITIES: Federal liabilities: Debt Other Total liabilities		13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations  Cumulative balance of direct loans outstanding: Disbursements: Direct loan disbursements	RE FINANCE		3,115 478 9 487
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net		13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	RE FINANCE	and Inno	3,115 478 9 487 VATION
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-)  Net present value of assets related to direct loans  Total assets IABILITIES: Federal liabilities: Debt Other Total liabilities		13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations  Cumulative balance of direct loans outstanding: Disbursements: Direct loan disbursements  Adjustments: Capitalized interest  Outstanding, end of year	RE FINANCE		3,115 478 9 487
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net		13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290 CA	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	RE FINANCE	and Inno	3,115 478 9 487 VATION
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net		13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290 CA	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations	of dollars)	AND INNO	3,115 478 9 487 VATION 2024 est.
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net	RE FINANCE	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290 CA	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	of dollars)	AND INNO	3,115 478 9 487 VATION 2024 est.
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net  Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net  Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-)  Net present value of assets related to direct loans  Total assets  JABILITIES: Federal liabilities: Debt Other  Total liabilities JET POSITION: Cumulative results of operations  Total liabilities and net position  Total liabilities and net position Infrastructure.	RE FINANCE	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290  CA Identifi 0701 0709 0715	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority  Total direct loan obligations	of dollars) 2022 actual	2023 est.	3,115  478 9  487  VATION  2024 est.
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-)  Net present value of assets related to direct loans Total assets IABILITIES: Federal liabilities: Debt Other Total liabilities IET POSITION: Cumulative results of operations Total liabilities and net position  Total liabilities and net position  Total liabilities and Financing (in millions	RE FINANCE	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290  CA Identifi 0701 0709 0715 0900	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	of dollars) 2022 actual	2023 est.	3,115 478 9 487 VATION 2024 est. 308 10 25
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net	RE FINANCE	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290 CA Identifi 0701 0709 0715 0900	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	of dollars)  2022 actual	2023 est.	3,115  478 9  487  VATION  2024 est.  308 10 25 343
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net	RE FINANCE	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290  CA Identifi 0701 0709 0715 0900	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	of dollars)  2022 actual	2023 est.	3,115 478 9 487 VATION 2024 est. 308 10 25
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net  Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net  Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-)  Net present value of assets related to direct loans  Total assets  JABILITIES: Federal liabilities: Debt Other  Total liabilities JET POSITION: Cumulative results of operations  Total liabilities and net position  Total liabilities and Financing (in millions cation code 089–4381–0–3–271	RE FINANCE COUNT of dollars)	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290 CA Identifi  0701 0709 0715 0900	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	of dollars)  2022 actual	2023 est.  10 11	3,115  478 9  487  VATION  2024 est.  308 10 25 343
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999 CA	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-) Net present value of assets related to direct loans Total assets IABILITIES: Federal liabilities: Debt Other Total liabilities JET POSITION: Cumulative results of operations Total liabilities and net position  Total liabilities and net position  Program and Financing (in millions cation code 089–4381–0–3–271  Obligations by program activity: Credit program obligations:	RE FINANCE COUNT of dollars)	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100 16,100 2023 est.	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101 VATION	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290  CA  Identifi  0701 0709 0715 0900  1000	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	actual 2	2023 est.  10 11	3,115  478 9  487  VATION  2024 est.  308 10 25 343
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999 CA	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net	RE FINANCE COUNT of dollars)	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100 16,100 2023 est.	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101 16,101 VATION  2024 est.	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290 CA Identifi  0701 0709 0715 0900 11000 1170	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	of dollars)  2022 actual  2  3	2023 est.  10 11 2,095	3,115  478 9  487  VATION  2024 est.  308 10 25 343  2,086
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999 Identif	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net Net value of assets related to post-1991 direct loans receivable: Direct loans receivable, gross Interest receivable Allowance for subsidy cost (-) Net present value of assets related to direct loans Total assets IABILITIES: Federal liabilities: Debt Other Total liabilities JET POSITION: Cumulative results of operations Total liabilities and net position  Total liabilities and net position  Program and Financing (in millions cation code 089–4381–0–3–271  Obligations by program activity: Credit program obligations: Direct loan obligations Total new obligations, unexpired accounts  Budgetary resources:	RE FINANCE COUNT of dollars)	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100 16,100 2023 est.	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101 16,101 VATION  2024 est.	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290  CA  Identifi  0701 0709 0715 0900  1000 1170 1900	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	2022 actual 2	2023 est.  10 11	3,115  478 9  487  VATION  2024 est.  308 10 25 343
1106 1206 1401 1402 1405 1499 1999 2103 2105 2999 3300 4999 CA	Investments in U.S. securities: Receivables, net Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net	RE FINANCE COUNT of dollars) 2022 actual	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,100 15,907 193 16,100	13 12 15,682 72 -310 15,444 16,101 15,907 194 16,101 16,101 VATION  2024 est.	1111 1150 1231 1261 1290  CA  Identifi  0701 0709 0715 0900  1000 1170 1900	Direct loan obligations from current-year authority	2022 actual 2	2023 est.  10 11 2,095 2,095 2,095	3,115 478 9 487  VATION  2024 est.  308 10 25 343

# CARBON DIOXIDE TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE AND INNOVATION PROGRAM ACCOUNT—Continued

#### Program and Financing—Continued

ldentif	fication code 089-2300-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.					
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:								
	. 0								
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1		2	1					
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	2	10	343					
3020	Outlays (gross)			-6					
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	2	4	282					
3100	Obligated balance, start of year		2	1					
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	2	4	282					
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:								
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	3	2,095						
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority		7						
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances		1	6					
4020	Outlays, gross (total)		8	6					
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	3	2,095						
	Outlays, net (total)		. 8	6.5					

#### Summary of Loan Levels, Subsidy Budget Authority and Outlays by Program (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 089-2300-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
Direct loan levels supportable by subsidy budget authority:			
115001 CO2 Transportation Infrastructure Direct Loans			3,115
Direct loan subsidy (in percent):			
132001 CO2 Transportation Infrastructure Direct Loans			9.88
122000 Weighted assessment waste	0.00	0.00	0.00
132999 Weighted average subsidy rate	. 0.00	0.00	9.88
133001 CO2 Transportation Infrastructure Direct Loans			308
Direct loan subsidy outlays:			300
134001 CO2 Transportation Infrastructure Direct Loans			47
Administrative expense data:			
3510 Budget authority		36	
3580 Outlays from balances		1	8
3590 Outlays from new authority		7	

The Carbon Dioxide Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation (CIFIA) Program, established in the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, P.L. 117–58), is authorized to provide loans, loan guarantees, and grants for carbon dioxide transport infrastructure projects. CIFIA supports the manufacturing and expansion of common carrier carbon dioxide transportation infrastructure and associated components, including pipeline, shipping, rail, and other transportation infrastructure. The Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management oversees the CIFIA program, in consultation and coordination with DOE's Loan Programs Office.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 089-2300-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
11.1	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent			1
11.9 21.0	Total personnel compensation			1
25.1	Travel and transportation of persons	1	10	9
41.0 99.9	Grants, subsidies, and contributions  Total new obligations, unexpired accounts			333

## **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089–2300–0–1–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment			7

## TRIBAL ENERGY LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM

For Department of Energy administrative expenses necessary in carrying out the Tribal Energy Loan Guarantee Program, [\$2,000,000] \$6,300,000, to remain available until September 30, [2024: *Provided,* That in this fiscal year and subsequent fiscal years, under section 2602(c) of

the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (25 U.S.C. 3502(c)), the Secretary of Energy may also provide direct loans, as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a): Provided further, That such direct loans shall be made through the Federal Financing Bank, with the full faith and credit of the United States Government on the principal and interest: Provided further, That any funds previously appropriated for the cost of loan guarantees under section 2602(c) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (25 U.S.C. 3502(c)) may also be used, in this fiscal year and subsequent fiscal years, for the cost of direct loans provided under such section of such Act: Provided further, That for the cost of direct loans for the Tribal Energy Loan Guarantee Program as provided for in the preceding three provisos and for the cost of guaranteed loans for such program under section 2602(c) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (25 U.S.C. 3502(c)), \$2,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided further, That cuch costs, including the cost of modifying such loans, shall be as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a), \$2025. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

	ication code 089-0350-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity: Credit program obligations:			
0701	Direct loan subsidy		6	2
0709	Administrative expenses	2	2	6
0709	Administrative expenses		1	1
0791	Direct program activities, subtotal	2	9	9
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	2	9	ç
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	11	86	81
1001	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	11		0.
1001	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	2	4	6
	Appropriations, mandatory:			
1200	Appropriation	75		
1900	Budget authority (total)	77	4	6
1930	Total budgetary resources available	88	90	87
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	86	81	78
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	1	1	Ę
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	2	9	Ç
3020	Outlays (gross)	-2	-5	-6
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	1		
0000	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	_	5	:
	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Obligated balance start of year	1	•	
3100 3200	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Obligated balance, start of year Obligated balance, end of year	1 1	5 1 5	į
3100 3200	Obligated balance, start of year Obligated balance, end of year  Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:	1	1 5	ţ
3100	Obligated balance, start of year Obligated balance, end of year  Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary: Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	2	1 5	
3100 3200	Obligated balance, start of year	2	1 5	
3100 3200 4000	Obligated balance, start of year Obligated balance, end of year  Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary: Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	2	1 5	6
3100 3200 4000 4010	Obligated balance, start of year	2	1 5 4 2	6
3100 3200 4000 4010 4011	Obligated balance, start of year	22	1 5 4 2 1	6
3100 3200 4000 4010 4011 4020	Obligated balance, start of year	2 2 2 75	4 2 1 3	( ;
3100 3200 4000 4010 4011 4020 4090	Obligated balance, start of year	2 2 2 75	1 5 4 2 1 3	<u>.</u>

## Summary of Loan Levels, Subsidy Budget Authority and Outlays by Program (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 089-0350-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
Direct loan levels supportable by subsidy budget authority:  115001 Tribal Energy FFB Loans  Direct loan subsidy (in percent):		350	1,820
132001 Tribal Energy FFB Loans		1.69	0.08
132999 Weighted average subsidy rate	0.00	1.69	0.08
133001 Tribal Energy FFB Loans		6	2
134001 Tribal Energy FFB Loans		1	3

The Tribal Energy Loan Guarantee Program (TELGP) provides access to debt capital for tribal investment in energy projects. TELGP is authorized pursuant to section 2602 of the Energy

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Programs—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Funds—Continued 393

1290

Outstanding, end of year .....

Policy Act of 1992, as amended, to make available up to \$20 billion in loan guarantees. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017, (H.R. 244, Public Law 115–31) appropriated \$8.5 million to cover the credit subsidy costs associated with the original \$2 billion in available loan authority available prior to enactment of the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA). The IRA raised the loan guarantee limitation to \$20 billion, provided \$75 million for credit subsidy available through FY 2028 to carry out the program, and made permanent the ability for TELGP applicants to apply for direct loans via the U.S. Department of Treasury Federal Financing Bank, guaranteed by the DOE, obviating the need for a partial guarantee of a commercial lender.

The FY 2024 Budget proposes \$6,300,000 for administrative expenses to continue outreach and origination activities and to monitor the expected portfolio of TELGP projects. This funding level allows the Loan Programs Office to support economic development and tribal sovereignty and help achieve the Administration's objectives for placed-based initiatives and Justice40 investments.

# Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

	0000	0000	0004
CATION CODE U89-U35U-U-1-2/1	ZUZZ actuai	ZUZ3 est.	2024 est.
Direct obligations:			
Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent			1
Advisory and assistance services	2	3	6
Grants, subsidies, and contributions		6	2
Direct obligations	2	9	9
Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	2	9	9
	Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	Direct obligations:  Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent Advisory and assistance services 2 Grants, subsidies, and contributions 2  Direct obligations 2	Direct obligations:   Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent

## **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0350-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	2	6	13

# Tribal Indian Energy Resource Development Loan Guarantee Financing ${\bf Account}$

#### Status of Guaranteed Loans (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-4370-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Position with respect to appropriations act limitation on commitments:			
2121	Limitation available from carry-forward	20,000		
2142	Uncommitted loan guarantee limitation	-20,000		
2143	Uncommitted limitation carried forward			
2150	Total guaranteed loan commitments			
2199				
2133	dualanteed amount of guaranteed loan commitments			
	Cumulative balance of guaranteed loans outstanding:			
2210	Outstanding, start of year			
2231	Disbursements of new guaranteed loans			
2251	Repayments and prepayments			
	Adjustments:			
2261	Terminations for default that result in loans receivable			
2263	Terminations for default that result in claim payments			
2290	Outstanding, end of year			
	Memorandum:			
2299	Guaranteed amount of guaranteed loans outstanding, end of			
	yeargg,			
	Addendum:			
	Cumulative balance of defaulted guaranteed loans that result			
	in loans receivable:			
2310	Outstanding, start of year			
2331 2351				
<b>Z</b> 331	Repayments of loans receivable			
2390	Outstanding, end of year			

## TRIBAL ENERGY DIRECT LOAN FINANCING ACCOUNT

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 089-4489-0-3-271 2023	2 actual 2023	est. 2024 est.
Obligations by program activity: Credit program obligations: 0710 Direct loan obligations		350 1.820

0715	Interest paid to FFB			1
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts		350	1,821
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Financing authority:			6
	Borrowing authority, mandatory:			
1400	Borrowing authority		350	1,820
1800	Collected		1	3
1801	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources		5	-1
1850	Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total)		6	2
1900	Budget authority (total)		356	1,822
1930	Total budgetary resources available		356	1,828
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year		6	7
	Change in obligated balance:			
2000	Unpaid obligations:			200
3000 3010	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1  New obligations, unexpired accounts		350	296 1,821
3020	Outlays (gross)		–54	-422
3020	Outlays (gloss)			-422
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:		296	1,695
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1			-5
3070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired		-5	1
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year		-5	-4
2100	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			001
3100 3200	Obligated balance, start of yearObligated balance, end of year		291	291 1,691
3200	Obligated balance, end of year		231	1,031
	Financing authority and disbursements, net:			
	Mandatory:			
4090	Budget authority, gross		356	1,822
4110	Financing disbursements:			100
4110	Outlays, gross (total)		54	422
	Offsets against gross financing authority and disbursements:			
4120	Offsetting collections (collected) from:		1	1
4120	Federal sources		-1	-3
4140	Additional offsets against financing authority only (total): Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired		-5	1
4140	change in unconected pyints, red sources, unexpired			
4160	Budget authority, net (mandatory)		350	1,820
4170	Outlays, net (mandatory)		53	419
4180	Budget authority, net (total)		350	1,820
4190	Outlays, net (total)		53	419
	Status of Direct Loans (in millions of	of dollars)		
Identif	ication code 089-4489-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Position with respect to appropriations and limitation on abligations			
1121	Position with respect to appropriations act limitation on obligations: Limitation available from carry-forward		20,000	19,650
1143	Unobligated limitation carried forward (P.L. 117) (169)		-19,650	-17,830
1170	5555atoa mintation carrioa lumaia (i.E. 117/ (103)		13,000	
1150	Total direct loan obligations		350	1,820
	Cumulative balance of direct loans outstanding:			
1210	Outstanding, start of year			54
1231	Disbursements: Direct loan disbursements		54	421
1261	Adjustments: Capitalized interest			2
1000	O below Promond of the			

## TITLE 17 INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY GUARANTEED LOAN FINANCING ACCOUNT

477

54

# $\label{eq:program} \textbf{Program and Financing} \ \ (\text{in millions of dollars})$

Identif	ication code 089-4577-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity: Credit program obligations:			
0711	Default claim payments on principal		21	5
0712	Default claim payments on interest		6	7
0742	Downward reestimates paid to receipt accounts	16	11	
0743	Interest on downward reestimates	6	5	
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	22	43	12

# TITLE 17 INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY GUARANTEED LOAN FINANCING ACCOUNT—Continued

## Program and Financing—Continued

Judgetary resources: Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Financing authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory: Collected Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total) Budget authority (total) Fotal budgetary resources available Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year Unpaid obligations. Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1 New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross) Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	3 3 133 111 111	24 111 135 135 246 203	200 9. 41 133 133 34
Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	3 3 3 133 111	24 111 135 135 246 203	9: 4: 
Financing authority:  Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory:  Collected	3 3 3 133 111	24 111 135 135 246 203	9 4 133 133 34
Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory: Collected Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources  Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total) Budget authority (total) Fotal budgetary resources available Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1 New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross) Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	3 3 133 111 111	111 135 135 246 203	133 133 34
Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources  Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total) Budget authority (total)  Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year  Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1  New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross)  Unpaid obligations, end of year  Unpaid obligations, end of year  Uncollected payments:	3 3 133 111 111	111 135 135 246 203	133 133 34
Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total)  Budget authority (total)  fotal budgetary resources available  Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year  Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1  New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross)  Unpaid obligations, end of year  Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	3 3 133 111 111	135 135 246 203	133 133 34
Budget authority (total) fotal budgetary resources available Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year  Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1 New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross)  Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	3 133 111 1 1 22	135 246 203	13 34
fotal budgetary resources available	133 111 1 1 22	246	34
Unexpired unobligated balance: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1 New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross) Unpaid obligations, end of year Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	1 22		32
Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1 New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross) Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	1 22		329
Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1  New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross)  Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	22		
Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1  New obligations, unexpired accounts  Outlays (gross)  Unpaid obligations, end of year  Uncollected payments:	22		
New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross) Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	22		
Unpaid obligations, end of year	00	43	1
Uncollected payments:	-23	-42	-13
		1	
Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1  Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	_9 	_9 _111	-12 -4
Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year Memorandum (non-add) entries:	-9	-120	-16
Obligated balance, start of year	-8	_9	-11
Obligated balance, end of year	-9	-119	-16
Financing authority and disbursements, net:			
Mandatory:	2	125	120
	3	133	13
Outlays, gross (total)	23	42	12
Offsets against gross financing authority and disbursements:			
		_20	-7
		-3	-
			-1
			=; =;
	-3	-24	-9
Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired		-111	-4
Outlays, net (mandatory)	20	18	-79
			_7 <u>.</u>
·	ns of dollars)		
ation code 089-4577-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
Position with respect to appropriations act limitation on commitments:			
Limitation available from carry-forward		326,942	323,94
Uncommitted limitation carried forward		-323,942	-320,94
Total guaranteed loan commitments		3,000	3,00
Guaranteed amount of guaranteed loan commitments		2,400	3,00
Cumulative balance of guaranteed loans outstanding:			
			2,07 1,67
Repayments and prepayments	-82	-152	-24
Adjustments: Terminations for default that result in loans			
Outstanding, end of year	1,782	2,070	3,49
Memorandum:			
year	1,438	1,656	2,79
·		, .	
Addendum: Cumulative balance of defaulted guaranteed loans that result			
in loans receivable:			
			2
Outstanding, start of year		21	2
	Obligated balance, end of year	Obligated balance, end of year	Obligated balance, end of year

2364	Other adjustments, net	 6	7
2390	Outstanding, end of year	 27	27

# Balance Sheet (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 089-4577-0-3-271	2021 actual	2022 actual	
	ASSETS:			
	Federal assets:			
1101	Fund balances with Treasury	121	101	
	Investments in U.S. securities:			
1106	Receivables, net			
1501	Net value of assets related to post-1991 acquired defaulted guaranteed loans receivable: Defaulted guaranteed loans			
	receivable, gross		-	
1999	Total assets	121	101	
L	LIABILITIES:			
	Federal liabilities:			
2101	Accounts payable			
2105	Other	23	12	
2204	Non-Federal liabilities: Liabilities for loan guarantees	98	89	
2999	Total liabilities	121	101	
1	NET POSITION:			
3300	Cumulative results of operations	<u></u>		
4999	Total liabilities and net position	121	101	

## DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-0360-0-1-272	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			-
0050	Inflation Reduction Act		175	75
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts (object class 26.0)		175	75
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance:		250	70
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Budget authority:		250	75
	Appropriations, mandatory:			
1200	Appropriation	250		
1930	Total budgetary resources available	250	250	75
1041	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	250	75	
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	250	/5	
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1			75
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts		175	75
3020	Outlays (gross)			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year		75	75
0000	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			, ,
3100	Obligated balance, start of year			75
3200	Obligated balance, end of year		75	75
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Mandatory: Budget authority, gross	250		
1000	budget autility, gloss	230		
4090	Outlane grace.			
	Outlays, gross:		100	75
4090 4101 4180	Outlays from mandatory balances	250	100	75

## ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEWS

Identification code 089-2304-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
Obligations by program activity: 0010 Inflation Reduction Act		13	13
0900 Total new obligations, unexpired accounts (object class 25.1)		13	13

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Power Marketing Administration Federal Funds

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1000	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Budget authority: Appropriations, mandatory:		115	102
1200	Appropriation	115		
1930	Total budgetary resources available	115	115	102
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	115	102	89
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1			7
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts		13	13
3020	Outlays (gross)			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year  Memorandum (non-add) entries:		7	11
3100	Obligated balance, start of year			7
3200	Obligated balance, end of year		7	11
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Mandatory:			
4090	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	115		
4101	Outlays from mandatory balances		6	9
4180	Budget authority, net (total)			
4190	Outlays, net (total)		6	9

Section 50301 of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 provides funding for Department of Energy activities to facilitate timely and efficient environmental reviews and authorizations.

#### ENERGY PROJECTS

[For Department of Energy expenses necessary in carrying out community project funding activities, under the authority of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), \$221,968,652, to remain available until expended, for projects specified in the table that appears under the heading "Community Project Funding and Congressionally Directed Spending of Energy Projects" in the explanatory statement described in section 4 (in the matter preceding division A of this consolidated Act).] (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)					
Identif	ication code 089-2305-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.	
0001	Obligations by program activity:		200		
0001	Direct program activity		222		
	Budgetary resources:				
	Budget authority:				
	Appropriations, discretionary:				
1100	Appropriation		222		
1930	Total budgetary resources available		222		
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:				
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1			200	
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts		222	200	
3020	Outlays (gross)		-22	-111	
3020	Outlays (gloss)		-22		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year		200	89	
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:				
3100	Obligated balance, start of year			200	
3200	Obligated balance, end of year		200	89	
	Budget authority and outlays, net:				
	Discretionary:				
4000	Budget authority, gross		222		
	Outlays, gross:				
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority		22		
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances			111	
4020	Outlays, gross (total)		22	111	
4180	Budget authority, net (total)		222	111	
4190	Outlays, net (total)		22	111	
+130	Outlays, liet (total)				
	Object Classification (in millions o	f dollars)			
Identif	ication code 089-2305-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.	

111

Direct obligations:

Equipment .

31.0

32.0	Land and structures	<u></u>	111	
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts		222	

#### POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

#### Federal Funds

### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SOUTHEASTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

For expenses necessary for operation and maintenance of power transmission facilities and for marketing electric power and energy, including transmission wheeling and ancillary services, pursuant to section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), as applied to the southeastern power area, [\$8,173,000] \$8,449,000, including official reception and representation expenses in an amount not to exceed \$1,500, to remain available until expended: Provided, That notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302 and section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944, up to [\$8,173,000] \$8,449,000 collected by the Southeastern Power Administration from the sale of power and related services shall be credited to this account as discretionary offsetting collections, to remain available until expended for the sole purpose of funding the annual expenses of the Southeastern Power Administration: Provided further, That the sum herein appropriated for annual expenses shall be reduced as collections are received during the fiscal year so as to result in a final fiscal year [2023] 2024 appropriation estimated at not more than \$0: Provided further, That notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302, up to [\$78,696,000] \$71,850,000 collected by the Southeastern Power Administration pursuant to the Flood Control Act of 1944 to recover purchase power and wheeling expenses shall be credited to this account as offsetting collections, to remain available until expended for the sole purpose of making purchase power and wheeling expenditures: Provided further, That for purposes of this appropriation, annual expenses means expenditures that are generally recovered in the same year that they are incurred (excluding purchase power and wheeling expenses). (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0302-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0001	Obligations by program activity: Purchase Power and Wheeling	63	79	72
0001	Annual Expenses	7	8	8
0799	Total direct obligations	70	87	80
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	70	87	80
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance: Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	30	20	20
1700	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	60	87	80
	Collected			
1900	Budget authority (total)	60	87	80
1930	Total budgetary resources available	90	107	100
1041	Memorandum (non-add) entries:		00	00
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	20	20	20
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	5	9	2
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	70	87	80
3020	Outlays (gross)	-66	-94	-80
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Memorandum (non-add) entries:	9	2	2
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	5	9	2
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	9	2	2
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4000	Discretionary: Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	60	87	80
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	31	84	77
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	35	10	3
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	66	94	80
4033	Offsetting collections (collected) from: Non-Federal sources	-60	-87	-80
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-60		-80
4180 4190	Budget authority, net (total)	6	7	

The Southeastern Power Administration (Southeastern) markets power generated at 22 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' hydroelectric generating plants in an eleven State area of the Southeast. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SOUTHEASTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION—Continued Power deliveries are made by means of contracting for use of transmission facilities owned by others.

Southeastern sells wholesale power primarily to publicly and cooperatively owned electric distribution utilities. Southeastern does not own or operate any transmission facilities. Its long-term contracts provide for periodic electric rate adjustments to ensure that the Federal Government recovers the costs of operations and the capital invested in power facilities, with interest, in keeping with statutory requirements. As in past years, the budget continues to provide funding for annual expenses and purchase power and wheeling expenses through discretionary offsetting collections derived from power receipts collected to recover those expenses.

Program Direction.—Provision is made for negotiation and administration of transmission and power contracts, collection of revenues, accounting and budget activities, development of wholesale power rates, amortization of the Federal power investment, energy efficiency and competitiveness program, investigation and planning of proposed water resources projects, scheduling and dispatch of power generation, scheduling storage and release of water, administration of contractual operation requirements, and determination of methods of operating generating plants individually and in coordination with others to obtain maximum utilization of resources.

Purchase Power and Wheeling.—Provision is made for the payment of wheeling fees and for the purchase of electricity in connection with the disposal of power under contracts with utility companies. Customers are encouraged to use alternative funding mechanisms, including customer advances and net billing to finance these activities. Offsetting collections to fund these ongoing operating services are also available up to 79 million in 2023. As of the end of FY 2022, Southeastern's PPW reserve balance was \$19 million.

#### DISCRETIONARY PURCHASE POWER AND WHEELING, SOUTHEASTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

	(in millions o	of dollars)			
Limitation to collect (for tall colling in	2020 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Actual	2023 Estimate	2024 Estimate
Limitation to collect, ('up to' ceiling in appropriations language)	56 46	52 52	53 53	79 79	72 72
PPW Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	14	18	27	19	19
Collections	46 -42 18	52 -43 27	53 -61 19	79 -79 19	72 -72 19

Reimbursable Program.—The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2008 (P.L. 110–161) provided Southeastern with authority to accept advance payment from customers for reimbursable work associated with operations and maintenance activities, consistent with those authorized in section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944. Funds received from any State, municipality, corporation, association, firm, district, or individual as an advance payment for reimbursable work will be credited to Southeastern's account and remain available until expended.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-0302-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
11.1	Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	4	4	4
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	2	2	2
25.2	Purchase Power and Wheeling	63	80	73
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	1	1	1
99.0	Direct obligations	70	87	80
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	70	87	80

### **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0302-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	44	44	44

### CONTINUING FUND, SOUTHEASTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

A continuing fund maintained from receipts from the sale and transmission of electric power in the Southeastern service area is available to defray emergency expenses necessary to ensure continuity of service (16 U.S.C. 825s–2). The fund was last activated in 2018 to finance power purchases associated with heightened demand and cost spikes due to severe cold weather. Consistent with sound business practices, the Southeastern Power Administration has implemented a policy to recover all emergency costs associated with purchased power and wheeling within one year from the time funds are expended.

### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SOUTHWESTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

For expenses necessary for operation and maintenance of power transmission facilities and for marketing electric power and energy, for construction and acquisition of transmission lines,

substations and appurtenant facilities, and for administrative expenses, including official reception and representation expenses in an amount not to exceed \$1.500 in carrying out section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), as applied to the Southwestern Power Administration, [\$53,488,000] \$52,326,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302 and section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), up to [\$42,880,000] \$40,886,000 collected by the Southwestern Power Administration from the sale of power and related services shall be credited to this account as discretionary offsetting collections, to remain available until expended, for the sole purpose of funding the annual expenses of the Southwestern Power Administration: Provided further, That the sum herein appropriated for annual expenses shall be reduced as collections are received during the fiscal year so as to result in a final fiscal year [2023] 2024 appropriation estimated at not more than [\$10,608,000] \$11,440,000: Provided further, That notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302, up to [\$70,000,000] \$80,000,000 collected by the Southwestern Power Administration pursuant to the Flood Control Act of 1944 to recover purchase power and wheeling expenses shall be credited to this account as offsetting collections, to remain available until expended for the sole purpose of making purchase power and wheeling expenditures: Provided further, That for purposes of this appropriation, annual expenses means expenditures that are generally recovered in the same year that they are incurred (excluding purchase power and wheeling expenses). (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

	fication code 089–0303–0–1–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	Systems operation and maintenance		5	3
0003	Construction		15	5
0004	Program direction	2	6	3
0005	Spectrum Relocation	5	1	
0010	Annual Expenses	35	51	41
0020	Purchase Power and Wheeling	17	58	80
0200	Direct program subtotal	59	136	132
0799	Total direct obligations	59	136	132
0810	Other reimbursable activities	4	52	70
0899	Total reimbursable obligations	4	52	70
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	63	188	202
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	129	238	226
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	45	<del></del>	
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	174	238	226
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	10	11	11
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:			
1700	Collected	117	165	191
1900	Budget authority (total)	127	176	202
1930	Total budgetary resources available	301	414	428
1941	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	238	226	226
	Change in obligated balance:			
	Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	151	85	164
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	63	188	202
2020	Outlays (gross)	-84	-109	-130
	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired			
3020 3040	Recoveries of prior year unipaid obligations, unexpired			
3040	Unpaid obligations, end of year	<u>-45</u> 85	164	236
3040 3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Memorandum (non-add) entries:	85	164	236
	Unpaid obligations, end of year			
3040 3050 3100	Unpaid obligations, end of year Memorandum (non-add) entries: Obligated balance, start of year Obligated balance, end of year	85 151	164 85	236
3040 3050 3100 3200	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85	164 85 164	236 164 236
3040 3050 3100 3200	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151	164 85	236 164 236
3040 3050 3100 3200 4000	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85	164 85 164	236 164 236
3040 3050 3100 3200 4000 4010	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85 127 25	164 85 164 176 29	236 164 236 202 34
3040 3050 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85 127 25 59	164 85 164 176 29 80	236 164 236 202 34
3040 3050 3100 3200 4000 4010	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85 127 25	164 85 164 176 29	236 164 236 202 34
3040 3050 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011 4020	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85 127 25 59 84	164 85 164 176 29 80 109	236 164 236 202 34 96
3040 3050 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85 127 25 59	164 85 164 176 29 80	236 164 236 202 34
3040 3050 3100 3200 4000 4010 4020 4030	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85 127 25 59 84	164 85 164 176 29 80 109	236 164 236 202 34 96 130
3040 3050 3100 3200 4000 4010 4020 4030 4030 4040	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85 127 25 59 84	164 85 164 176 29 80 109 6 159 165	236 164 236 202 34 96 130 -6 -188
3040 3050 3100 3200 4000 4010 4011 4020 4030 4033	Unpaid obligations, end of year	85 151 85 127 25 59 84	164 85 164 176 29 80 109 6 159	236 164 236 202 34 96 130

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Power Marketing Administration—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Supplies Funds—Continued Federal Federal Federal Funds—Continued Federal Federa

Southwestern Power Administration (Southwestern) operates in a six-state area marketing and delivering renewable hydroelectric power produced at the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' dams. Southwestern operates and maintains 1,381 miles of high voltage transmission lines, 26 substations/switching stations, associated power system controls, and communication sites. Southwestern also makes modifications and constructs additions to existing facilities.

Southwestern markets and delivers its power at wholesale rates to 78 municipal utilities, 21 rural electric cooperatives, and 3 military installations. In compliance with statutory requirements, Southwestern's power sales contracts provide for periodic rate adjustments to ensure that the Federal Government recovers all costs of operations, other costs allocated to power, and the capital investments in power facilities, with interest. Southwestern is also responsible for scheduling and dispatching power and negotiating power sales contracts to meet changing customer load requirements. As in past years, the budget continues to provide funding for annual expenses and purchase power and wheeling expenses through discretionary offsetting collections derived from power receipts collected to recover those expenses.

Program Direction.—Provides compensation and all related expenses for personnel who market, deliver, operate, and maintain Southwestern's high-voltage interconnected power system and associated facilities, those that perform cyber and physical security roles, and those that administratively support these functions.

Operations and Maintenance.—Provides essential electrical and communications equipment replacements and upgrades, capitalized moveable equipment, technical services, and supplies and materials necessary for the safe, reliable, and cost effective operation and maintenance of the power system.

Purchase Power and Wheeling.—Provides for the purchase and delivery of energy to meet limited peaking power contractual obligations. Federal power receipts and alternative financing methods, including net billing, and customer advances are used to fund system-purchased power support and other contractual services. Southwestern has implemented a Purchase Power and Wheeling (PPW) risk mitigation strategy to ensure continuous operations during periods of significant drought. The strategy was developed consistent with existing authorities, and with the participation and support of Southwestern's power customers. Under this approach, Southwestern retains receipts from the recovery of purchase power and wheeling expenses within the 'up to' amount specified by Congress. The receipts retained are available until expended and are available only for PPW expenses. As of the end of FY 2022, Southwestern's PPW reserve balance was \$108 million. Customers will provide other power resources and/or purchases for the remainder of their firm loads.

#### DISCRETIONARY PURCHASE POWER AND WHEELING, SOUTHWESTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

	(in millions o	(in millions of dollars)			
	2020 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Actual	2023 Estimate <sup>1</sup>	2024 Estimate <sup>1</sup>
Limitation to collect, ('up to' ceiling in					
appropriations language)	43	34	39	70	80
Actual collections	26	34	39	70	80
PPW Unobligated balance brought forward,					
Oct 1	86	88	86	108	120
Spending authority from offsetting					
collections	26	34	70	70	80
Obligations incurred	-24	-36	-48		
PPW Unobligated balance, end of year	88	86	108	120	120

<sup>1</sup>The FY 2022 and FY 2023 Estimates assume spending authority from offsetting collections equals the 'up to' ceiling and that obligations incurred are the same amount as the spending authority for FY 2023. Actual spending authority from offsetting collections and actual obligations will be dependent upon variability in market prices for PPW and hydrological conditions in Southwestern's region, which vary significantly, are largely unpredictable, and can change quickly.

Construction.—Provides for replacement, addition or upgrade of existing infrastructure to sustain reliable delivery of power to its customers, contain annual maintenance costs, and improve overall efficiency.

 ${\it Reimbur sable Program.} \hbox{--} This activity involves services provided by Southwestern to others under various types of reimbur sable arrangements.}$ 

# Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	fication code 089-0303-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	18	17	17
11.5	Other personnel compensation	1	2	2
11.9	Total personnel compensation	19	19	19
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	7	5	5
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	1	1	2
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	1	1	1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	1	1	1
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	5		
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	20	101	96
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	1	1	1
26.0	Supplies and materials	2	2	2
31.0	Equipment	2	5	5
99.0	Direct obligations	59	136	132

99.0	Reimbursable obligations	4	52	70
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	63	188	202

# **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0303-0-1-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	11	11	11
	183	183	183

#### CONTINUING FUND, SOUTHWESTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-5649-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Budget authority, net (total)			
5080 5081	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Outstanding debt, SOY	-68 -68	-68 -68	-68 -68

A continuing fund, maintained from receipts from the sale and transmission of electric power in the Southwestern Power Administration service area, is available permanently for emergency expenses necessary to ensure continuity of electric service and continuous operation of the facilities. The fund is also available on an ongoing basis to pay for purchase power and wheeling expenses when the Administrator determines that such expenses are necessary to meet contractual obligations for the sale and delivery of power during periods of below-average generation (16 U.S.C. 825s–1 as amended further by Public Law 101–101). The fund was last activated in FY 2009 to repair and replace damaged transmission lines due to an ice storm.

# CONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION

For carrying out the functions authorized by title III, section 302(a)(1)(E) of the Act of August 4, 1977 (42 U.S.C. 7152), and other related activities including conservation and renewable resources programs as authorized, [\$299,573,000] \$313,289,000, including official reception and representation expenses in an amount not to exceed \$1,500, to remain available until expended, of which [\$299,573,000] \$313,289,000 shall be derived from the Department of the Interior Reclamation Fund: Provided, That notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302, section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), and section 1 of the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1939 (43 U.S.C. 392a), up to [\$200,841,000] \$213,417,000 collected by the Western Area Power Administration from the sale of power and related services shall be credited to this account as discretionary offsetting collections, to remain available until expended, for the sole purpose of funding the annual expenses of the Western Area Power Administration: Provided further, That the sum herein appropriated for annual expenses shall be reduced as collections are received during the fiscal year so as to result in a final fiscal year [2023] 2024 appropriation estimated at not more than [\$98,732,000] \$99,872,000, of which [\$98,732,000] \$99,872,000 is derived from the Reclamation Fund: Provided further, That notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302, up to \$475,000,000 collected by the Western Area Power Administration pursuant to the Flood Control Act of 1944 and the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 to recover purchase power and wheeling expenses shall be credited to this account as offsetting collections, to remain available until expended for the sole purpose of making purchase power and wheeling expenditures: Provided further, That for purposes of this appropriation, annual expenses means expenditures that are generally recovered in the same year that they are incurred (excluding purchase power and wheeling expenses). (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act. 2023.)

# [CONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION]

[For an additional amount for "Construction, Rehabilitation, Operation and Maintenance, Western Area Power Administration", \$520,000,000, to remain available until expended, for the purchase of power and transmission services: *Provided*, That the amount made available under this heading in this Act shall be derived from the general fund of the Treasury and shall be reimbursable from amounts collected by the Western Area Power Administration pursuant to the Flood Control Act of 1944 and the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 to recover purchase power and wheeling expenses: *Provided further*, That of the amount made available under this heading in this Act, up to \$100,000,000 may be transferred to Western Area Power Administration's Colorado River Basins Power Marketing Fund account to be used for the same purposes as outlined under this heading.] (*Disaster Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act*, 2023.)

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Identification code 089–5068–0–2–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
Obligations by program activity: 0001 Systems operation and maintenance	44	47	57

Power Marketing Administration—Continued Federal Funds—Continued

# CONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION—Continued

## Program and Financing—Continued

Identii	fication code 089–5068–0–2–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0004	Program direction	42	43	43
0010 0011	Annual Expenses Purchase Power and Wheeling	195 418	201 475	213 475
	Direct Program by Activities - Subtotal (1 level)	699	766	788
0100	Total apprating avanage		766	788
0100 0101	Total operating expenses	699 5	766	/80
0799	Total direct obligations	704	775	788
0804	Other Reimbursable	477	611	628
0809	Reimbursable program activities, subtotal	477	611	628
0899	Total reimbursable obligations	477	611	628
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	1,181	1,386	1,416
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance:	EC A	700	1 22
1000 1021	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	564 1	700	1,220
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	565	700	1,220
	Budget authority: Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	500	520	
1101	Appropriation (special or trust)	91	99	100
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089–4452]	-85		
1120	Appropriations transferred to other acct [089–0228]			
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	505	619	100
1700	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary: Collected	803	1,287	1,316
1701	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	8		
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	811	1,287	1,31
1900 1930	Budget authority (total) Total budgetary resources available	1,316 1,881	1,906 2,606	1,41 2,63
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	,	,	
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	700	1,220	1,220
	Change in obligated balance:			
3000	Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	302	439	505
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	1,181	1,386	1,416
3020	Outlays (gross)	-1,043	-1,320	-1,18
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-1		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	439	505	73
3060	Uncollected payments: Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	-54	-62	-6:
3070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired			
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-62	-62	-62
3100	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Obligated balance, start of year	248	377	443
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	377	443	67
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	1,316	1,906	1,41
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	580	821	44
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	463	499	74
4020	Outlays, gross (total) Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:	1,043	1,320	1,18
4020	Offsetting collections (collected) from:	005	000	
4030 4033	Federal sources Non-Federal sources	–225 –578	-226 -1,061	-24 -1,07
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-803	-1,287	-1,31
4050	Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-8		
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	505	619	10
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	240 505	33 610	-13
4180 4190	Budget authority, net (total)	505 240	619 33	100 -13
5080	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Outstanding appropriated debt, SOY	-11,807	-12,406	-12,406
,000	Outotailaing appropriated dobt, OUT	11,007	12,700	12,70

5081 Outstanding appropriat	d debt, EOY	-12,406	-12,406	-12,406
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The Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) markets electric power in 15 central and western states from federally owned power plants operated primarily by the Bureau of Reclamation, the Army Corps of Engineers, and the International Boundary and Water Commission. WAPA operates and maintains about 17,000 circuit-miles of high-voltage transmission lines, more than 300 substations/switchyards and associated power system controls, and communication and electrical facilities for 15 separate power projects. WAPA also constructs additions and modifications to existing facilities.

In keeping with statutory requirements, WAPA's long-term power contracts allow for periodic rate adjustments to ensure that the Federal Government recovers costs of operations, other costs allocated to power, and the capital investment in power facilities, with interest.

Power is sold to nearly 700 wholesale customers, including DOE's National Labs, more than two dozen U.S. Department of Defense installations, municipalities, cooperatives, irrigation districts, public utility districts, other State and Federal Government agencies, and private utilities. Receipts are deposited in the Reclamation Fund, the Falcon and Amistad Operating and Maintenance Fund, the General Fund, the Colorado River Dam Fund, and the Colorado River Basins Power Marketing Fund.

As in past years, the budget continues to provide funding for annual expenses and purchase power and wheeling expenses through discretionary offsetting collections derived from power receipts collected to recover those expenses.

Systems Operation and Maintenance.—Provides essential electrical and communication equipment replacements and upgrades, capitalized moveable equipment, technical services, and supplies and materials necessary for safe reliable operation and cost-effective maintenance of the power systems.

Purchase Power and Wheeling.—Provision is made for the payment of wheeling fees and for the purchase of electricity in connection with the distribution of power under contracts with utility companies. Customers are encouraged to contract for power and wheeling on their own, or use alternative funding mechanisms, including customer advances, net billing, and bill crediting to finance these activities. Ongoing operating services are also available on a reimbursable basis.

WAPA has implemented a Purchase Power and Wheeling (PPW) risk mitigation strategy to ensure continuous operations during periods of significant drought. The strategy was developed consistent with existing authorities, and with the participation and support of WAPA power customers. Under this approach, WAPA retains receipts from the recovery of purchase power and wheeling expenses within the 'up to' amount specified by Congress. The receipts retained are available until expended, and are available only for purchase power and wheeling expenses. As of the end of FY 2021, WAPA's PPW reserve balance was \$217 million.

# DISCRETIONARY PURCHASE POWER AND WHEELING, WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION (in millions of dollars)

	(III IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	ir dollars)			
Limitation to collect, ('up to' ceiling in	2019 Actual	2020 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Estimate	2023 Estimate
appropriations language)	227 171	192 192	170 170	475 475	475 475
PPW Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	362	386	217	312	787
Spending authority from offsetting collections	171 -147	192 -361	170 -418	475 –475	475 –475
PPW Receipt Authority, Unobligated balance, end of year (excluding BIL & DRS funding applied	386	217	-31	312	787
Bi-Partisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) funding applied Disaster Relief Supplemental Act (DRS)			343	71	
funding applied PPW Receipt Authority, Unobligated balance,			404	116	
end of year			312	787	903

<sup>1</sup>Excludes alternative financing for PPW.

System Construction.—WAPA's construction and rehabilitation activity emphasizes replacement and upgrades of existing infrastructure to sustain reliable power delivery to its customers, to contain annual maintenance costs, and to improve overall operational efficiency. WAPA will continue to participate in joint construction projects with customers to encourage more widespread transmission access.

Program Direction.—Provides compensation and all related expenses for the workforce that operates and maintains WAPA's high-voltage interconnected transmission system (systems operation and maintenance program), and those that plan, design, and supervise the construction of replacements, upgrades, and additions (system construction program) to the transmission facilities.

Reimbursable Program.—This program involves services provided by WAPA to others under various types of reimbursable arrangements. WAPA's reimbursable authority and partnerships also support responses to natural disasters - to restore the energy infrastructure and access to power.

WAPA will continue to spend out of the Colorado River Dam Fund for operations and maintenance activities associated with the Boulder Canyon Project via a reimbursable arrangement with the Interior Department's Bureau of Reclamation. The Colorado River Dam Fund is a revolving fund operated by the Bureau of Reclamation. Authority for WAPA to obligate directly

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Power Marketing Administration—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Funds—Continued 399

from the Colorado River Dam Fund comes from section 104(a) of the Hoover Power Plant Act of 1984.

The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) (Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, P.L. 117-58) and the FY 2023 Omnibus provided WAPA with additional resources for purchase power and wheeling.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089–5068–0–2–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	86	106	114
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	12		
11.5	Other personnel compensation	13	7	3
11.9	Total personnel compensation	111	113	117
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	39	37	40
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	3	6	7
22.0	Transportation of things	3	1	1
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	1	1	2
23.2	Rental payments to others	1	1	1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	4	7	6
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	27	29	27
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	449	500	505
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources		3	3
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment	10	9	9
26.0	Supplies and materials	11	14	21
31.0	Equipment	22	27	27
32.0	Land and structures	23	27	22
99.0	Direct obligations	704	775	788
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	477	611	628
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	1,181	1,386	1,416

## **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-5068-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	822	857	854
	353	344	346

WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION, BORROWING AUTHORITY, RECOVERY ACT

## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-4404-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0102 0811	Obligations by program activity: Transmission Infrastructure Program Projects Western Area Power Administration, Borrowing Authority, Recovery	6	6	6
0011	(Reimbursable)		9	9
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	6	15	15
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	13	15	19
1001	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	4	4	13
1001	Budget authority:	•	·	
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:			
1700	Collected	4	11	6
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory:			
1800	Collected	4	8	8
1900	Budget authority (total)	8	19	14
1930	Total budgetary resources available	21	34	33
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	15	19	18
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	20	20	22
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	6	15	15
3020	Outlays (gross)	-6	-13	-13
0020	outidjo (gross)			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	20	22	24
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	20	20	22
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	20	22	24
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
	Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	4	11	6

	Outlays, gross:			
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	2	4	2
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	2	1	3
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	4	5	5
4030	Federal sources	-2	-1	
4033	Non-Federal sources		-10	
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total)	-4	-11	-6
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)		-6	-1
4090	Budget authority, gross Outlavs, gross:	4	8	8
4100	Outlays from new mandatory authority	2	8	8
4123	Non-Federal sources	-4	-8	-8
4180	Budget authority, net (total)			
4190	Outlays, net (total)	-2	-6	-1

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (the Act) provided Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) borrowing authority for the purpose of constructing, financing, facilitating, planning, operating, maintaining, or studying construction of new or upgraded electric power transmission lines and related facilities with at least one terminus within the area served by WAPA, and for delivering or facilitating the delivery of power generated by renewable energy resources. This authority to borrow from the United States Treasury is available to WAPA on a permanent, indefinite basis, with the amount of borrowing outstanding not to exceed \$3.25 billion at any one time. WAPA established the Transmission Infrastructure Program (TIP) to manage and administer this borrowing authority and its related program requirements.

# Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-4404-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
11.1	Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	1	1	1
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	2	3	3
43.0	Interest and dividends	2	2	2
99.0	Direct obligations	5	6	6
25.1	Reimbursable obligations: Advisory and assistance services	1	9	9
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	1	9	9
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	6	15	15

# **Employment Summary**

Identif	ication code 089-4404-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	4 2	6 6	4

# EMERGENCY FUND, WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION

# $\label{eq:program} \textbf{Program and Financing} \ \ (\text{in millions of dollars})$

Identif	ication code 089-5069-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	1	1	1
1930	Total budgetary resources available	1	1	1
1941 4180	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	1	1	1
4190	Outlays, net (total)			
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
5080	Outstanding debt, SOY	-55	-55	-55
5081	Outstanding debt, EOY	-55	-55	-55

An emergency fund maintained from receipts from the sale and transmission of electric power is available to defray expenses necessary to ensure continuity of service. The fund was last activated in fiscal year 2010 to repair and replace damaged transmission lines due to severe winter storm conditions.

#### FALCON AND AMISTAD OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE FUND

For operation, maintenance, and emergency costs for the hydroelectric facilities at the Falcon and Amistad Dams, [\$6,330,000] \$3,425,000, to remain available until expended, and to be derived from the Falcon and Amistad Operating and Maintenance Fund of the Western Area Power Administration, as provided in section 2 of the Act of June 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 255): Provided, That notwithstanding the provisions of that Act and of 31 U.S.C. 3302, up to [\$6,102,000] \$3,197,000 collected by the Western Area Power Administration from the sale of power and related services from the Falcon and Amistad Dams shall be credited to this account as discretionary offsetting collections, to remain available until expended for the sole purpose of funding the annual expenses of the hydroelectric facilities of these Dams and associated Western Area Power Administration activities: Provided further, That the sum herein appropriated for annual expenses shall be reduced as collections are received during the fiscal year so as to result in a final fiscal year [2023] 2024 appropriation estimated at not more than \$228,000: Provided further, That for purposes of this appropriation, annual expenses means expenditures that are generally recovered in the same year that they are incurred: Provided further, That for fiscal year [2023] 2024, the Administrator of the Western Area Power Administration may accept up to [\$1,598,000] \$1,872,000 in funds contributed by United States power customers of the Falcon and Amistad Dams for deposit into the Falcon and Amistad Operating and Maintenance Fund, and such funds shall be available for the purpose for which contributed in like manner as if said sums had been specifically appropriated for such purpose: Provided further, That any such funds shall be available without further appropriation and without fiscal year limitation for use by the Commissioner of the United States Section of the International Boundary and Water Commission for the sole purpose of operating, maintaining, repairing, rehabilitating, replacing, or upgrading the hydroelectric facilities at these Dams in accordance with agreements reached between the Administrator, Commissioner, and the power customers. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

#### Special and Trust Fund Receipts (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 089-5178-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0100 Balance, start of year	11	11	11
2000 Total: Balances and receipts	11	11	11
5099 Balance, end of year	11	11	11

# Drogram and Einanaing (in millions of dellace)

Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)					
dentif	ication code 089–5178–0–2–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.	
	Obligations by program activity:				
0001	Annual Expenses	4	6	6	
0100	Direct program activities, subtotal	4	6	6	
0802	Reimbursable program activity - Alternative Financing	2	2	2	
1899	Total reimbursable obligations	2	2	2	
900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	6	8	8	
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:				
000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	3	4	4	
	Budget authority:				
700	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	7	0		
700	Offsetting collections	7 10	8 12	8 12	
. 330	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	10	12	12	
941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	4	4	4	
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:				
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	6	6	3	
010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	6	8	8	
020	Outlays (gross)		-11	-11	
050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Memorandum (non-add) entries:	6	3		
100	Obligated balance, start of year	6	6	3	
200	Obligated balance, end of year	6	3		
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:				
1000	Budget authority, gross	7	8	8	
	Outlays, gross:				
010 011	Outlays from new discretionary authority		5 6	5 6	
UII	Outlays from discretionary balances	6			
1020	Outlays, gross (total)	6	11	11	
033	Non-Federal sources	-7	-8	-8	
180					
1190	Outlays, net (total)	-1	3	3	

Pursuant to section 2 of the Act of June 18, 1954, as amended, Western Area Power Administration is requesting funding for the Falcon and Amistad Operating and Maintenance Fund to defray operations, maintenance, and emergency (OM&E) expenses for the hydroelectric facilities at Falcon and Amistad Dams on the Rio Grande River. Most of these funds will be made available to the United States Section of the International Boundary and Water Commission through a reimbursable agreement. Within the fund, \$200,000 is for an emergency reserve that will remain unobligated unless unanticipated expenses arise. The budget provides funding for annual expenses through discretionary offsetting collections derived from power receipts collected to recover those expenses. The budget also provides authority to use customer advances. The contributed customer funds will finance the capital replacement requirements of the projects.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-5178-0-2-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
25.3	Direct obligations: Other goods and services from Federal	4	6	6
99.0	sources Reimbursable obligations	2	2	2
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	6	8	8

#### COLORADO RIVER BASINS POWER MARKETING FUND, WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION

Identif	ication code 089-4452-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0001	IIJA	38	47	
0799	Total direct obligations	38	47	
0801	Program direction	69	79	80
0802	Equipment, Contracts and Related Expenses	147	132	455
0899	Total reimbursable obligations	216	211	535
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	254	258	535
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance:	0.1	100	101
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 Budget authority:	91	182	191
1101	Appropriations, discretionary:	0.5		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–5068] Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:	85		
1700	Collected	259	267	535
1701	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	1		
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	260	267	535
1900	Budget authority (total)	345	267	535
1930	Total budgetary resources available	436	449	726
1041	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	100	101	101
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	182	191	191
	Change in obligated balance:			
3000	Unpaid obligations:	68	83	37
3010	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	254	258	535
3020	Outlays (gross)	-239	-304	-326
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year Uncollected payments:	83	37	246
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	-1	-2	-2
3070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-1		
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year			
0000	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	-	-	-
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	67	81	35
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	81	35	244
	Budget authority and outlays, net:			
4000	Discretionary:	345	267	F2F
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	343	267	535
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	98	60	119
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	141	244	207
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	239	304	326
7020	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:	233	JU4	320
	Offsetting collections (collected) from:			
4030	Federal sources	-6	-5	-5
4033	Non-Federal sources	-253	-262	
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) $\ldots$	-259	-267	-535

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Power Marketing Administration—Continued Federal Funds—Continued Federal Funds—Continued 401

4050	Additional offsets against gross budget authority only: Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired		<u></u>	<u></u>
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	85		
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	-20	37	-209
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	85		
4190	Outlays, net (total)	-20	37	-209

Western Area Power Administration's (WAPA) operation and maintenance (O&M) and power marketing expenses for the Colorado River Storage Project, the Seedskadee Project, the Dolores Project, the Olmsted Replacement Project, and the Fort Peck Project are financed from power revenues.

Colorado River Storage Project.—WAPA markets power and operates and maintains the power transmission facilities of the Colorado River Storage Project consisting of four major storage units: Glen Canyon on the Colorado River in Arizona, Flaming Gorge on the Green River in Utah, Navajo on the San Juan River in New Mexico, and the Wayne N. Aspinall unit on the Gunnison River in Colorado.

Seedskadee Project.—This project includes WAPA's expenses for O&M, power marketing, and transmission of hydroelectric power from the Fontenelle Dam power plant in southwestern Wyoming.

Dolores Project.—This project includes WAPA's expenses for O&M, power marketing, and transmission of hydroelectric power from power plants at McPhee Dam and Towaoc Canal in southwestern Colorado.

Fort Peck Project.—Revenues collected by WAPA are used to defray operation and maintenance and power marketing expenses associated with the power generation and transmission facilities of the Fort Peck Project, and WAPA operates and maintains the transmission system and performs power marketing functions.

Olmsted Replacement Project.—This project includes WAPA's expenses for power marketing of hydroelectric power from the Olmsted Power Plant in Northern Utah.

Equipment, Contracts and Related Expenses.—WAPA operates and maintains approximately 4,000 miles of transmission lines, substations, switchyards, communications, and control equipment associated with this fund. Wholesale power is provided to utilities over interconnected high-voltage transmission systems. In keeping with statutory requirements, long-term power contracts provide for periodic rate adjustments to ensure that the Federal Government recovers all costs of O&M, and all capital invested in power, with interest. This activity provides for the supplies, materials, services, capital equipment replacements, and additions, including communications and control equipment, purchase power, transmission and wheeling services, and interest payments to the U.S. Treasury.

Program Direction.—The personnel compensation and related expenses for all these activities are quantified under Program Direction.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-4452-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
25.2	Direct obligations: Other services from non-Federal sources Reimbursable obligations: Personnel compensation:	38	47	
11.1	Full-time permanent	34	39	41
11.5	Other personnel compensation	5	3	3
11.9	Total personnel compensation	39	42	44
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	14	13	15
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	1	2	2
22.0	Transportation of things	1	2	1
23.1	Rental payments to GSA		1	1
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	2	2	2
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	7	9	8
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	107	84	413
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	15	29	19
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment	3	3	3
26.0	Supplies and materials	4	3	3
31.0	Equipment	4	9	6
32.0	Land and structures	19	9	14
43.0	Interest and dividends		3	4
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	216	211	535
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	254	258	535

## **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-4452-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
2001 Reimbursable civilian full-time equivalent employment	288	308	311

## BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION FUND

Expenditures from the Bonneville Power Administration Fund, established pursuant to Public Law 93–454, are approved for [the Colville Tribes Residents Fish Hatchery Expansion, Chief Joseph Hatchery Water Quality Project, and Umatilla Hatchery Facility Project and, in addition, for ] official reception and representation expenses in an amount not to exceed \$5,000: Provided,

That during fiscal year [2023] 2024, no new direct loan obligations may be made. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

Identif	ication code 089–4045–0–3–271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0801	Power business line	1,131	919	948
0802	Residential exchange	267	267	267
0803	Bureau of Reclamation	147	153	154
0804	Corp of Engineers	244	253	259
0805	Colville settlement / Spokane settlement	25	28	28
0806	U.S. Fish & Wildlife	33	29	32
0807	Planning council	12	12	12
8080	Fish and Wildlife	235	247	269
		· -		
0809	. 0	2,094	1,908	1,969
0811	Transmission business line	547	514	577
0812	Conservation and energy efficiency	122	151	151
0813	Interest	194	153	145
0814	Pension and health benefits	37	32	38
0010	Belok with a sum of Plant Hills		050	011
0819		900	850	911
0821	Power business line	190	281	270
0822	Transmission services	374	497	594
0824	Fish and Wildlife	16	43	41
0825	Capital Equipment	21	21	24
0826	Projects funded in advance	121	61	46
0000	8.1	700		075
0829	Reimbursable program activities, subtotal	722	903	975
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	3,716	3,661	3,855
	Budgetary resources:			_
1000	Unobligated balance:	^	•	450
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	9	9	458
1023	Unobligated balances applied to repay debt			-450
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	9	9	8
10/0	Budget authority:	J	J	0
1200	Appropriations, mandatory:	70		
1200	Appropriation	78		
1236	Appropriations applied to repay debt	-78		
	Borrowing authority, mandatory:	=00		
1400	Borrowing authority	739	842	929
	Contract authority, mandatory:			
1600	Contract authority	1,270		
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, mandatory:			
1800	Collected	4,517	4,004	4,064
1801	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	183		
1802	Offsetting collections (previously unavailable)	7	7	7
1823	New and/or unobligated balance of spending authority from			
	offsetting collections temporarily reduced	-10	-7	-7
1825	Spending authority from offsetting collections applied to			
	repay debt	-611	-736	-673
1826	Spending authority from offsetting collections applied to	2 270		
	liquidate contract authority	-2,379		
1850	Spending auth from offsetting collections, mand (total)	1,707	3,268	3,391
1900	Budget authority (total)	3,716	4,110	4,320
	Total budgetary resources available	3,725	4,119	4,328
1330	Memorandum (non-add) entries:	3,723	4,113	4,320
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	9	458	473
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	3,444	3,449	3,438
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	3,716	3,661	3,855
3020	Outlays (gross)	-3,711	-3,672	-3,855
2050		<del></del>		
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	3,449	3,438	3,438
	Uncollected payments:			
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	-316	-499	-499
3070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired			
3090	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-499	-499	-499
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	3,128	2,950	2,939
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	2,950	2,939	2,939
	Dudget outhority and actions and			
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Mandatory:			
4090	Budget authority, gross	3,716	4,110	4,320
	Outlays, gross:		, .	,- <del>-</del>
4100	Outlays from new mandatory authority	3,475	3,472	3,655
4101	Outlays from mandatory balances	236	200	200
		·		
4110	Outlays, gross (total)	3,711	3,672	3,855

402 Power Marketing Administration—Continued Federal Funds—Continued

# BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION FUND—Continued Program and Financing—Continued

Identif	ication code 089-4045-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays:			
4100	Offsetting collections (collected) from:	50	00	00
4120	Federal sources	-56	-90	-90
4121	Interest on Federal securities	-9	-10	
4123	Non-Federal sources	-4,452	-3,904	-3,974
4130	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:	-4,517	-4,004	-4,064
4140	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-183		<u></u>
4160	Budget authority, net (mandatory)	-984	106	256
4170	Outlays, net (mandatory)	-806	-332	-209
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	-984	106	256
4190	Outlays, net (total)	-806	-332	-209
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
5000	T. I		1,619	437
5001	Total investments, EOY: Federal securities: Par value	1,619	437	437
5052	Obligated balance, SOY: Contract authority	2.379	1,270	1,270
5053	Obligated balance, EOY: Contract authority	1.270	1.270	1.270
5090	Unexpired unavailable balance, SOY: Offsetting collections	7	10	10
5092	Unexpired unavailable balance, EOY: Offsetting collections	10	10	10

#### Status of Direct Loans (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-4045-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1210	Cumulative balance of direct loans outstanding: Outstanding, start of year	2	2	2
1290	Outstanding, end of year	2	2	2

Bonneville Power Administration (BPA) is a Federal electric power marketing agency in the Pacific Northwest. BPA markets hydroelectric power from 21 multipurpose water resource projects of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and 10 projects of the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, plus some energy from non-Federal generating projects in the region. These generating resources and BPA's transmission system are operated as an integrated power system with operating and financial results combined and reported as the Federal Columbia River Power System (FCRPS). BPA provides about 50 percent of the region's electric energy supply and about three-fourths of the region's high-voltage electric power transmission capacity.

BPA is responsible for meeting the net firm power requirements of its requesting customers through a variety of means, including energy conservation programs, acquisition of renewable and other resources, and power exchanges with utilities both in and outside the region.

BPA finances its operations with a business-type budget under the Government Corporation Control Act, 31 U.S.C. 9101-10, on the basis of the self-financing authority provided by the Federal Columbia River Transmission System Act of 1974 (Transmission Act) (Public Law 93-454) and the U.S. Treasury borrowing authority provided by the Transmission Act, the Pacific Northwest Electric Power Planning and Conservation Act (Pacific Northwest Power Act) (Public Law 96-501) for energy conservation, renewable energy resources, capital fish facilities, and other purposes, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-5), Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act of 2021 (section 40110) (Public Law 117-58), and other legislation. Authority to borrow from the U.S. Treasury is available to the BPA on a permanent, indefinite basis. The amount of U.S. Treasury borrowing outstanding at any time cannot exceed \$17.70 billion. Section 40110 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act of 2021, Public Law 117-58, enacted on November 15, 2021, provided the Bonneville Administrator with \$10 billion in additional permanent borrowing authority "to assist in financing acquisition and replacement of the Federal Columbia Power System and to implement the authority of the Administrator of the Bonneville Power Administration". Section 40110 specifies that the "obligation" of the \$10 billion in additional borrowing authority shall not exceed \$6 billion by fiscal year 2028. BPA is authorized by Congress to have outstanding at any time up to 413.7 billion of bonds through fiscal year 2027. Beginning in fiscal year 2023, an additional \$4 billion will become available to have outstanding for a total of \$17.7 billion. BPA finances its approximate \$4.4 billion annual cost of operations and investments primarily using power and transmission revenues and loans from the U.S. Treasury.

Operating Expenses—Transmission Services.—Provides for operating over 15,100 circuit miles of high-voltage transmissions lines and 262 substations, and for maintaining the facilities and equipment of the Bonneville transmission system in 2024.

Power Services.—Provides for the planning, contractual acquisition and oversight of reliable, cost effective resources. These resources are needed to serve BPA's portion of the region's forecasted net electric load requirements. This activity also includes protection, mitigation and enhancement of fish and wildlife affected by hydroelectric facilities on the Columbia River and its tributaries in accordance with the Pacific Northwest Power Act. This activity provides for payment of the operation and maintenance (O&M) costs allocated to power the 31 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and U.S. Bureau of Reclamation hydro projects, amortization on the capital investment in power generating facilities, and irrigation assistance at U.S. Bureau of Reclamation facilities. This activity also provides for the planning, contractual acquisition and oversight of reliable, cost effective conservation. It also provides for extending the benefits of low-cost Federal power to the residential and small farm customers of investor-owned and publicly owned

utilities, in accordance with the Pacific Northwest Power Act and for activities of the Pacific Northwest Electric Power and Conservation Planning Council required by the Pacific Northwest Power Act.

Interest.—Provides for payments to the U.S. Treasury for interest on U.S. Treasury borrowings to finance BPA's capital investments under \$17.70 billion of U.S. Treasury borrowing authority provided by the Transmission Act; the Pacific Northwest Power Act for energy conservation, renewable energy resources, capital fish facilities, and other purposes; the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009; Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act of 2021, and other legislation. Section 40110 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act of 2021, Public Law 117–58, enacted on November 15, 2021, provided the Bonneville Administrator with \$10 billion in additional permanent borrowing authority "...to assist in financing acquisition and replacement of the Federal Columbia Power System and to implement the authority of the Administrator of the Bonneville Power Administration...". Section 40110 specifies that the "obligation" of the \$10 billion in additional borrowing authority shall not exceed \$6 billion by fiscal year 2028. BPA is authorized by Congress to have outstanding at any time up to 413.7 billion of bonds through fiscal year 2027. Beginning in fiscal year 2023, an additional \$4 billion will become available to have outstanding for a total of \$17.7 billion. This interest category also includes interest on U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, BPA and U.S. Bureau of Reclamation appropriated debt.

Capital Investments—Transmission Services.—Provides for the planning, design and construction of transmission lines, substation and control system additions, replacements, and enhancements to the FCRPS transmission system for a reliable, efficient and cost-effective regional transmission system. Provides for planning, design, and construction work to repair or replace existing transmission lines, substations, control systems, and general facilities of the FCRPS transmission system.

Power Services.—Provides for direct funding of additions, improvements, and replacements at existing Federal hydroelectric projects in the Northwest. It also provides for capital investments to implement environmental activities, and protect, mitigate, and enhance fish and wildlife affected by hydroelectric facilities on the Columbia River and its tributaries, in accordance with the Pacific Northwest Power Act. This activity provides for the planning, contractual acquisition and oversight of reliable, cost effective conservation.

Capital Equipment/Capitalized Bond Premium.—Provides for capital information technologies, office furniture and equipment, and software capital development in support of all BPA programs. It also provides for bond premiums incurred for refinancing of bonds.

Total Capital Obligations.—The 2024 capital obligations are estimated to be \$929.2 million. Contingencies.—Although contingencies are not specifically funded, the need may arise to provide for purchase of power in low-water years; for repair and/or replacement of facilities affected by natural and man-made emergencies, including the resulting additional costs for contracting, construction, and operation and maintenance work; for unavoidable increased costs for the planned program due to necessary but unforeseen adjustments, including engineering and design changes, contractor and other claims and relocations; or for payment of a retrospective premium adjustment in excess nuclear property insurance.

Financing.—The Transmission Act provides for the use by BPA of all receipts, collections, and recoveries in cash from all sources, including the sale of bonds, to finance the annual budget programs of BPA. These receipts result primarily from the sale of power and transmission services. The Transmission Act also provides for authority to borrow from the U.S. Treasury at rates comparable to borrowings at open market rates for similar issues. BPA has \$17.70 billion of U.S. Treasury borrowing authority provided by the Transmission Act; the Pacific Northwest Power Act for energy conservation, renewable energy resources, capital fish facilities, and other purposes; the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009; Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act of 2021, and other legislation. Section 40110 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act of 2021, Public Law 117-58, enacted on November 15, 2021, provided the Bonneville Administrator with \$10 billion in additional permanent borrowing authority "...to assist in financing acquisition and replacement of the Federal Columbia Power System and to implement the authority of the Administrator of the Bonneville Power Administration". Section 40110 specifies that the "obligation" of the \$10 billion in additional borrowing authority shall not exceed \$6 billion by fiscal year 2028. BPA is authorized by Congress to have outstanding at any time up to 413.7 billion of bonds through fiscal year 2027. Beginning in fiscal year 2023, an additional \$4 billion will become available to have outstanding for a total of \$17.7 billion. At the end of 2022, BPA had outstanding bonds with the U.S. Treasury of \$5.679million, At the end of 2022, BPA also had \$7,369.9 million of non-Federal debt outstanding, including Energy Northwest bonds. BPA will rely primarily on its U.S. Treasury borrowing authority to finance capital projects, but may also elect to use cash reserves generated by revenues from customers or seek third party financing sources when feasible to finance some of these investments.

In 2022, BPA made payments to the Treasury of \$943 million and also expects to make payments of \$965million in 2023 and \$895 million in 2024. The 2024 payment is expected to be distributed as follows: interest on bonds and appropriations (\$176 million), amortization (\$673 million), and other (\$46 million). BPA also received credits totaling approximately \$238 million applied against its Treasury payments in 2022of which \$112.30 million reflected amounts diverted to fish mitigation efforts, but not allocable to power, in the Columbia and Snake River systems.

BPA, with input from its stakeholders, considers other strategies to sustain funding for its infrastructure investment requirements as well. BPA's Financial Plan defines strategies and policies for guiding how BPA will manage risk and variability of electricity markets and water years. It also describes how BPA will continue to manage to ensure it meets its Treasury repayment responsibilities.

Direct Loans.—During 2024, no new direct loan obligations may be made.

 ${\it Operating Results.} {\it --} Total \ revenues \ are \ forecast \ at \ approximately \$4.02 \ billion \ in \ 2024.$ 

It should be noted that BPA's revenue forecasts are based on several critical assumptions about both the supply of and demand for Federal energy. During the operating year, deviation from the conditions assumed in a rate case may result in a variation in actual revenues of several hundred million dollars from the forecast.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Departmental Administration Federal Funds
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Consistent with Administration policy, BPA will continue to fully recover, from the sale of electric power and transmission, funds sufficient to cover the full cost of Civil Service Retirement System and Post-Retirement Health Benefits for its employees. The entire cost of BPA and the power share of FCRPS U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and U.S. Bureau of Reclamation employees working under the Federal Employees Retirement System is fully recovered in wholesale electric power and transmission rates.

#### Balance Sheet (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 089-4045-0-3-271	2021 actual	2022 actual
P	ISSETS:		
	Federal assets:		
1101	Fund balances with Treasury	780	10
	Investments in U.S. securities:		
1102	Treasury securities, par		1,61
1106	Receivables, net		,
1206	Non-Federal assets: Receivables, net	316	49
1601	Direct loans, gross		
1605	Accounts receivable from foreclosed property		
1699	Value of assets related to direct loans		
	Other Federal assets:		
1801	Cash and other monetary assets	20	
1802	Inventories and related properties	110	10
1803	Property, plant and equipment, net	7,739	7,97
1901	Other assets	13,144	12,53
1999	Total assets	22,109	22,82
L	IABILITIES:		
	Federal liabilities:		
2102	Interest payable	54	6
2103	Debt	5,700	5,75
	Non-Federal liabilities:		
2201	Accounts payable	524	56
2203	Debt	5,043	5,06
2207	Other	10,788	11,38
2999	Total liabilities	22,109	22,82
	IET POSITION:		
3300	Cumulative results of operations	<u></u>	
4999	Total liabilities and net position	22,109	22,82

# Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identif	ication code 089-4045-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Reimbursable obligations:			
11.1	Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	402	396	417
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	166	163	172
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	3	3	3
22.0	Transportation of things	8	8	8
23.2	Rental payments to others	35	34	36
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	13	13	13
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	104	102	108
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	2,436	2,401	2,529
25.5	Research and development contracts	4	4	4
26.0	Supplies and materials	29	29	30
31.0	Equipment	112	110	116
32.0	Land and structures	88	87	91
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	53	52	55
43.0	Interest and dividends	263	259	273
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	3,716	3,661	3,855

#### **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-4045-0-3-271	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	2,847	3,000	3,000

## DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

# Federal Funds

# DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

For salaries and expenses of the Department of Energy necessary for departmental administration in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), [\$383,578,000] \$534,053,000, to remain available until September 30, [2024] 2025, including the hire of passenger motor vehicles and official reception and representation expenses not to exceed \$30,000, plus such additional amounts as necessary to cover increases in the estimated amount of cost of work for others notwithstanding the provisions of the Anti-Deficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 1511 et seq.): *Provided*, That such increases in cost of work are offset

by revenue increases of the same or greater amount: *Provided further*, That moneys received by the Department for miscellaneous revenues estimated to total \$100,578,000 in fiscal year [2023] 2024 may be retained and used for operating expenses within this account, as authorized by section 201 of Public Law 95–238, notwithstanding the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 3302: *Provided further*, That the sum herein appropriated shall be reduced as collections are received during the fiscal year so as to result in a final fiscal year [2023] 2024 appropriation from the general fund estimated at not more than [\$283,000,000] \$433,475,000. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

Identif	ication code 089-0228-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0003	Office of the Secretary	8	7	7
0004	Office of Congressional and Intergovernmental Affairs	5	6	7
0005	Office of Public Affairs	5	6	6
0006	General Counsel	37	42	46
8000	Economic Impact and Diversity	16	34	50
0009	Chief Financial Officer	50	60	63
0010	Chief Information Officer	11	15	20
0011	Human Capital Management	28	34	34
0013	Office of Policy	18	24	52
0014	International Affairs	39	32	50
0015	Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization	3	4	5
0018	Management	58 14	66 14	81 16
0020	Project Management Oversight and Assessment Office of Technology Transitions	4		
0023	Artificial Intelligence Technology Office	3	1	
0045	Strategic partnership projects	18	16	16
0052	Ukraine Supplemental	11	19	
0002	Orianic Supplemental			
0799	Total direct obligations	328	380	453
0801	Departmental Administration (Reimbursable)	6	6	6
nann	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	334	386	459
	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	334	300	433
	Budgetary resources:			
1000	Unobligated balance:	00		100
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	86	141	139
1001	Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1	85	141	
1011 1021	Unobligated balance transfer from other acct [072–1037] Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	14 1		
1021	Necoveries of prior year unpaid obligations			
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	101	141	139
	Budget authority:			
	Appropriations, discretionary:			
1100	Appropriation	294	283	433
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0321]	8		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0318]	2		
1121 1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–2297]	5 1		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–5068] Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0213]	2		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0319]	1		
1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [003-0313]			
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	313	283	433
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:			
1700	Collected	81	101	101
1701	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources	2		
1750	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	83	101	101
1900	Budget authority (total)	396	384	534
	Total budgetary resources available	497	525	673
1000	Memorandum (non-add) entries:		020	0,0
1940	Unobligated balance expiring	-22		
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	141	139	214
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	100	142	58
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	334	386	459
3020	Outlays (gross)	-289	-470	-499
3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-1		
3041	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, expired			
3050	Unpaid obligations, end of year	142	58	18
3030	Uncollected payments:	142	30	10
3060	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1	-12	-11	-11
3070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-12 -2	-11	-11
	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	3		
	50 aoo.coa pjo, 1 ou outious, expired	J		
3071				
	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-11	-11	-11
3071 3090	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3071		-11 88 131	-11 131 47	-11 47 7

# DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION—Continued Program and Financing—Continued

Identif	ication code 089-0228-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	396	384	534
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	196	306	426
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	93	164	73
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	289	470	499
4030	Federal sources	-39	-41	-41
4033	Non-Federal sources	-42	-60	-60
4040	Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays (total) Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:	-81	-101	-101
4050	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	-2		
4060	Additional offsets against budget authority only (total)	-2		
4070	Budget authority, net (discretionary)	313	283	433
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	208	369	398
4180	Budget authority, net (total)	313	283	433
4190	Outlays, net (total)	208	369	398

Office of the Secretary (OSE).—Directs and leads the management of the Department and provides policy guidance to line and staff organizations in the accomplishment of DOE's mission. The FY 2024 request supports the Central Climate Change Coordination team responsible forcoordinating activities across DOE and other National Climate Task Force agencies' activities, including the Net-Zero Gamechanger Initiative.

Congressional and Intergovernmental Affairs (CI).—Responsible for DOE's liaison, communication, coordinating, directing, and promoting the Department's policies and legislative initiatives with Congress, State, territorial, Tribal and local government officials, and other Federal agencies.

Public Affairs (PA).—Responsible for directing and managing the Department's policies and initiatives with the public, news media, and other stakeholders. PA serves as the Department's chief spokesperson with the news media, shapes initiatives aimed at educating the press and public about DOE issues, builds and maintains the Energy.gov platform.

General Counsel (GC).—Responsible for providing legal services to all Department offices, and for determining the Department's authoritative position on any question of law with respect to all Department offices and programs, except for those belonging exclusively to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. GC is responsible for the coordination and clearance of proposed legislation affecting energy policy and Department activities. GC administers and monitors standards of conduct requirements, conducts patent program and intellectual property activities, and coordinates rulemaking actions of the Department with other Federal agencies.

Economic Impact and Diversity (ED).—Develops and executes DOE policies to implement applicable statutes and Executive Orders that impact diversity goals affecting equal employment opportunities, minority businesses, minority educational institutions, and historically underrepresented communities. ED identifies ways of ensuring that underrepresented populations are afforded an opportunity to participate fully in DOE programs. ED serves as central coordinator and departmental subject matter expert on equity and justice across the DOE complex and labs. Additionally, ED's Office of Civil Rights and Diversity will directly oversees Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) complaint processing for the entire enterprise (except for NNSA), as well as directly overseeing the affirmative employment and diversity and inclusion functions for the entire complex (except for NNSA and the PMAs). The FY 2024 requests supports the development of the DOE Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, & Accessibility (DEIA) implementation plan to align with and complement DOE's DEIA strategic plan.

Chief Financial Officer (CFO).—Assures the effective management and financial integrity of DOE programs, activities, and resources by developing, implementing, and monitoring DOE-wide policies and systems in the areas of budget administration, finance and accounting, internal controls and financial policy, corporate financial systems, and strategic planning. The FY 2024 request CFO supports Evidence Act implementation to oversee or execute evaluations that align with program evaluation standards.

Chief Information Officer (CIO).—Provides advice and assistance to the Secretary and other senior managers to ensure that information technology is acquired and information resources are managed in a manner that complies with Administration policies and procedures and statutory requirements. The FY 2024 request includes significant investments that continue to address Cybersecurity vulnerabilities, implementation of Executive Order 14028 focusing on zero trust architecture, enhanced logging, security licensing, universal encryption, and multifactor authentication, and contributions to the General Service Administration to support a new Technology Transformation Services reimbursable program.

Chief Human Capital Officer (HC).—Provides DOE leadership on the impact and use of policies, proposals, programs, partnership agreements and relationships related to all aspects of human capital management. HC seeks solutions that address workforce issues in the areas of recruiting, hiring, motivating, succession planning, competency development, training and learning, retention, and diversity.

Office of Policy (OP).—Serves as the principal policy office advising the Secretary of Energy and performing priority policy analyses across the Department's activities, focused on technology; infrastructure; state, local, and tribal activities; and energy jobs, and Arctic Energy coordination.

The FY 2024 request supports expanded capabilities to provide statistical analysis of GHG emissions to be used across the government.

International Affairs (IA).—Advises Departmental leadership on strategic implementation of U.S. international energy policy and supports DOE's mission to ensure America's security and prosperity by addressing its energy, environmental, and climate challenges through innovative science and technology solutions. IA develops and leads the Department's bilateral and multilateral R&D cooperation, connecting DOE's program offices to advantageous international relationships. IA is the Department lead on fulfilling the Agency's requirements on the Committee of Foreign Investment in the U.S., including the expanded responsibilities derived from the Foreign Investment Risk Review Modernization Act of 2018.

Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization (OSDBU).—Responsible for maximizing contracting and subcontracting opportunities for small businesses interested in doing business with the Department. A primary responsibility of OSDBU is to work in partnership with Departmental program elements to achieve prime and subcontracting small business goals set forth by statute and the U.S. Small Business Administration.

Office of Management (MA).—Provides DOE with centralized direction and oversight for the full range of management, procurement and administrative services. MA is responsible for contract management policy development and oversight, acquisition and contract administration, and delivery of procurement services to DOE headquarters organizations. MA activities include the management of headquarters facilities, Department-wide implementation of Federal sustainability goals, purchase or lease of Zero Emission Vehicles (ZEVs) within agency-owned vehicle fleets or as part of a transition from GSA-leased gas-powered vehicles to GSA-leased ZEVs, and related charging infrastructure and program costs.

Project Management Oversight and Assessment (PM).—Provides DOE corporate oversight, managerial leadership and assistance in developing and implementing DOE-wide policies, procedures, programs, and management systems pertaining to project management, and manages the project management career development program for DOE's Federal Project Directors. PM also provides independent oversight of Environmental Management's portfolio of capital asset projects that are \$100 million or greater, including all activities involved with on-site cost, schedule, technical and management status reviews, as well as analyzing and reporting performance progress of the projects. PM will also provide cost estimating and program evaluation.

Strategic Partnership Programs (SPP).—Covers the cost of work performed under orders placed with the Department by non-DOE entities that are precluded by law from making advance payments and certain revenue programs. Reimbursement of these costs is made through deposits of offsetting collections to this account.

Artificial Intelligence Technology Office (AITO).— Coordinates Artificial Intelligence capabilities utilization and research throughout the Department. In FY 2024, AITO is requested to be absorbed under Office of Science.

# Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-0228-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	100	131	138
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	8	8	9
11.5	Other personnel compensation	3	3	3
11.9	Total personnel compensation	111	142	150
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	38	49	59
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	2	3	3
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	9	10	11
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	49	51	75
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	9	9	10
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	44	49	69
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	59	60	69
26.0	Other Services	1	1	1
31.0	Equipment	5	5	5
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	1	1	1
99.0	Direct obligations	328	380	453
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	6	6	6
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	334	386	459

# **Employment Summary**

Identif	ication code 089-0228-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001	Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	897	903	925

#### OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Inspector General in carrying out the provisions of the Inspector General Act of 1978, [\$86,000,000] \$165,161,000, to remain available until [September 30, 2024] expended. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

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## Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Idontii	ication code 089–0236–0–1–276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
luelitii	ICATION CODE 069-0230-0-1-276	ZUZZ actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
0001 0050	Obligations by program activity: Office of the Inspector General Inflation Reduction Act	64	80 6	161 5
0799 0801	Total direct obligations	64	86 2	166
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	66	88	168
	Budgetary resources: Unobligated balance:			
1000 1001	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1  Discretionary unobligated balance brought fwd, Oct 1  Budget authority: Appropriations, discretionary:	5 5	56 56	68
1100 1121	Appropriation	78	86	165
1121 1121	[089–0213]  Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0318]  Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0319]	2 2 1		
1121 1121	Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–0321] Appropriations transferred from other acct [089–2297]	8 5		
1160	Appropriation, discretionary (total)	96	86	165
1170	Advance appropriation		12	10
1200	Appropriation	20	2	2
1701	Change in uncollected payments, Federal sources			
1750 1900 1930	Spending auth from offsetting collections, disc (total)	1 117 122	2 100 156	2 177 245
1941	Memorandum (non-add) entries: Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	56	68	77
	Change in obligated balance:			
3000 3010	Unpaid obligations: Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	8 66	12 88	2 168
3020	New obligations, unexpired accounts Outlays (gross)	<u>-62</u>		
3050 3060	Unpaid obligations, end of year	12 -2	2 -1	2 -1
3070	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, brought forward, Oct 1 Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired	1	<u>1</u>	<u>-1</u>
3090 3100	Uncollected pymts, Fed sources, end of year	-1 6	-1 11	-1 1
3200	Obligated balance, start of yearObligated balance, end of year	11	1	1
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	97	100	177
4010 4011	Outlays from new discretionary authority Outlays from discretionary balances	51 11	84 12	150 16
4020	Outlays, gross (total) Offsets against gross budget authority and outlays: Offsetting collections (collected) from:	62	96	166
4030	Federal sources Additional offsets against gross budget authority only:	-2	-2	-2
4050 4070	Change in uncollected pymts, Fed sources, unexpired  Budget authority, net (discretionary)	96	98	175
4080	Outlays, net (discretionary)	60	94	164
4090	Budget authority, gross Outlays, gross:	20		
4101 4180	Outlays from mandatory balances	116	2 98	2 175
4190	Outlays, net (total)	60	96	166

The Office of Inspector General (OIG) provides Department-wide (including the National Nuclear Security Administration and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission) audit, inspection, and investigative functions to identify and recommend corrections for management and administrative deficiencies, which create conditions for existing or potential instances of fraud, waste, abuse or violations of law. The audit function provides financial and performance audits of programs and operations, as well as audits of the cost incurred under the Department's management and operating contracts. The inspection function provides independent inspection and

analysis of the performance of programs and operations. The investigative function provides for the detection and investigation of improper and illegal activities involving programs, personnel, and operations. Through these efforts, the OIG identifies opportunities for cost savings and operational efficiency; identifies programs that are not meeting performance expectations; recovers monies to the Department and the Treasury as a result of civil and criminal prosecutions; and identifies ways to make Departmental programs safer and more secure.

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	fication code 089-0236-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	33	40	94
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	1	1	1
11.5	Other personnel compensation	3	3	3
11.9	Total personnel compensation	37	44	98
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	15	30	55
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	1	1	1
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	5	5	5
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	1	1	1
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	4	4	5
31.0	Equipment	1	1	1
99.0	Direct obligations	64	86	166
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	2	2	2
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	66	88	168

# **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089-0236-0-1-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
1001 Direct civilian full-time equivalent employment	275	278	602

# WORKING CAPITAL FUND

Identii	ication code 089-4563-0-4-276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
0801	Indirect WCF	1		
0802	Project management and career development program	2	2	2
0810	Supplies	1	2	2
0812	Copying Services	2	4	4
0813	Printing and graphics	4	5	5
0814	Building Occupancy (Rent, Operations & Maintenance)	99	117	119
0815	Corporate Business Systems	46	49	56
0816	Mail and Transportation Services	4	4	5
0817	Financial Statement Audits	11	12	12
0818	Procurement Management	11	16	14
0820	Telecommunication	43	38	42
0821	Overseas Presence	11	16	18
0822	Interagency Transfers	9	9	9
0823	Health Services	2	2	2
0825	Corporate Training Services	3	3	3
0826	A-123 / Internal Controls	1	2	2
0827	Pension Studies	1	1	1
0900	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	251	282	296
	Budgetary resources:			
	Unobligated balance:			
1000	Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1	49	78	78
1021	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations	11		
1070	Unobligated balance (total)	60	78	78
	Budget authority:			
	Spending authority from offsetting collections, discretionary:			
1700	Collected	269	282	282
1930	Total budgetary resources available	329	360	360
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
1941	Unexpired unobligated balance, end of year	78	78	64
	Change in obligated balance: Unpaid obligations:			
3000	Unpaid obligations, brought forward, Oct 1	138	132	
3010	New obligations, unexpired accounts	251	282	296
	Outlays (gross)	-246	-414	-282
3020				
3020 3040	Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, unexpired	-11		

406 Departmental Administration—Continued Federal Funds—Continued

# WORKING CAPITAL FUND—Continued Program and Financing—Continued

Identification code 089-4563-0-4-276		2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
	Memorandum (non-add) entries:			
3100	Obligated balance, start of year	138	132	
3200	Obligated balance, end of year	132		14
	Budget authority and outlays, net: Discretionary:			
4000	Budget authority, gross	269	282	282
4010	Outlays from new discretionary authority	100	271	271
4011	Outlays from discretionary balances	146	143	11
4020	Outlays, gross (total)	246	414	282
4030 4180	Federal sources	-269	-282	-282
4190	Outlays, net (total)	-23	132	

The Department's Working Capital Fund (WCF) provides the following shared services: rent and building operations, telecommunications, cybersecurity, automated office systems including the Standard Accounting and Reporting System, Strategic Integrated Procurement Enterprise System, payment processing, payroll and personnel processing, administrative services, training and health services, overseas representation, interagency transfers, procurement management, audits, and controls for financial reporting. The WCF assists the Department in improving operational efficiency.

# Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identi	Identification code 089-4563-0-4-276		2023 est.	2024 est.
	Reimbursable obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	11	12	13
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	1	1	1
11.5	Other personnel compensation	1	1	1
11.8	Special personal services payments	2	2	2
11.9	Total personnel compensation	15	16	17
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	5	5	6
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	1	1	1
22.0	Transportation of things	1	1	1
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	61	74	76
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	20	22	23
24.0	Printing and reproduction	3	3	3
25.1	Advisory and assistance services	39	41	43
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources	14	15	16
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources	48	54	57
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities	35	41	43
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment	1	1	1
26.0	Supplies and materials	1	1	1
31.0	Equipment	1	1	1
32.0	Land and structures	6	6	7
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	251	282	296
99.9	Total new obligations, unexpired accounts	251	282	296

# **Employment Summary**

Identification code 089–4563–0–4–276	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
2001 Reimbursable civilian full-time equivalent employment	95	107	117

# GENERAL FUND RECEIPT ACCOUNTS

(in millions of dollars)

	2022 actual	2023 est.	2024 est.
pts from the public:			
Commission	5	9	9
General Fund Proprietary Interest Receipts, not Otherwise			
Classified		4	4
	3,241	2,101	
Sale and Transmission of Electric Energy, Falcon			
Dam	1	1	1
Sale and Transmission of Electric Energy, Southwestern			
Power Administration	36	7	15
	Sale and Transmission of Electric Energy, Falcon Dam	pts from the public: Fees and Recoveries, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	pts from the public: Fees and Recoveries, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

089–224800	Sale and Transmission of Electric Energy, Southeastern	174	155	155
	Power Administration	174	155	155
089–267910	Title 17 Innovative Technology Loan Guarantees, Negative Subsidies	10	14	7
089-279530	DOE ATVM Direct Loans Downward Reestimate			
	Account	11	81	
089-279730	DOE Loan Guarantees Downward Reestimate Account	372	224	
089-288900	Repayments on Miscellaneous Recoverable Costs, not			
	Otherwise Classified	45	32	38
089-322000	All Other General Fund Proprietary Receipts Including			
	Budget Clearing Accounts	39	14	14
General Fund 0	ffsetting receipts from the public	3,934	2,642	243
Intragovernmer	ital payments:			
089-388500	Undistributed Intragovernmental Payments and			
	Receivables from Cancelled Accounts	-39		
General Fund Ir	ntragovernmental payments	-39		
-				

### GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

SEC. 301. (a) No appropriation, funds, or authority made available by this title for the Department of Energy shall be used to initiate or resume any program, project, or activity or to prepare or initiate Requests For Proposals or similar arrangements (including Requests for Quotations, Requests for Information, and Funding Opportunity Announcements) for a program, project, or activity if the program, project, or activity has not been funded by Congress.

(b)

- (1) Unless the Secretary of Energy notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress at least 3 full business days in advance, none of the funds made available in this title may be used to—
- (A) make a grant allocation or discretionary grant award totaling \$1,000,000 or more:
- (B) make a discretionary contract award or Other Transaction Agreement totaling \$1,000,000 or more, including a contract covered by the Federal Acquisition Regulation;
- (C) issue a letter of intent to make an allocation, award, or Agreement in excess of the limits in subparagraph (A) or (B); or
- (D) announce publicly the intention to make an allocation, award, or Agreement in excess of the limits in subparagraph (A) or (B).
- (2) The Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress within 15 days of the conclusion of each quarter a report detailing each grant allocation or discretionary grant award totaling less than \$1,000,000 provided during the previous quarter.
- (3) The notification required by paragraph (1) and the report required by paragraph (2) shall include the recipient of the award, the amount of the award, the fiscal year for which the funds for the award were appropriated, the account and program, project, or activity from which the funds are being drawn, the title of the award, and a brief description of the activity for which the award is made.
- (c) The Department of Energy may not, with respect to any program, project, or activity that uses budget authority made available in this title under the heading "Department of Energy—Energy Programs", enter into a multiyear contract, award a multiyear grant, or enter into a multiyear cooperative agreement unless—
  - (1) the contract, grant, or cooperative agreement is funded for the full period of performance as anticipated at the time of award; or
  - (2) the contract, grant, or cooperative agreement includes a clause conditioning the Federal Government's obligation on the availability of future year budget authority and the Secretary notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress at least 3 days in advance.
- (d) Except as provided in subsections (e), (f), and (g), the amounts made available by this title shall be expended as authorized by law for the programs, projects, and activities specified in the "Final Bill" column in the "Department of Energy" table included under the heading "Title III—Department of Energy" in the explanatory statement described in section 4 (in the matter preceding division A of this consolidated Act).
- (e) The amounts made available by this title may be reprogrammed for any program, project, or activity, and the Department shall notify [, and obtain the prior approval of,] the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress at least 30 days prior to the use of any proposed reprogramming that would cause any program, project, or activity funding level to increase or decrease by more than \$5,000,000 or 10 percent, whichever is less, during the time period covered by this Act.
- (f) None of the funds provided in this title shall be available for obligation or expenditure through a reprogramming of funds that—

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY GENERAL PROVISION—THIS TITLE 407

- (1) creates, initiates, or eliminates a program, project, or activity;
- (2) increases funds or personnel for any program, project, or activity for which funds are denied or restricted by this Act; or
- (3) reduces funds that are directed to be used for a specific program, project, or activity by this Act.

(g)

- (1) The Secretary of Energy may waive any requirement or restriction in this section that applies to the use of funds made available for the Department of Energy if compliance with such requirement or restriction would pose a substantial risk to human health, the environment, welfare, or national security.
- (2) The Secretary of Energy shall notify the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of any waiver under paragraph (1) as soon as practicable, but not later than 3 days after the date of the activity to which a requirement or restriction would otherwise have applied. Such notice shall include an explanation of the substantial risk under paragraph (1) that permitted such waiver.
- (h) The unexpended balances of prior appropriations provided for activities in this Act may be available to the same appropriation accounts for such activities established pursuant to this title. Available balances may be merged with funds in the applicable established accounts and thereafter may be accounted for as one fund for the same time period as originally enacted.
- SEC. 302. Funds appropriated by this or any other Act, or made available by the transfer of funds in this Act, for intelligence activities are deemed to be specifically authorized by the Congress for purposes of section 504 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3094) during fiscal year [2023] 2024 until the enactment of the Intelligence Authorization Act for fiscal year 2023.
- SEC. 303. None of the funds made available in this title shall be used for the construction of facilities classified as high-hazard nuclear facilities under 10 CFR Part 830 unless independent oversight is conducted by the Office of Enterprise Assessments to ensure the project is in compliance with nuclear safety requirements.
- SEC. 304. None of the funds made available in this title may be used to approve critical decision—2 or critical decision—3 under Department of Energy Order 413.3B, or any successive departmental guidance, for construction projects where the total project cost exceeds \$100,000,000, until a separate independent cost estimate has been developed for the project for that critical decision.
- SEC. 305. Notwithstanding section 161 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6241), upon a determination by the President in this fiscal year that a regional supply shortage of refined petroleum product of significant scope and duration exists, that a severe increase in the price of refined petroleum product will likely result from such shortage, and that a draw down and sale of refined petroleum product would assist directly and significantly in reducing the adverse impact of such shortage, the Secretary of Energy may draw down and sell refined petroleum product from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Proceeds from a sale under this section shall be deposited into the SPR Petroleum Account established in section 167 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6247), and such amounts shall be available for obligation, without fiscal year limitation, consistent with that section.
- SEC. 306. No funds shall be transferred directly from "Department of Energy—Power Marketing Administration—Colorado River Basins Power Marketing Fund, Western Area Power Administration" to the general fund of the Treasury in the current fiscal year.
- [SEC. 307. All unavailable collections currently in the United States Enrichment Corporation Fund shall be transferred to and merged with the Uranium Enrichment Decontamination and Decommissioning Fund and shall be available only to the extent provided in advance in appropriations Acts.]
- [SEC. 308. Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 40401(a)(2) of Public Law 117–58, paragraph (3) of section 1702(r) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16512(r)(3)) as added by section 40401(c)(2)(C) of Public Law 117–58, and subsection (l) of section 136 of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17013(l)), are hereby repealed.
- [SEC. 309. (a) Hereafter, for energy development, demonstration, and deployment programs funded under Department of Energy appropriations (other than those for the National Nuclear Security Administration and Office of Environmental Management) provided for fiscal year 2022, the current fiscal year, or any fiscal year thereafter (including by Acts other than appropriations Acts), the Secretary may vest unconditional title or other property interests acquired under projects in an award recipient, subrecipient, or successor in interest, including the United States, at the conclusion of the award period for projects receiving an initial award in fiscal year 2022 or later.
- (b) Upon vesting unconditional title pursuant to subsection (a) in an award recipient, subrecipient, or successor in interest other than the United States, the United States shall have no liabilities or obligations to the property.

(c) For purposes of this section, the term "property interest" does not include any interest in intellectual property developed using funding provided under a project.]

SEC. **[**310**]** 307. None of the funds made available in this title may be used to support a grant allocation award, discretionary grant award, or cooperative agreement that exceeds \$100,000,000 in Federal funding unless the project is carried out through internal independent project management procedures. (Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

# TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 501. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used in any way, directly or indirectly, to influence congressional action on any legislation or appropriation matters pending before Congress, other than to communicate to Members of Congress as described in 18 U.S.C. 1913.

[SEC. 502. (a) None of the funds made available in title III of this Act may be transferred to any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government, except pursuant to a transfer made by or transfer authority provided in this Act or any other appropriations Act for any fiscal year, transfer authority referenced in the explanatory statement described in section 4 (in the matter preceding division A of this consolidated Act), or any authority whereby a department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government may provide goods or services to another department, agency, or instrumentality.

- (b) None of the funds made available for any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government may be transferred to accounts funded in title III of this Act, except pursuant to a transfer made by or transfer authority provided in this Act or any other appropriations Act for any fiscal year, transfer authority referenced in the explanatory statement described in section 4 (in the matter preceding division A of this consolidated Act), or any authority whereby a department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government may provide goods or services to another department, agency, or instrumentality.
- (c) The head of any relevant department or agency funded in this Act utilizing any transfer authority shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress a semiannual report detailing the transfer authorities, except for any authority whereby a department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government may provide goods or services to another department, agency, or instrumentality, used in the previous 6 months and in the year-to-date. This report shall include the amounts transferred and the purposes for which they were transferred, and shall not replace or modify existing notification requirements for each authority 1
- SEC. **[**503**]** 502. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used in contravention of Executive Order No. 12898 of February 11, 1994 (Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations).
- SEC.  $\llbracket 504 \rrbracket 503$ . (a) None of the funds made available in this Act may be used to maintain or establish a computer network unless such network blocks the viewing, downloading, and exchanging of pornography.
- (b) Nothing in subsection (a) shall limit the use of funds necessary for any Federal, State, Tribal, or local law enforcement agency or any other entity carrying out criminal investigations, prosecution, or adjudication activities.

(Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023.)

# GENERAL PROVISION—THIS TITLE

- [SEC. 1301. (a) Of the unobligated balances from amounts deposited in the SPR Petroleum Account pursuant to section 167(b)(3) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6247(b)(3)), \$10,395,000,000 is hereby permanently rescinded not later than September 30, 2023.
- (b) Section 403(a) of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015 (Public Law 114–74) is amended by adding "and" after the semicolon in paragraph (5), striking the semicolon in paragraph (6) and inserting a period, and striking paragraphs (7) and (8)
- (c) Section 32204(a)(1) of the FAST Act (Public Law 114–94) is amended by adding "and" after the semicolon in subparagraph (A), striking the semicolon in subparagraph (B) and inserting a period, and striking subparagraphs (C) and (D).
- (d) Section 30204(a)(1) of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–123) is amended by striking the word "Reserve" and everything that follows and adding the following: "Reserve 30,000,000 barrels of crude oil during the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2027.".

(Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023.)